#### **ANNEX 1**



# Final Outturn 2023/24

**June 2024** 

This report receives scrutiny and approval from Members of Cheshire East Council. As a public report, the Council welcomes feedback to the information contained here.

Anyone wanting to comment is invited to contact the Council at:

RandC@cheshireeast.gov.uk

#### Introduction

Cheshire East Council is the third largest Council in the Northwest of England, supporting over 406,000 local people with annual capital and revenue spending of almost £800m.

Local government is going through a period of severe financial challenges as a result of increasing demand for services and rising costs due to inflation and interest rates. There is also a limit on Council Tax inceases (which represent the most significant funding element for the Council) and uncertainty over future levels of income from business rates and government grants.

Demand for Council services is increasing, with more individuals and families needing support and services than ever before. This reflects an increase in population but also reflects changes in demographics and the national cost of living increases. This demand is resulting in an outturn of £8.5m against a net revenue budget of £356.2m. The most significant impacts are within the rising costs of Adults' Social Care and Children's Social Care. In terms of comparisons to budgets these represent an overspend of £20m.

When the 2024/25 budget was set, in February 2024, it was highlighted that the use of reserves was not sustainable in the medium term. Net spending therefore needs to be contained within the estimates of expenditure that form the budget. The service budget reports for 2024/25 reported to each service committee in June 2024 for Adults and Children both highlight pressures due to demand. These will almost certainly affect the medium term finances of the Council. This situation must be addressed now and as part of the MTFS process for 2025 to 2029. The Council's transformation programme will help in identifying scope for savings but each service Director and the relevant committee will need to generate proposals to significantly reduce budgets overall.

To support openness and transparency, and provide evidence of strong governance, the report has a main section, to provide background and context, and then nine supporting appendices with detailed information about allocation and management of public money during 2023/24.

The **Financial Stability** section provides information on the overall financial stability and resilience of the Council. It demonstrates how spending in 2023/24 is being funded, including the positions on overall service budgets, centrally held budgets, Council Tax and Business Rates. Further details are contained in the appendices.

- Appendix 1 Adults and Health Committee.
- Appendix 2 Children and Families Committee.
- Appendix 3 Corporate Policy Committee.
- Appendix 4 Economy and Growth Committee.
- **Appendix 5** Environment and Communities Committee.
- Appendix 6 Highways and Transport Committee.
- Appendix 7 Finance Sub-Committee.
- Appendix 7a Update to the Treasury Management Strategy.
- **Appendix 7b** Update to the Investment Strategy.

#### Adele Taylor

Interim Director of Finance and Customer Services (Section 151 Officer)

# **Contents**

Introduction	
2023/24 Final Outturn - Financial Position	
Appendices to Final Outturn 2023/24	5
Appendix 1: Adults and Health	6
Appendix 2: Children and Families Committee	20
Appendix 3: Corporate Policy Committee	43
Appendix 4: Economy and Growth Committee	58
Appendix 5: Environment and Communities Committee	73
Appendix 6: Highways and Transport Committee	88
Appendix 7: Finance Sub-Committee	106
Appendix 7a: Treasury Management Strategy	135
Appendix 7b: Investment Strategy	147

# 2023/24 Final Outturn - Financial Position

2023/24	Revised Budget	Outturn	Variance	For further information please see the following sections
	(NET)			
	£m	£m	£m	
SERVICE DIRECTORATES				
Adults, Health and Integration	138.0	149.8	11.8	Appendix 1
Children's Services	81.9	90.1	8.2	Appendix 2
Place - Directorate/Growth & Enterprise	24.9	20.4	(4.5)	Appendix 4
Place - Environment & Neighbourhood Services	48.2	50.5	2.3	Appendix 5
Place - Highways & Infrastructure	21.1	19.6	(1.5)	Appendix 6
Corporate Services	41.9	37.3	(4.5)	Appendix 3
Total Services Net Expenditure	355.9	367.8	11.9	
CENTRAL BUDGETS				
Capital Financing	26.9	26.9	0.0	Appendix 7 Section 5
Transfer to/(from) Earmarked Reserves	(25.7)	(25.7)	0.0	Appendix 7 Section 6
Transfer from MTFS Earmarked Reserve	-	-	-	Appendix 7 Section 6
Corporate Contributions / Central Budgets	(1.0)	(3.7)	(2.8)	Appendix 7
TOTAL NET EXPENDITURE	356.2	365.3	9.1	
Business Rates Retention Scheme	(57.9)	(58.3)	(0.4)	Appendix 7 Section 2
Specific Grants	(27.3)	(27.5)	(0.2)	Appendix 7 Section 3
Council Tax	(271.0)	(271.0)		Appendix 7 Section 2
Net Funding	(356.2)	(356.7)	(0.6)	
NET (SURPLUS) / DEFICIT	(0.0)	8.5	8.5	

OFFICIAL 3 | Page

# **Financial Stability**

#### Introduction

- 1. The Council has a track record of sound financial management. Nevertheless, in common with all UK local authorities the Council finds itself in a position where pressures on the revenue budget are intensifying as a result of inflation, the legacy impact of the Coronavirus pandemic on people and on the economy and increasing cost of living pressure on households. These issues have the effect of increasing the demand for services and increasing costs of services.
- Complexity and market sustainability in Adults' and Children's Social Care remains the most significant financial pressure for the Council in the medium term. The affects of inflation on contracts, utilities and wage levels are affecting costs across all services.
- 3. **Table 1** provides a service summary of financial performance. The final outturn position shows that services were £11.9m over budget 2023/24.
- 4. It also shows that central budgets were £3.4m below budget resulting in an overall outturn of £8.5 overspend against a net revenue budget of £356.2m.
- 5. Further items impacting on the level of the Council's balances are detailed in **Appendix 7**.

**Table 1 - Service Revenue Outturn** 

	Revised		Variance		
	Budget	Outturn		Variance	Movement from FR3 to Outturn
	(NET)			FR3	
	£m	£m	£m	£000	£000
SERVICE DIRECTORATES					
Adult Social Care - Operations	143.9	158.5	14.6	4.9	9.7
Commissioning	(6.5)	(9.3)	(2.8)	0.1	(2.9)
Public Health	0.6	0.6	-	-	-
Adults and Health Committee	138.0	149.8	11.8	5.0	6.8
Directorate	1.3	0.9	(0.4)	(0.2)	(0.2)
Children's Social Care	49.6	58.2	8.6	9.2	(0.6)
Strong Start, Family Help and Integration	7.2	6.2	(1.0)	(1.0)	0.0
Education & 14-19 Skills	23.9	24.9	1.0	2.0	(1.0)
Children and Families Committee	81.9	90.1	8.2	10.0	(1.8)
Directorate	0.6	0.4	(0.2)	(0.2)	
Growth & Enterprise	24.2	20.0	(4.3)	(2.6)	(1.6)
Economy and Growth Committee	24.9	20.4	(4.5)	(2.8)	(1.6)
Environment & Neighbourhood Services	48.2	50.5	2.3	3.1	(0.8)
Environment and Communities Committee	48.2	50.5	2.3	3.1	(0.8)
	_				`
Highways & Infrastructure Highways and Transport Committee	21.1	19.6 19.6	(1.5) (1.5)	(0.2)	(1.2)
, ,			` '	` ,	, ,
Directorate	0.8	0.3	(0.54)	(0.3)	(0.3)
Finance & Customer Services	13.6	13.0	(0.66)	(0.2)	(0.5)
Governance & Compliance Services	10.4	9.5	(0.92)	(0.4)	(0.5)
Communications	0.7	0.7	(0.02)	0.0	(0.0)
HR	2.6	2.1	(0.46)	(0.4)	(0.1)
ICT	11.6	9.7	(1.90)	0.3	(2.2)
Policy & Change	2.1	2.0	(0.06)	(0.1)	0.0
Corporate Policy Committee	41.9	37.3	(4.5)	(1.0)	(3.6)
TOTAL SERVICES NET EXPENDITURE	355.9	367.8	11.9	14.1	(2.2)
CENTRAL BUDGETS					-
Capital Financing	26.9	26.9	0.0	-	0.0
Transfer to/(from) Earmarked Reserves	(25.7)	(25.7)	0.0	-	0.0
Corporate Contributions / Central Budgets	(1.0)	(3.7)	(2.8)	(1.1)	(1.7)
Finance Sub-Committee - Central Budgets	0.2	(2.5)	(2.8)	(1.1)	(1.7)
TOTAL NET EXPENDITURE	356.2	365.3	9.1	13.0	(3.9)
Business Rates Retention Scheme	(57.9)	(58.3)	(0.4)	-	(0.4)
Specific Grants	(27.3)	(27.5)	(0.2)		(0.2)
Council Tax	(271.0)	(271.0)	`-		` `-
Finance Sub-Committee - Net Funding	(356.2)	(356.7)	(0.6)		(0.6)
NET (SURPLUS) / DEFICIT	(0.0)	8.5	8.5	13.0	(4.5)



# **Appendices to Final Outturn** 2023/24

**June 2024** 

# **Appendix 1:** Adults and Health

#### **Contents**

- 1. 2023/24 Final Outturn and Commentary
- 2. Corporate Grants Register
  - **Table 1: Adults and Health Committee Grants**
  - Table 2: Committee Decision Supplementary Revenue Estimate Requests for Allocation of Additional Grant Funding (Specific Purpose) over £500,000 up to £1,000,000
  - Table 3: Additional Grant Funding (Specific Purpose) £500,000 or less
  - Table 4: Delegated Decision Additional Grant Funding (General Use) previously named in the MTFS
- 3. Debt Management
- 4. Capital Strategy
  - **Table 1: Capital Programme**
- 5. Reserves Strategy

# Appendix 1

## **Adults and Health Committee**

# 1. 2023/24 Final Outturn and Commentary

2023/24		Revised Budget (NET)	Outturn	Variance	Forecast Variance FR3	Movement from FR3 to Outturn
	P	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Adult Social Care - Operations		143,888	158,523	14,635	4,932	9,703
Commissioning		(6,484)	(9,327)	(2,843)	57	(2,900)
Public Health		642	642	-	-	-
Adults, Health and Integration		138,046	149,838	11,793	4,989	6,804

#### **Outturn Commentary**

2023/24 has been an extraordinarily difficult year for adult social care, locally and nationally as it has sought to respond to increased complexity of need, particularly amongst younger adults, increased costs arising from ongoing inflation pressures affecting care providers and the need to support the NHS with hospital discharge pressures. These issues have driven an unexpected and unfunded level of expenditure in 2023/24. Adult services finances are complex to both monitor and forecast contributing to the variance between the third financial review and the final outturn. The movement is made up of several changes as opposed to one simple reason between these two reporting points. These include planned mitigations not being able to be delivered, unsuccessful negotiations with providers in respect of price, staffing levels only being able to be partially reduced to maintain a safe service, and reductions planned for 2024/25 not being able to be brought forward into 2023/24 as both demand and complexity of service users and levels of hospital discharge have all proved challenging.

Late unanticipated changes have also affected the final position, including recharges for agency staff, write-off of uncollected income and the inability to further capitalise some revenue costs. A lot of these changes are inter-linked and making a reduction in one area can increase expenditure in other areas. Further work is underway to understand the extent to which these late changes worsen the position regarding 2024/25, with the very early analysis to date indicating most of the adverse position is already within managers current plans to address. This includes the focus on reducing the financial pressure on staffing and, reducing costs in the two main areas of care, namely working age adults with complex needs and the older people's bed-based services. However, it should be noted that 2024/25 will be extremely challenging as the levels of demand and complexity as well as prices continue to put the adult social care budget under continued pressure.

**Note:** There will be a review focussing on the specific areas where there were major variances to see whether they are a one-off variance, or if there is an underlying budget variance that needs to be addressed in 2024/25. Findings will be reported at the next Adults and Health Committee meeting.

#### **Adults and Health Committee**

#### 2. Corporate Grants Register

- 3.1 Cheshire East Council receives two main types of Government grants; specific use grants and general purpose grants. Specific use grants are held within the relevant service with a corresponding expenditure budget. Whereas general purpose grants are held in central budgets with a corresponding expenditure budget within the allocated service area.
- 3.2 Spending in relation to specific use grants must be in line with the purpose for which it is provided.
- 3.3 The grant outturn position reflects the grant values that were used during the year. This may be different than the actual amount of grant received during the year. The remaining amounts from grants that are not used in full during 2023/24 are carried forward to meet expenditure in financial year

- 2024/25. The decrease in grants since the third review is due to the change in which year the grants will be used.
- 3.4 **Table 1** provides a detailed listing of all Adults & Health related grants, their movements between the reporting period and the treatment of the grant.
- 3.5 **Table 2** shows additional specific purpose grant allocations that have been received which are over £500,000 and up to £1m, and are for Committee approval.
- 3.6 **Table 3** shows additional specific purpose grant allocations that have been received which are £500,000 or less and are for noting only.
- 3.7 **Table 4** shows delegated decisions for additional general use grants previously named within the MTFS.

.

Table 1 – CORPORATE GRANTS REGISTER

Grants 2023/24	Original Budget	Revised Forecast FR3	Final Outturn	Change from Revised Forecast FR3	Treatment of Grant
	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	Notes 2 - 5
ADULTS & HEALTH					
Specific Purpose (Held within Services)					
Additional Better Care (for Adult Social Care)	8,706	8,706	8,706	-0	
Local Authority Urgent and Emergency Care Support Fund	0	0	681	681 SI	RE
Market Sustainability and Fair Cost of Care Fund	979	979	979	0	
Market Sustainability and Fair Cost of Care Fund - top-up	2,400	2,418	2,418	0	
Market Sustainability and Fair Cost of Care Fund - Workforce Element	0	2,206	2,206	0	
Trailblazer support funding - brought-forward	0	300	300	0	
Discharge Fund	1,200	1,221	1,221	0	
Multiply - Supported Employment	0	536	550	14 SI	RE
Multiply - Supported Employment - carried-forward	0	0	-135	-135	
Supported Internship Grant	29	29	34	5 SI	RE
Asylum Dispersal Scheme - brought-forward	0	0	60	60	
Asylum Dispersal Scheme	0	590	534	-56	
Asylum Dispersal Scheme - carried-forward	0	0	-344	-344	
Syrian Resettlement Programme - brought-forward	0	0	14	14	
Afghan - Wrap Around support - brought-forward	910	672	575	-97	
Afghan - Wrap Around support	0	0	546	546 SI	RE
Afghan - Wrap Around support - carried-forward	0	0	-453	-453	
Afghan - Resettlement support - brought-forward	288	219	122	-96	
Afghan - Resettlement support	0	0	162	162 SI	RE
Afghan - Resettlement support - carried-forward	0	0	-404	-404	
Afghan - Flexible Housing Funding	0	213	256	43	
Afghan - Integration Support	0	168	179	11	
Afghan - Integration Support - carried-forward	0	0	-89	-89	
Afghan - Homelessness Funding	0	27	27	0	
Afghan - Homeless Wrap Around Funding	0	18	25	7	
Afghan - Caseworker Tariff	0	36	36	0	
Homes for Ukraine Scheme - brought-forward	0	2,214	2,124	-90	
Homes for Ukraine Scheme	0	295	723	428 SI	RE
Homes for Ukraine Scheme - carried-forward	0	0	-211	-211	
Private Finance Initiative (PFI) credits	4,125	4,125	2,836	-1,289	
Journey First and Parents First (originally provided by the European Social Fund but now DWP) - brought-forward	0	0	962	962	
Journey First and Parents First (originally provided by the European Social Fund but now DWP)	0	350	161	-189	
CQC review and assessment of LA functions for ASC 2023 to 2024	0	0	27	27 SI	RE
International recruitment fund for the adult social care sector	0	0	52	52 SI	
Total Adults & Health - Adult, Health & Integration - Specific Purpose	18,637	25,321	24,878	-443	

Grants 2023/24	Original Budget	Revised Forecast FR3	Final Outturn	Change from Revised Forecast FR3	Treatment of Grant
	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	Notes 2 - 5
ADULTS & HEALTH					
Specific Purpose (Held within Services)					
Public Health Grant	17,405	17,972	17,972	0	
COVID-19 COMF & T&T - brought-forward	0	527	527	0	
CHAMPS Health Protection / COVID-19 Recovery Funding	0	27	27	0	
OHID SSMTR Supplementary Substance Misuse Treatment & Recovery Grant	353	354	354	0	
North West Probation Service funding for SMS rehabilitative and resettlement interventions	114	114	114	0	
CHAMPS Marmot Place Funding - encourage pregnant women to stop smoking - carried-forward in	0	22	0	-22	
CHAMPS SMS - inpatient detox	46	15	15	-0	
Reducing cardio-vascular disease in Cheshire East	0	0	6	6 S	RE
Reducing cardio-vascular disease in Cheshire East - carried-forward into 2024/25	0	0	-6	-6	
DHSC unclaimed funding - coded to PH until claimed	0	0	19	19	
Total Adults & Health - Public Health - Specific Purpose	17,918	19,030	19,027	-3	
General Use (Held Corporately)					
Social Care Support Grant (Adults)	12,426	12,426	12,426	-0	
Local Reform & Community Voices	207	207	208	1	
Social Care in Prisons	73	73	63	-10	
War Pension Scheme Disregard	60	60	58	-2	
Total Adults & Health - Public Health - General Use	12,766	12,766	12,754	-12	
TOTAL ADULTS & HEALTH	49,321	57,117	56,660	-457	

#### Notes

<sup>1</sup> The Dedicated Schools Grant, Pupil Premium Grant, Sixth Form Grant and Other School Specific Grant from the Education Funding Agency (EFA) figures are based on actual anticipated allocations. Changes are for in-year increases/decreases to allocations by the DfE and conversions to academy status.

<sup>2</sup> SRE - Supplementary Revenue Estimate requested by relevant service.

<sup>3</sup> ODR - Officer Decision Record to approve immediate budget change to relevant service.

<sup>4</sup> Reserves - transfer to reserves at year end.

<sup>5</sup> Balances - amount will be included as a variance to budget.

#### **Table 2 - COMMITTEE DECISION**

Supplementary Revenue Estimate Requests for Allocation of Additional Grant Funding (Specific Purpose) over £500,000 up to £1,000,000

Committee	Year	Type of Grant	£000	Details
Adults and Health	2023/24	Local Authority Urgent and Emergency Care Support Fund (Specific Purpose)	681	This is a new grant from the Department for Levelling-Up, Housing and Communities (DLUHC). Provided to fund additional services and interventions which support urgent and emergency care performance and resilience over the 2023 to 2024 winter period.
Adults and Health	2023/24	Afghan Wrap Around support (Specific Purpose)	546	This grant is from the Home Office. Funding allocated by the Home Office to support Cheshire East with providing Afghan Wrap Around support to families.
Total Specific Purpose Allocations over £500,000 up to £1,000,000			1,227	

#### Table 3 - DECISION DELEGATED TO OFFICERS

Supplementary Revenue Estimate Requests for Allocation of Additional Grant Funding (Specific Purpose) £500,000 or less

Committee	Year	Type of Grant	£000	Details
Adults and Health	2023/24	Multiply - Supported Employment (Specific Purpose)	14	This grant is from the Department for Education (DfE) and is an increase on the Financial Review 3 forecast. Multiply is a government-funded programme to help adults improve their numeracy skills.
Adults and Health	2023/24	Supported Internship Grant (Specific Purpose)	5	This grant is from the Department for Education (DfE) and is an increase on the Financial Review 3 forecast. Cheshire East was awarded additional funding in December 2023 following a successful grant bid. It is a contribution toward expenditure incurred on supporting young people holding Education Health and Care Plans. The interventions seek to develop skills in order that the young people can secure and sustain paid employment.
Adults and Health	2023/24	Afghan - Resettlement support (Specific Purpose)	162	This grant is from the Home Office. It is a financial contribution towards expenditure incurred through resettling people under the Afghan Citizens Resettlement Scheme (ACRS) and the Afghan Relocation and Assistance Policy.

Committee	Year	Type of Grant	£000	Details
Adults and Health	2023/24	Homes for Ukraine Scheme (Specific Purpose)	428	Increase on the Financial Review 3 forecast. This grant is from the Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities (DLUHC). Funding at a rate of £5,950 per person, to provide support to families to rebuild their lives and fully integrate into communities.
Adults and Health	2023/24	CQC review and assessment of LA functions for ASC 2023 to 2024 (Specific Purpose)	27	This is a new grant from the Department for Health and Social Care. It is a non-repeating grant to provide support towards expenditure incurred by the new burden of LA's engaging with Care Quality Commission review and assessment for the first time.
Adults and Health	2023/24	International recruitment fund for the adult social care sector (Specific Purpose)	52	This is a new grant from the Department for Health and Social Care. The funding was provided to support recruitment within the adult social care sector.
Adults and Health – Public Health	2023/24	Reducing cardio-vascular disease in Cheshire East (Specific Purpose)	6	This is a new grant from the Cheshire and Merseyside Integrated Care Board. The grant has been made in order to allow work to take place that will contribute to reducing the level of cardiovascular disease in Cheshire East.
Adults and Health – Public Health	2024/25	Local stop smoking services and support	432	This is a new grant from the Office for Health Improvement and Disparities. The purpose of this grant is to support to local authorities towards

Committee	Year	Type of Grant	£000	Details
		(Specific Purpose)		expenditure lawfully incurred or to be incurred by them in connection with the provision of local stop smoking services and support.
Total Specific Purpose Allo	ocations I	ess than £500,000	1,126	

#### Table 4 - DECISION DELEGATED TO OFFICERS

Supplementary Revenue Estimate Requests for Allocation of Additional Grant Funding (General Use) previously named in the MTFS.

Committee	Year	Type of Grant	£000	Details
				On 22 <sup>nd</sup> February 2023 Council delegated authority to the Chief Finance Officer, to approve supplementary estimates if the value of any named grant changes from the figures contained within Appendix C, Annex 7 of the MTFS.
Adults and Health	2024/25	Social Care Support Grant (Adults) (Specific Purpose)	14	Increase on the MTFS 2024-28 forecast. This grant is from the Department for Levelling-Up, Housing and Communities. The purpose of the grant is to provide support to local authorities in England towards expenditure lawfully incurred or to be incurred in respect of meeting adult and children's social care needs.
Total Delegated Decision Specific Purpose Allocations previously named in the MTFS			14	

# 3. Debt Management

	Outstanding Debt £000	Over 6 months old £000
Adults and Health Committee Adults, Public Health and Communities	13,691	8,556

As at 31st March, Total Outstanding Debt was £13,691k. This is an increase from £12,212k at Third Financial Review. Debts over 6 months old have increased from £7,709k to £8,556k.

# 4. Capital Strategy

#### **Table 1 Capital Programme**

## Adults & Health CAPITAL

	CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2023/24 - 2026/27												
				Forecast Ex	penditure				Fo	orecast Fundin	g		
Scheme Description	Total Approved Budget	Prior Years £000	Outturn 2023/24 £000	Forecast Budget 2024/25 £000	Forecast Budget 2025/26 £000	Forecast Budget 2026/27 £000	Total Forecast Budget 2023-27	Grants Coi	External ntributions C £000	Revenue ontributions £000	Capital Receipts £000	Prudential Borrowing	Total Funding
Committed Schemes in progress	£000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	000£	2000	2000	2000	2000	£000	£000
Adults Services Community - Rural Shared Prosperity Electronic Call Monitoring System People Planner System Replacement Care4CE Devices	413 389 92 95	0 0 41 65	81 0 0 2	332 389 51 28	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	413 389 51 30	413 0 51 30	0 0 0	0 389 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	413 389 51 30
Total Committed Schemes	989	106	83	800	0	0	883	494	0	389	0	0	883
Total Adults and Health Schemes	989	106	83	800	0	0	883	494	0	389	0	0	883

# **5. Reserves Strategy**

#### Adults and Health Committee

Name of Reserve	Opening Balance <sup>N</sup> 1 April 2023	Forecast Novement in Reserves 2023/24	Forecast Closing Balance 31 March 2024	Notes
	£000	£000	£000	
Adult Social Care Operations				
Adults Directorate	1,020	(1,020)	0	To support a number of widespread projects within the Adults and Health Directorate. Reserve to be drawn down in-year as per plan within the MTFS.
DOL's Assessments	125	(125)	0	Reserve will be exhausted by September 2023, creating an underlying staff budget pressure within the revenue budget.
Adults Social Care Commissioning				
PFI Equalisation - Extra Care Housing	2,795	63	2,858	Surplus grant set aside to meet future payments on existing PFI contract which commenced in January 2009, and the anticipated gap at the end of the agreement.
NHB Community Grants Staffing	132	(132)	0	Initially to support administrative staffing costs in relation to Central Government's New Homes Bonus guidance for community projects.  NHB grant scheme has since ended and the reserve no longer required for this use - potential to return to support Council's overall position.
Public Health				
Public Health Reserve	3,010	(642)	2,368	Ring-fenced underspend to be invested in areas to improve performance against key targets. Including the creation of an Innovation Fund to support partners to deliver initiatives that tackle key health issues.  Anticipated that the carry forward ringfenced grant will be spent across 2023/24 to 2026/27.
ADULTS AND HEALTH TOTAL	7,082	(1,856)	5,226	

# **Appendix 2**: Children and Families Committee

#### **Contents**

- 1. 2023/24 Final Outturn and Commentary
- 2. Corporate Grants Register
  - **Table 1: Children and Families Committee Grants**
  - Table 2: Delegated Decision Additional Grant Funding (Specific Purpose) £500,000 or less
  - Table 3: Delegated Decision Additional Grant Funding (General Use) £500,000 or less
  - Table 4: Delegated Decision Additional Grant Funding (General Use) previously named in the MTFS
- 3. Debt Management
- 4. Capital Strategy
  - **Table 1: Capital Programme**
  - Table 2: Delegated Decision Supplementary Capital Estimates (SCEs) and Capital Budget Virements
  - Table 3: Requests for Supplementary Capital Estimates (SCEs) and Virements for Committee Approval

# Table 4: Requests for Supplementary Capital Estimates (SCEs) and Virements for Finance Sub Committee Approval

## **5.** Reserves Strategy

# Appendix 2

#### **Children and Families Committee**

## 1. 2023/24 Final Outturn and Commentary

2023/24	Revised Budget (NET)	Outturn	Variance	Forecast Variance FR3	Movement from FR3 to Outturn
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Directorate	1,261	871	(390)	(159)	(231)
Children's Social Care	49,589	58,181	8,592	9,152	(560)
Strong Start, Family Help and Integration	7,166	6,182	(984)	(1,014)	30
Education & 14-19 Skills	23,857	24,885	1,028	2,018	(990)
Children's Services	81,873	90,119	8,246	9,997	(1,751)

#### **Outturn Commentary:**

The Children and Families outturn position is a £8.2m overspend, an improvement of £1.8m compared to the third review forecast of a £10.0m overspend. The service has focused on delivering the identified in-year mitigations and reducing spend further where possible, resulting in an improved outturn position. Use of grants has been maximised against eligible expenditure across the directorate; income has been maximised where possible; agency and locum costs have reduced as well as holding vacant posts; the number of cared for children reduced from 586 at the start of the year to 541 at the end, however the average number of children during the year remains high at 556.75 compared to an average of 539.75 in 2022/23.

	£m
Variance at Third Review	10.0
Main Changes:	
Drawdown of grant reserve in the directorate	-0.2
Reduced staffing and lower case reviews in Safeguarding	-0.1
Increase in recoveries for Direct Payments/ Early Help Independent Payments	-0.2

Reduced staffing costs in Children's Social Care	-0.2
Reduced locums in Educational Psychologists	-0.2
Catering increased income	-0.1
Transport lower costs	-0.1
Holding vacancies, increased income and lower spend within Education	-0.6
Other	-0.1
Outturn Variance	8.2

**Note:** There will be a review focussing on the specific areas where there were major variances to see whether they are a one-off variance, or if there is an underlying budget variance that needs to be addressed in 2024/25. Findings will be reported at the next Children and Families Committee meeting.

The DSG overspend for the year was £31.7m compared to the DSG management plan forecast overspend of £42.7m. The improvement of £10.6m was mainly due to a lower level of growth at 13.5% compared to 19% within the management plan. The total DSG deficit is £78.652m at the end of 2023/24.

	£m
DSG Deficit Brought Forward	46.9
In-year DSG overspend	31.7
Total DSG deficit at end of 2023/24	78.6

#### **Children and Families Committee**

#### 2. Corporate Grants Register

- 2.1 Cheshire East Council receives two main types of Government grants; specific purpose grants and general use grants. Specific purpose grants are held within the relevant service with a corresponding expenditure budget. Whereas general use grants are held in central budgets with a corresponding expenditure budget within the allocated service area.
- 2.2 Spending in relation to specific purpose grants must be in line with the purpose for which it is provided.
- 2.3 **Table 1** provides a detailed listing of all Children and Families related grants, their movements between the reporting period and the treatment of the grant.

- 2.4 **Table 2** shows additional specific purpose grant allocations that have been received which are £500,000 or less and are for noting only.
- 2.5 **Table 3** shows additional general use grant allocations that have been received which are £500,000 or less and are for noting only.
- 2.6 **Table 4** shows Supplementary Revenue Estimate Requests for Allocation of Additional Grant Funding (General Use) previously named in the MTFS.

#### Table 1 – CORPORATE GRANTS REGISTER

Grants 2023/24	Original Budget	Revised Forecast FR3	Final Outturn	Change from Revised Forecast FR3	Treatment of Grant
	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	Notes 2 - 5
CHILDREN & FAMILIES					
Specific Purpose (Held within Services) <sup>1</sup>					
Dedicated Schools Grant	165,459	152,950	152,703	-247	
Pupil Premium Grant	4,500	4,958	4,923	-35	
Pupil Premium Plus - Post 16 Funding	0	56	56	0	
Sixth Forms Grant	2,729	2,892	2,883	-9	
Universal Infant Free School Meals (UIFSM)	1,732	1,928	1,926	-2	
Primary Physical Education Sports Grant	981	982	982	-0	
Teachers Pay Additional Grant	0	953	959	6 SR	!E
Teachers Pension Grant	0	111	112	1 SR	!E
COVID-19 Recovery Premium	0	900	742	-158	
School Led Tutoring Grant	0	295	288	-6	
School Improvement Monitoring & Brokering Grant - brought-forward	0	0	511	511	
School Improvement Monitoring & Brokering Grant - carried-forward	0	0	-364	-364	
Milk Subsidy	10	21	20	-1	
Schools' Supplementary Grant (Mainstream Schools Additional Grant)	2,548	2,543	2,543	0	
Senior Mental Health Lead Training Grant	0	2	16	13 SR	lE
Early Career Framework Grant	0	48	48	0	
S14 Experts and Mentors Programme Grant	0	7	15	8 SR	lΕ
Delivering Better Value in SEND	1,200	593	593	0	
Delivering Better Value in SEND - carried-forward	0	0	-475	-475	
Apprentice Incentive Scheme	0	2	0	-2	
Connect to the Classroom	0	3	0	-3	
National Professional Qualification Grant	0	10	10	0	
Early Years Supplementary Grant	0	1,262	1,261	-1	
Early Years Teachers Pay Additional Grant	0	87	87	0	
Mental Health Support / Return to Education Grant	0	0	21	21 SR	lΕ
Total Children & Families - Schools - Specific Purpose	179,159	170,603	169,861	-743	

ants 2023/24	Original Budget	Revised Forecast FR3	Final Outturn	Change from Revised Forecast FR3	Treatment of Grant
	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	Notes 2 - 5
Asylum Seekers	788	3,647	3,576	-71	
Supporting Families (previously Tackling Troubled Families)	0	384	366	-18	
Supporting Families (Payments by Results) Upfront Grant	719	720	720	0	
Reducing Parental Conflict Grant	0	48	43	-5	
Adoption Support Fund	28	70	54	-16	
KS2 Moderation & KS1 Phonics	11	11	11	-0	
Skills & Lifelong Learning	903	897	951	54 SF	RE
Supporting Families; Investing in Practice programme (Mockingbird Family Model)	0	0	11	11 SF	
Remand Grant	20	107	107	0	
Domestic Abuse Safe Accommodation Housing Grant - brought-forward	0	0	271	271	
Domestic Abuse Safe Accommodation Housing Grant	650	663	663	0	
Domestic Abuse Safe Accommodation Housing Grant - carried-forward	0	0	-149	-149	
Holiday Activities & Food Programme Grant	900	896	752	-145	
Extension of the Role of Virtual School Heads to children with a social worker Implementation	118	118	84	-34	
Afghanistan Resettlement (Education) Grants	0	0	177	177 SF	?F
Homes for Ukraine, education and childcare elements - brought-forward	0	0	1,223	1,223	<b>\</b> _
Homes for Ukraine, education and childcare elements	0	31	31	0	
Household Support Fund - brought-forward	0	0	171	171	
Household Support Fund	4,400	4,400	4,364	-36	
Hong Kong UK Welcome Programme (British Nationals)	4,400	4,400 53	4,304	-30 -13	
	0	82	11	-13 -71	
Early Years - Delivery Support Fund	0			-/1	
Early Years - Wraparound Childcare Programme	0	11	11	_	\_
Early Years - Professional Development Programme	•	8	21	14 SF	
Early Years - Experts and Mentors Programme	0	4	11	8 SF	(E
Early Years - Childminder Programme	0	12	12	0	
Family Hubs Transformation Funding - brought-forward	0	0	281	281	
Family Hubs Transformation Funding	0	248	433	185 SF	RE.
Family Hubs Transformation Funding - carried-forward	0	0	-492	-492	
Leaving Care Allowance Uplift Implementation Grant (New Burdens)	0	72	72	0	
Staying Close Award	0	602	602	0	
Supported Accommodation New Burdens Grant	0	174	174	0	
Enhance Programme Funding	0	150	150	0	
Safeguarding Partnership Reform Funding	0	0	47	47 SF	
Sales, Fees and Charges	0	0	33	33 SF	
Police and Crime Commission High Risk, High Harm project	0	0	42	42 SF	RE
Youth Support Grant	0	0	8	8 SF	RE
Crimebeat	0	0	1	1 SF	RE
Workforce Development Fund	0	0	51	51 SF	RE
Total Children & Families - Children's Services - Specific Purpose	8,537	13,408	14,935	1,527	

Grants 2023/24	Original Budget	Revised Forecast FR3	Final Outturn	Change from Revised Forecast FR3	Treatment of Grant
	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	Notes 2 - 5
General Use (Held Corporately)					
Social Care Support Grant (Children)	6,939	6,939	6,939	-0	
Staying Put Implementation Grant	0	130	130	0	
Extended Rights to Free Transport (Home to School Transport)	0	256	256	0	
Extended Personal Adviser Duty Implementation	0	57	57	0	
Extension of the role of Virtual School Heads	0	61	61	0	
Total Children & Families - General Use	6,939	7,443	7,443	-0	
TOTAL CHILDREN & FAMILIES	194,635	191,454	192,239	785	

#### Notes

- 1 The Dedicated Schools Grant, Pupil Premium Grant, Sixth Form Grant and Other School Specific Grant from the Education Funding Agency (EFA) figures are based on actual anticipated allocations. Changes are for in-year increases/decreases to allocations by the DfE and conversions to academy status.
- 2 SRE Supplementary Revenue Estimate requested by relevant service.
- 3 ODR Officer Decision Record to approve immediate budget change to relevant service.
- 4 Reserves transfer to reserves at year end.
- 5 Balances amount will be included as a variance to budget.

#### Table 2 - DECISION DELEGATED TO OFFICERS

Supplementary Revenue Estimate Requests for Allocation of Additional Grant Funding (Specific Purpose) £500,000 or less

Committee	Year	Type of Grant	£000	Details
Children and Families - Schools	2023/24	Teachers Pay Additional Grant (Specific Purpose)	6	Increase on Financial Review 3 forecast. This grant is from the Department for Education (DfE). In July 2023, the ESFA announced £482.5 million for schools through the teachers' pay additional grant (TPAG) in 2023 to 2024 to support schools to meet the costs of the 2023 to 2024 teachers pay award.
Children and Families - Schools	2023/24	Teachers' Pension Grant (Specific Purpose)	1	Increase on Financial Review 3 forecast. This grant is from the Education & Skills Funding Agency (ESFA). The teachers' pension employer contribution grant (TPECG) supports schools and local authorities with the cost of the increase in employer contributions to the teachers' pension scheme. Local authorities must follow the terms and conditions set out in the conditions of grant.
Children and Families - Schools	2023/24	Senior Mental Health Lead Training Grant (Specific Purpose)	13	Increase on Financial Review 3 forecast. This grant is from the Department for Education (DfE). The Department for Education (DfE) is offering a grant of £1,200 for eligible state-funded schools and colleges in England to train a senior mental health lead to develop and implement a whole school or college approach to mental health and wellbeing. This training is not compulsory, but it is part of the government's commitment to offer this training to all eligible schools and colleges by 2025. Grants will be provided to cover (or

Committee	Year	Type of Grant	£000	Details
				contribute to) the cost of attending a quality assured course and may also be used to hire supply staff whilst leads are engaged in learning.
Children and Families - Schools	2023/24	S14 Experts and Mentors Programme Grant (Specific Purpose)	8	Increase on Financial Review 3 forecast. This grant is from the Department for Education (DfE) with the view of offering early years support, delivered either face to face or virtually, by trained experts and mentors. The experts and mentors programme was rolled out nationally across England from September 2022, covering academic years 2022 to 2023 and 2023 to 2024. The experts and mentors programme supports private, voluntary or independent (PVI) nursery settings, maintained nursery schools and school-based nurseries.
Children and Families - Schools	2023/24	Mental Health Support / Return to Education Grant (Specific Purpose)	21	This is a new grant from the Department for Education (DfE). To promote the importance of good mental health in schools and embed a whole school approach to help achieve this.
Children and Families – Children's Services	2023/24	Skills & Lifelong Learning (Specific Purpose)	54	Increase of Financial Review 3 forecast. This grant is from the Department for Education (DfE). Aim of the grant is to engage adults and provide the skills and learning they need to progress into, or within, work.
Children and Families – Children's Services	2023/24	Supporting Families; Investing in Practice programme (Mockingbird Family Model)  (Specific Purpose)	11	This is a new grant from the Department for Education (DfE). The Mockingbird programme aims to replicate the support available through an extended family network via fostering families.

Committee	Year	Type of Grant	£000	Details
Children and Families – Children's Services	2023/24	Afghanistan Resettlement (Education) Grants (Specific Purpose)	177	This is a new grant from the Department for Education (DfE). It provides financial assistance to local authorities, in the form of the Afghanistan Resettlement (Education) Grant.
Children and Families – Children's Services	2023/24	Early Years - Professional Development Programme (Specific Purpose)	14	Increase of Financial Review 3 forecast. This grant is from the Department for Education (DfE). Funding has been awarded that will be used to enable settings to provide overtime payments or hire agency staff so that practitioners can attend training, and funding towards admin costs incurred by the local authorities in administering the programme.
Children and Families – Children's Services	2023/24	Early Years - Experts and Mentors Programme (Specific Purpose)	8	Increase of Financial Review 3 forecast. This grant is from the Department for Education (DfE). The experts and mentors programme supports private, voluntary or independent (PVI) nursery settings, maintained nursery schools and school-based nurseries.
Children and Families – Children's Services	2023/24	Family Hubs Transformation Funding (Specific Purpose)	185	Increase of Financial Review 3 forecast. This grant is from the Department for Education (DfE). The Department for Education (DfE) launched the £12 million family hubs transformation fund in November 2021 to support local authorities in England to open family hubs.
Children and Families – Children's Services	2023/24	Safeguarding Partnership Reform Funding (Specific Purpose)	47	This grant is a new grant from the Department for Education (DfE). The Department for Education (DfE) is investing more than £7 million, over the next 2 years to support local areas. The funding is to support changes to multi agency safeguarding

Committee	Year	Type of Grant	£000	Details	
				arrangements and build a shared understanding between agencies.	
Children and Families – Children's Services	2023/24	Sales, Fees and Charges (Specific Purpose)	33	This grant is a new grant from the Department for Levelling-up, Housing and Communities (DLUHC). Legacy payment received relating to reduced income during covid due to restrictions.	
Children and Families – Children's Services	2023/24	Police and Crime Commission High Risk, High Harm project (Specific Purpose)	42	This grant is a new grant from the Home Office via the Police and Crime Commission. The funding is for the High Risk, High Harm project tackling domestic abuse.	
Children and Families – Children's Services	2023/24	Youth Support Grant (Specific Purpose)	8	This grant is a new grant from Middlewich Town Council. It is funding for the delivery of a youth club.	
Children and Families – Children's Services	2023/24	Crimebeat (Specific Purpose)	1	This grant is a new grant from the Home Office via the Police and Crime Commission. The funding is towards Anti-Social Behaviour projects.	
Children and Families – Children's Services	2023/24	Workforce Development Fund (Specific Purpose)	51	This grant is a new grant from the Department of Health and Social Care. The grant is disseminated by Skills for Care. It supports the provision of high-quality care and the continuing professional development (CPD) of staff across the adult social care sector by providing a contribution towards the costs of vocational learning.	
Total Specific Purpose Allocations less than £500,000			680		

#### Table 3 – DECISION DELEGATED TO OFFICERS

Supplementary Revenue Estimate Requests for Allocation of Additional Grant Funding (General Use) £500,000 or less

Committee	Year	Type of Grant	£000	Details
Children and Families – Children's Services	2024/25	Extended Rights to Free Transport (Home to School Transport) (General Use)	324	This funding is from the Department for Education. The Department for Education provides additional transport funding to local authorities to support children from low-income families to be able to attend schools further from home than the statutory walking distances. The funding is paid as a non-ring-fenced grant paid via the Department for Communities and Local Government under the Local Services Support Grant (section 31 of the Local Government Act 2003).
Total General Use Allocations less than £500,000			324	

#### Table 4 - DECISION DELEGATED TO OFFICERS

Supplementary Revenue Estimate Requests for Allocation of Additional Grant Funding (General Use) previously named in the MTFS

Committee	Year	Type of Grant	£000	Details
				On 22 <sup>nd</sup> February 2023 Council delegated authority to the Chief Finance Officer, to approve supplementary estimates if the value of any named grant changes from the figures contained within Appendix C, Annex 7 of the MTFS.
Children and Families – Children's Services	2024/25	Social Care Support Grant (Children) (Specific Purpose)	8	Increase on the MTFS 2024-28 forecast. This grant is from the Department for Levelling-Up, Housing and Communities. The Social Care Grant is a grant provided to upper tier authorities for social care expenditure, on both adult and children's social care. Additional funding was announced following the consultation on the provisional local government finance settlement which state it should be used where possible to invest in areas that help place children's services on a sustainable financial footing.
Total Delegated Decision Specific Purpose Allocations previously named in the MTFS		8		

# **Children and Families Committee**

# 3. Debt Management

	Outstanding Debt £000	Over 6 months old £000
Children and Families Committee		
Children's Social Care (Incl. Directorate)	219	0
Prevention and Early Help	141	(5)
Schools	24	(1)
	384	(5)

As at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024, the majority of outstanding debt is under six months old. There is some debt over six months, netted off by credit notes, resulting in a credit balance.

## **Children and Families Committee**

## 4. Capital Strategy

## **Table 1 Capital Programme**

## Children and Families CAPITAL

CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2023/24-2026/27													
		<u>.</u>		Forecast Exp	enditure				Fo	orecast Fundin	g		
Scheme Description	Total Approved Budget	Prior Years	Outturn 2023/24	Forecast Budget 2024/25	Forecast Budget 2025/26	Forecast Budget 2026/27	Total Forecast Budget 2023/27		External contributions C		Capital Receipts	Prudential Borrowing	Total Funding
Oiu- 1 O-1 i	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Committed Schemes in progress													
Childrens Social Care													
Childcare Capital Expansion	749	0	0	749	0	0	749	749					749
Foster Carers Capacity Scheme	634	404	30	201	0	0	231					231	231
Crewe Youth Zone	4,826	395	0	3,331	1,100	0	4,431	2,231				2,200	4,431
Family Hubs Transformation	131	6	118	7	0	0	125	125					125
Children's Home Sufficiency Scheme	2,100	0	204	1,896	0	0	2,100					2,100	2,100
Strong Start, Family Help & Integration													
Beechwood Nursery Expansion	868	856	0	12	0	0	12					12	12
Early Years Sufficiency Capital Fund	1,036	913	30	93	0	0	123	123					123
Education and 14-19 Skills													
Adelaide Academy	904	39	17	848	0	0	865	695				170	865
Adelaide Heath Academy	120	0	120	0	0	0	120	120					120
Basic Need Grant Allocation	7,570	0	10	5,117	2,442	0	7,570	7,570					7,570
Brine Leas High School	701	1	4	696	0	0	700	700					700
Cledford House	100	0	11	89	0	0	100	100					100
Congleton Planning Area	4,521	639	3,882	0	0	0	3,882	1,688	1,833			361	3,882
Congleton Planning Area - Primary (1)	2,209	9	170	100	1,930	0	2,200	866	1,334				2,200
Congleton Planning Area - Primary (2)	628	66	507	55	0	0	562	562					562
Congleton Planning Area - Primary (3)	2,254	4	1	49	0	2,200	2,250	2,250					2,250
Devolved Formula Capital	1,892	0	360	893	330	310	1,892	1,886				7	1,892
Energy Efficiency Schemes	672	48	343	280	0	0	624	624					624
Expansion of Park Lane School (to expand 'in borough'	4,628	4,610	18	0	0	0	18	4	14				18
SEN school placements)	'	,											
Future Schemes - Feasibility Studies	250	0	25	225	0	0	250	250					250
Handforth Planning Area - New School	13,003	3	1	499	8,500	4,000	13,000	136	12,864				13,000
Holmes Chapel Secondary School	3,664	1,778	1,887	0	0	0	1,887	1,644	243				1,887
Little Angels Satellite Sites	29	3	18	8	0	0	26	26					26
Macclesfield Academy Resource Provision	103	3	0	100	0	0	100	100					100
Macclesfield Planning Area - secondary	1,163	1,113	35	15	0	0	50		50				50

Children and Families CAPITAL

	CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2023/24-2026/27												
				Forecast Exp	enditure	I			Forecast	t Fundin	g		
							Total						
Scheme Description	Total Approved Budget £000	Prior Years £000	Outturn 2023/24 £000	Forecast Budget 2024/25 £000	Forecast Budget 2025/26 £000	Forecast Budget 2026/27 £000	Forecast Budget 2023/27 £000	Grants C £000	External Revolutions Contributions Contributions	venue utions £000	Capital Receipts £000	Prudential Borrowing £000	Total Funding £000
Committed Schemes in progress													
Macclesfield Planning Area - Secondary New	1,031	3	3	1,025	0	0	1,028	1,028					1,028
Macclesfield Planning Area - New School	1	1	0	0	0	0	0						0
Malbank High School	1,922	1,861	36	25	0	0	61	61					61
Mobberley Primary School	1,208	23	12	1,172	0	0	1,185	885			300		1,185
Monks Coppenhall SEN Expansion	123	142	-20	0	0	0	-20	-20					-20
Nantwich Planning Area (Primary)	9,061	515	218	7,328	1,000	0	8,546	5,526	3,020				8,546
Oakfield Lodge & Stables	50	0	12	38	0	0	50	50					50
Poynton Planning Area	1,500	0	13	487	1,000	0	1,500	697	803				1,500
Provision of Sufficient School Places - SEND	7,182	293	3,568	3,322	0	0	6,890	1,361				5,528	6,890
Puss Bank SEN Expansion	532	509	11	12	0	0	23					23	23
Provision of SEN Unit - Wistaston Primary School	1,506	6	163	1,337	0	0	1,500	1,200				300	1,500
Sandbach Boys School	20	0	20	0	0	0	20	20					20
Sandbach High School - Basic Need	1,767	1,773	-6	0	0	0	-6	-6					-6
Sandbach Boys School - Basic Need	1,710	1,703	8	0	0	0	8	8					8
Sandbach Primary Academy	1,583	0	106	1,477	0	0	1,583	1,583					1,583
Sandbach Planning Area (secondary - 300 places)	4	4	0	0	0	0	0						0
School Condition Capital Grant	7,874	789	265	2,820	2,000	2,000	7,085	7,085					7,085
SEN Free School 1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1					1
SEN Free School 2	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1					1
SEN Placement Expn - Phase 2	4	4	0	0	0	0	0						0
Sen/High Needs Grant Allocation	5,379	158	10	5,211	0	0	5,222	5,222					5,222
Shavington Planning Area - Primary	8,040	131	25	625	5,000	2,259	7,909	5,549	2,360				7,909
Shavington Planning Area - Secondary	3,506	168	2,715	623	0	0	3,339	3,339					3,339
Special Provision Fund Capital Grant	722	603	29	91	0	0	119	113		6			119
Springfield Satellite Site (Dean Row)	6,112	807	5,127	178	0	0	5,305	4,505				800	5,305
The Dingle Primary School Expansion	1,395	67	1,068	260	0	0	1,328	1,328					1,328
Tytherington High School	2,500	0	172	28	2,300	0	2,500	2,500					2,500
Various SEN Sites - Small Works/Adaptations	150	0	0	150	0	0	150	150					150
Wheelock Primary School	2,411	11	190	2,210	0	0	2,400	1,890	510				2,400
Wilmslow High School BN	14,179	4,923	7,431	1,825	0	0	9,256	7,237	1,971			48	9,256
Wilmslow Primary Planning Area	626	1	0	625	0	0	625	125	500				625
Total Committed Schemes	136,857	25,383	28,967	46,135	25,602	10,769	111,473	73,884	25,502	6	300	11,781	111,473
	1	-,	-,	-,	-,	-,		,	<u> </u>	-		, , , ,	, -
New Schemes													
Education and 14-19 Skills													
HNPCF - Safety Valve Capital Schemes	16,000	0	0	8,000	6,500	1,500	16,000	16,000					16,000
HNPCF - 2024 allocation	1,125	0	0	1,125	0	0	1,125	1,125					1,125
SEN Free School (previously 1 & 2)	998	0	0	998	0	0	998	998					998
Total New Schemes	18,123	0	0	10,123	6,500	1,500	18,123	18,123	0	0	0	0	18,123
Total Children and Families Schemes	154,980	25,383	28,967	56,258	32,102	12,269	129,596	92,008	25,502	6	300	11,781	129,596

Table 2: Delegated Decision - Supplementary Capital Estimates (SCEs) and Capital Budget Virements

Committee / Capital Scheme	Amount Requested	Reason and Funding Source
	£	
Supplementary Capital Estimates that h	ave been made up to £50	00,000
Children and Families		
School Condition Grant	402,082	MTFS Capital included £2,000,000 estimate for 24-25 School Condition Grant. This has confirmed to be £2,402,082, an additional £402,802.
Total Supplementary Capital Estimates Requested	402,082	

Service / Capital Scheme	Amount Requested £	Reason and Funding Source
Capital Budget Virements that have been made	de up to £500,000	
Children & Families		
Education and 14-19 Skills		
Adelaide Academy	50,000	Virement form High Needs Funding 24-25 to increase current scheme to allow for additional SEN places
SEN New Free School - Westfields site	498,895	Virement from SEN Free School 1 to Westfields SEN New Free School project

Service / Capital Scheme	Amount Requested	Reason and Funding Source
SEN New Free School - Westfields site	499,200	Virement from SEN Free School 2 to Westfields SEN New Free School project
PSDS Schemes	167,777	Additional virement from School Condition Grant to Facilities Management to match fund PSDS schemes
Mobberley Primary School	250,000	Virement from High Needs Funding 24-25 to named project
School Condition projects	12,821	Virements to three school condition projects at outturn to cover additional costs to completion
High Needs projects	19,377	Funds to be returned to High Needs on closure of project
Congleton planning area	50,620	Virement from Basic Needs to support balance of costs on completion of project
Park Lane Expansion	18,000	Virement of surplus Special Provision Grant and s106 on completion of two projects to Park Lane expansion project to cover balance of costs on completion
Basic Need projects	31,880	Virements on completion of 3 projects to match in year spend with balance being returned to Basic Need
Total Capital Budget Virements Approved	4 500 550	
	1,598,570	
<b>Total Supplementary Capital Estimates and Virements</b>	2,000,652	

Table 3: Requests for Supplementary Capital Estimates (SCEs) and Virements for Committee Approval

Committee / Capital Scheme	Amount Requested £	Reason and Funding Source
Supplementary Capital Estimates above £500,000 up to	and including £1	,000,000
Children & Families		
Total Supplementary Capital Estimates Requested	-	
Capital Budget Virements above £500,000 up to and in	cluding £5,000,000	
Education and 14-19 Skills		
Springfield Satellite Site (Dean Row)	594,989	Public Sector Decarbonisation works in connection to Dean Row part of a large scheme, necessitating the transfer of the relevant budget and grant.
HNPCF - 2024 allocation	1,125,000	Virement from High Needs Funding 24-25 to new capital projects
Nantwich Planning area	1,200,000	Virement from Basic Needs Funding 24-25 to increase budget for new Nantwich primaty school
School condition projects	1,167,201	Virement from Childrens to Facilities Management for 24-25 school condition projects to be undertaken by Facilities Management
Total Capital Virements requested	4,087,190	
Total Supplementary Capital Estimates and Virements	4,087,190	

Table 4: Requests for Supplementary Capital Estimates (SCEs) and Virements For Finance Sub Committee Approval

Committee	Amount Requested	Reason and Funding Source				
	£					
Finance Sub Committee are to approve the Capital Virements and SCEs						
Supplementary Capital SCEs over £1,000,000						
Education and 14-19 Skills						
Safety Valve High Needs Funding allocation 24-25	16,574,250	Additional funding awarded to support SEN capital schemes as part of Safety Value support from DFE				
Additional High Needs allocation for 23-24	4,125,537	Additional High Needs Capital funding awarded by DFE for 23-24 in March 24 not included within the MTFS				
High Needs allocation for 24-25	1,677,718	New High Needs Capital funding awarded by DFE for 24-25 in March 24 not included in the MTFS				
Total Supplementary Capital Estimates Requested	22,377,505					
Supplementary Capital Virements over £5,000,000						
Education and 14-19 Skills						
HNPCF - Safety Valve Capital Schemes	16,000,000	Virement from Safety Valve High Needs Funding to the specified capital projects approved within the funding allocation.				
Total Supplementary Capital Virements Requested	16,000,000					
Total Supplementary Capital Estimates and Virements	38,377,505					

## **Children and Families Committee**

## 5. Reserves Strategy

## **Children and Families Committee**

Name of Reserve	Opening Balance 1 April 2023	Forecast Movement in Reserves 2023/24 £000	Forecast Closing Balance 31 March 2024 £000	Notes
<u>Directorate</u>				
Childrens Directorate - Transformation Funding	779	(779)	0	Budgeted drawdowns as per MTFS 2023-27.
Childrens Directorate - C&F ED	422	(422)	0	Budgeted drawdowns as per MTFS 2023-27.
Childrens Social Care				
Domestic Abuse Partnership	146	(15)	131	To sustain preventative services to vulnerable people as a result of partnership funding in previous years. Reserve is partnership funded, so balance is ringfenced or returned to partners.
Strong Start, Family Help and I	ntegration			
Troubled Fams Initiative	1,949	(356)	1,593	Crewe Youth Zone and ACT have been assigned funding from shared outcomes of the Supporting Families Programme.
Public Sector Transformation – contribution to Early Youth Inclusion Fund	57	(57)	0	Revenue grant carried forward, to be fully utilised in year.
Complex Dependencies	21	(21)	0	Revenue grant carried forward, to be fully utilised in year.
CHILDREN AND FAMILIES TOTAL	3,374	(1,650)	1,724	

#### **Dedicated Schools Grant**

The Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG) is ring-fenced funding received for: schools; high needs / special educational needs; and early years provision. In recent years there has been a pressure on the DSG high needs block where funding has not kept pace with the increasing numbers and cost of children with an education, health and care plan (EHCP). This has created a deficit DSG reserve balance which is held in an unusable reserve. The on-going pressure is regularly reviewed; the in-year deficit of £31.7m has increased the overall position to a deficit of £78.6m at the end of 2023/24. This was an improvement on the forecast due to a lower EHCP growth rate. The in-year deficit in 2024/25 is currently forecast at £51.3m, increasing the total deficit balance to £129.9m.

Dedicated Schools Grant Deficit	£m
Deficit Balance B/F	46.9
Additional In-year Pressures	31.7
Deficit Balance at 31st March 2024	78.6

## **Appendix 3**: Corporate Policy Committee

## **Contents**

- 1. 2023/24 Final Outturn and Commentary
- 2. Corporate Grants Register
  - **Table 1: Corporate Policy Committee Grants**
  - Table 2: Delegated Decision Additional Grant Funding (Specific Purpose) £500,000 or less
  - Table 3: Supplementary Revenue Estimate Requests for Allocation of Additional Grant Funding (General Use) £500,000 or less
  - Table 4: Supplementary Revenue Estimate Requests for Allocation of Additional Grant Funding (Specific Purpose) previously named in the MTFS
- 3. Debt Management
- 4. Capital Strategy
  - **Table 1: Capital Programme**
  - Table 2: Delegated Decision Supplementary Capital Estimates (SCEs) and Capital Budget Virements
- 5. Reserves Strategy

## Appendix 3

## **Corporate Policy Committee**

## 1.2023/24 Final Outturn and Commentary

2023/24	Revised Budget (NET)	Outturn	Variance	Forecast Variance FR3	Movement from FR3 to Outturn
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Directorate	846	310	(536)	(263)	(273)
Finance & Customer Services	13,645	12,988	(657)	(190)	(467)
Governance & Compliance Services	10,431	9,509	(922)	(374)	(548)
Communications	690	671	(19)	7	(26)
HR	2,587	2,131	(456)	(350)	(106)
ICT	11,605	9,710	(1,895)	279	(2,174)
Policy & Change	2,055	1,995	(60)	(82)	22
Corporate Services	41,859	37,314	(4,545)	(973)	(3,572)

#### **Outturn Commentary**

Overall Corporate services is reporting an underspend of £4.5m at outturn against a budget of £42m.

Key issues include the saving from the MARs 2023/24 scheme where staff have left, significant vacancy management, reductions in spend and increased income. This is an improvement of £3.6m over the figures reported at the Third Financial Review. A key reason for that variance is ICT expenditure being less than expected.

Key issues include:

#### Corporate (Directorate): -£0.5m underspend

Key issues relate to vacancy management for senior posts -£0.2m; the budgets removed from service areas in Corporate as a result of Mars savings in 2023/24 -£0.3m. The Mars changes were made after third review giving the £0.3m improvement on this line.

#### Finance and Customer Service: -£0.7m underspend

Key issues relate to pressures in Customer Service Centres £0.1m offset by savings through increasing income, vacancy management and additional grants in Revenues and Benefits -£0.7m and Finance and Procurement -£0.1m. The position has improved by £0.5m since the third review from one-off rebates -£0.2m and increased income -£0.3m, both in Finance and Revenues and Benefits.

#### Governance and Compliance: -£0.9m underspend

Key issues relate to underspends in:

- Audit and Risk -£0.3m from increasing income and vacancy management.
- Democratic and Governance Services -£0.6m from: reduced member allowances (including not paying special responsibility allowances for multiple roles and not applying the pay award); increased registration income and reduced transport spend.

This is a £0.5m improvement from third review as a result of: Registration Services income -£0.15m; prudent forecasting; Civic Office increased income /coroner's service lower spend -£0.1m; and Elections -£0.17m of reduced spend.

#### Human Resources: -£0.5m underspend

Key issues: lower spending from central training budget and no spend on organisational development budget. The position has improved by £0.1m since third review through further non-essential spend reductions.

#### ICT -£1.9m underspend

Key issues: savings have been achieved through the Gemini Programme but the impact (alongside CEBERT recruitment restrictions) has resulted in a reassessment of planned projects and delays in commissioned work. This has led to unmet income targets and lower than anticipated contractual spend.

Contract costs within the Shared Service were lower than expected. This was due to lower than budgeted expenditure on the Next Generation Cheshire LAN/WAN and supplier issues leading to the delayed contract renewal of the cloud management solution and lower usage of Bulk SMS services.

The Strategy position reflected areas where contracts came in under budget, partly due to the timing of the Digital contract (which is now a 2024/25 cost), a reduction in replacement hardware kit and lower use of offsite storage.

This is a £2.2m improvement from third review as a result of lower than anticipated contract spend -£1.6m, timing of Digital project costs in year -£0.2m, charging additional staff costs to capital -£0.2m and reduced Gemini project spend -£0.1m.

Note: There will be a review focussing on the specific areas where there were major variances to see whether they are a one-off variance, or if there is an underlying budget variance that needs to be addressed in 2024/25. Findings will be reported at the next Corporate Policy Committee meeting.

# **Corporate Policy Committee 2. Corporate Grants Register**

- 3.8 Cheshire East Council receives two main types of Government grants; specific use grants and general purpose grants. Specific use grants are held within the relevant service with a corresponding expenditure budget. Whereas general purpose grants are held in central budgets with a corresponding expenditure budget within the allocated service area.
- 3.9 Spending in relation to specific use grants must be in line with the purpose for which it is provided.

- 3.10 **Table 1** provides a detailed listing of all Corporate Policy related grants, their movements between the reporting period and the treatment of the grant.
- 3.11 **Table 2** shows additional specific purpose grant allocations that have been received which are £500,000 or less and are for noting only.
- 3.12 **Table 3** shows additional general use grant allocations that have been received which are £500,000 or less and are for noting only.
- 3.13 **Table 4** shows delegated decisions for additional general use grants previously named within the MTFS.

Table 1 – CORPORATE GRANTS REGISTER

Grants 2023/24	Original Budget	Revised Forecast FR3	Final Outturn	Change from Revised Forecast FR3	Treatment o Gran
	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	Notes 2 -
ORPORATE POLICY					
pecific Purpose (Held within Services)					
Revenues and Housing Benefits:					
Housing Benefit Subsidy	46,652	53,221	54,186	965 S	RE
Discretionary Housing Payments Grant	314	349	349	-0	
Housing Benefit (HB) Award Accuracy Initiative	29	30	30	0	
LADS - VEP (RTI) funding	24	21	21	-0	
LADS - Internet Protocol Access	0	1	0	-1	
New Burdens: Universal Credit, maintenance & natural migration	8	8	8	0	
LADS - New Burdens - Discretionary Housing Payments (DHP)	0	60	60	0	
LADS - New Burdens - Benefit Cap	0	1	1	0	
LADS - New Burdens - Welfare Reform Changes (S4/2022)	62	0	0	0	
LADS - New Burdens - Single Fraud Investigation	0	1	1	0	
LADS - New Burdens - Single Housing Benefit Extract Automation	5	16	16	-0	
LADS - New Burdens - Changes to Universal Credit Stop Notice	0	1	1	-0	
LADS - New Burdens - Supported & Temporary Accommodation Change Request	2	0	0	0	
LADS - New Burdens - Supported & Temporary Accommodation	5	0	18	18 S	RE
Incapacity Benefit Reassessment (S5/2022)	2	0	0	0	
Council Tax Rebate Scheme - New Burdens on Account Payment	0	94	0	-94	
Energy Bills Support Scheme Alternative Funding	0	325	69	-257	
Energy Bills Support Scheme Admin / Staffing costs of administering grant	0	0	69	69 S	RE
Energy Bills Support Scheme Admin / Staffing costs of administering grant - carried forward	0	0	-28	-28	
Democratic Services:					
Police and Crime Commissioner's Panel grant	65	65	65	0	
Electoral Integrity Programme - New Burdens (Voter ID)	132	132	225	93 S	RE
Electoral Integrity Programme - New Burdens (Postal Votes)	0	8	0	-8	
Policy and Change:					
Funding for Local Authority for Adult Social Care	0	0	10	10 S	RE
Human Resources:					
Skills for Care	0	0	5	5 S	RE
Total Corporate Policy - Specific Purposes	47,300	54,334	55,105	771	

Grants 2023/24	Original Budget	Revised Forecast FR3	Final Outturn	Change from Revised Forecast FR3	Treatment of Grant
	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	Notes 2 - 5
CORPORATE POLICY	2000	2000	2000	2000	110163 2 - 0
General Use (Held Corporately)					
Revenue Support Grant	388	388	388	0	
Housing Benefit Administration Subsidy	626	741	741	0	
NNDR Administration Allowance	587	578	578	0	
New Homes Bonus	3,794	3,794	3,794	0	
Services Grant	1,720	1,720	1,720	0	
Council Tax Support Fund	0	521	0	-521 R	eserves
Council Tax Support New Burdens	0	25	25	0	
Local Government Transparency Code	0	0	13	13 S	RE
Debt Charges (Ministry of Justice)	0	0	40	40	
Business Rates Reliefs Compensation Grant 2023/24	0	21,039	11,149	-9,890 R	eserves
Total Corporate Policy - General Use	7,115	28,807	18,449	-10,358	
TOTAL CORPORATE POLICY	54,415	83,140	73,553	-9,587	

#### Notes

- 1 The Dedicated Schools Grant, Pupil Premium Grant, Sixth Form Grant and Other School Specific Grant from the Education Funding Agency (EFA) figures are based on actual anticipated allocations. Changes are for in-year increases/decreases to allocations by the DfE and conversions to academy status.
- 2 SRE Supplementary Revenue Estimate requested by relevant service.
- 3 ODR Officer Decision Record to approve immediate budget change to relevant service.
- 4 Reserves transfer to reserves at year end.
- 5 Balances amount will be included as a variance to budget.

### Table 2 - DECISION DELEGATED TO OFFICERS

Supplementary Revenue Estimate Requests for Allocation of Additional Grant Funding (Specific Purpose) £500,000 or less

Committee	Year	Type of Grant	£000	Details	
Corporate Policy	2023/24	Energy Bills Support Scheme Admin / Staffing costs of administering grant (Specific Purpose)	69	This is a new grant from the Department for Energy Security and Net Zero. This is New Burdens funding to recompense the Authority for resource used in the administration of Alternative Fuel payments.	
Corporate Policy	2023/24	Funding for Local Authority for Adult Social Care (Specific Purpose)	10	This is a grant from the Department of Health and Social Care. This grant is primarily related to all the additional work that is required to produce the Client Level Data (CLD) set on a quarterly basis and the proposed changes for the SALT adults social care return. The Business Intelligence team in corporate service has already completed preparatory towards the proposed changes. Cheshire East have been submitting CLD on a voluntary basis over the last 12 months.	
Corporate Policy	2023/24	Skills for Care (Specific Purpose)	5	This is a new grant from the Workforce Development Fund (WDF). It consists of funding from the Department of Health and Social Care (DHSC) disseminated by Skills for Care. It aims to ensure that care staff have the appropriate skills and qualifications for their roles.	
Total Specific Purpose	Allocations l	ess than £500,000	84		

### Table 3 - DECISION DELEGATED TO OFFICERS

Supplementary Revenue Estimate Requests for Allocation of Additional Grant Funding (General Use) £500,000 or less

Committee	Year	Type of Grant	£000	Details
Corporate Policy	2023/24	Local Government Transparency Code (General Use)	13	This grant is from the Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities. New burdens in relation to the Council's obligation to publish information in line with the Government's Transparency Code 2014. This grant has been received since the requirements came into effect but has not been allocated to Compliance and Customer Relations.
Corporate Policy	2024/25	Electoral Integrity New Burdens (General Use)	26	Grant relates to financial year 2024/25. This grant is from the Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities (DLUHC). The purpose of the grant is to provide support to local authorities towards expenditure lawfully incurred or to be incurred by them in the implementation of the Elections Act 2022. The changes are being implemented by the Electoral Services Team and this funding needs to be allocated to the relevant cost code within that service to ensure the changes can be implemented and the requirements of the legislation met.
Total General Use Allocation	ons less th	nan £500,000	39	

### Table 4 - DECISION DELEGATED TO OFFICERS

Supplementary Revenue Estimate Requests for Allocation of Additional Grant Funding (Specific Purpose) previously named in the MTFS

Committee	Year	Type of Grant	£000	Details
				On 22 <sup>nd</sup> February 2023 Council delegated authority to the Chief Finance Officer, to approve supplementary estimates if the value of any named grant changes from the figures contained within Appendix C, Annex 7 of the MTFS.
Corporate Policy	2023/24	Housing Benefit Subsidy (Specific Purpose)	965	Increase on MTFS 2023-27 estimate and Financial Review 3 revised forecast. This grant is from the Department for Work and Pensions. Payment of claims administration within Housing Benefits.
Corporate Policy	2023/24	LADS - New Burdens - Supported & Temporary Accommodation (Specific Purpose)	13	Increase on MTFS 2023-27 estimate. This grant is from the Department for Work and Pensions and is intended to meet costs incurred by LAs to undertake a fully desk-based review of their HB stock cases to ensure, where appropriate, the correct supported housing or temporary accommodation marker is recorded.
Corporate Policy	2023/24	Electoral Integrity Programme - New Burdens (Voter ID) (Specific Purpose)	93	Increase on MTFS 2023-27 estimate. This grant is from the Department for Levelling-Up, Housing and Communities (DLUHC). The grant is intended to meet the additional costs of the Elections Act which will introduce a suite of measures to improve the integrity of the electoral system - this

Committee	Year	Type of Grant	£000	Details
				will include policies such as requiring photographic identification at polling stations and improvements to accessibility for disabled voters.
Total Delegated Decision Specific Purpose Allocations previously named in the MTFS				

## 3. Debt Management

	Outstanding	
	Debt	Over 6 months
	£000	old £000
Corporate Policy Committee		
Finance and Customer Services	111	73
Governance and Compliance	20	1
Human Resources	3	-
ICT	184	1
	318	75

Total outstanding debt has increased from £275k at Third Financial Review to £318k at 31st March 2024. Debt over 6 months old has increased from £57k to £75k.

## 4. Capital Strategy

## **Table 1 Capital Programme**

Corporate Policy CAPITAL

				CAPITAL PI	ROGRAMME	2023/24 - 20	26/27						
				Forecast E	xpenditure				Fo	recast Funding			
Scheme Description	Total Approved Budget £000	Prior Years £000	Outturn 2023/24 £000	Forecast Budget 2024/25 £000	Forecast Budget 2025/26 £000	Forecast Budget 2026/27 £000	Total Forecast Budget 2023-27 £000	Grants £000	External Contribution s £000	Revenue Contributions £000		Prudential Borrowing £000	Total Funding £000
Committed Schemes in progress	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000
ICT Services													
Care Act Phase 2	6,314	4,130	469	1,715	0	0	2,184	0	0	0	0	2,184	2,184
Digital Customer - Delivery Programme Phase 1	252	129	123	0	0	0	123	0	0	0	0	123	123
Digital Customer Enablement	2,872	1,010	1,414	448	0	0	1,862	0	0	0	0	1,862	1,862
ICT Device Replacement	1,912	453	230	1,229	0	0	1,459	0	0	459	0	1,000	1,459
IADM (Information Assurance and Data Management)	19,465	15,183	1,238	1,644	1,400	0	4,282	0	0	0	0	4,282	4,282
Infrastructure Investment Programme (IIP)	36,326	30,068	997	2,627	1,804	830	6,258	0	0	0	0	6,258	6,258
Unified Communications Project	1,251	1,008	243	0	0	0	243	0	0	0	0	243	243
Vendor Management	1,006	743	21	241	0	0	263	0	0	0	0	263	263
Finance & Customer Services													
Core Financials	11,317	8,813	552	957	698	297	2,504	0	0	0	0	2,504	2,504
Strategic Capital Projects	17,278	8,578	176	4,827	2,300	1,397	8,700	0	0	0	0	8,700	8,700
Vendor Management - Phase 2	320	19	5	0	296	0	301	0	0	0	0	301	301
Total Committed Schemes	98,313	70,134	5,468	13,689	6,498	2,524	28,179	0	0	459	0	27,720	28,179
New Schemes													
ICT Services													
ICT Hybrid Model	1,553	0	445	1,108	0	0	1,553	0	0	0	0	1,553	1,553
Total New Schemes	0	0	445	1,108	0	0 7	1,553	0	0	0	0	1,553	1,553
Total Corporate Policy	98,313	70,134	5,913	14,797	6.498	2,524	29,731	0	0	459	0	29,272	29,731

Table 2 Delegated Decision - Supplementary Capital Estimates (SCEs) and Capital Budget Virements

Committee / Capital Scheme Amount Requested		Reason and Funding Source		
	£			
Capital Budget Virements that have been made	up to £500,000			
ICT				
Digital Customer - Delivery Programme Phase 1	2,000	Virement from the Digital Customer Enablement project to cover in-year expenditure as there was insufficient budget to cover all the costs. The scheme is now complete.		
Unified Communications Project	44,955	Virement from the Infrastructure Investment Programme (IIP) to cover in-year expenditure as there was insufficient budget to cover all the costs. The scheme is now complete.		
Total Capital Budget Virements Approved	46,955			
Total Supplementary Capital Estimates and Virements	46,955			

## **5. Reserves Strategy**

## **Corporate Policy Committee**

Name of Reserve	1 April 2023	Forecast lovement in Reserves 2023/24	Forecast Closing Balance 31 March 2024	Notes
	£000	£000	£000	
<u>Directorate</u>				
Corporate Directorate	1,356	(192)	1,164	To support a number of widespread projects within the Corporate Directorate.
Finance and Customer Services				
Collection Fund Management	17,819	(9,665)	8,154	To manage cash flow implications as part of the Business Rates Retention Scheme. Includes liabilities that will not be paid until future years.
Capital Financing Reserve	12,886	(8,355)	4,531	To provide for financing of capital schemes, other projects and initiatives.
MTFS Reserve	5,147	(2,234)	2,913	To support the financial strategy and risk management.
Section 151 Revenue Grants	558	(544)	14	Unspent specific use grant carried forward into 2023/24.
Governance and Compliance				
Insurance Reserve - Cheshire County Fund	4,976	(1,877)	3,099	To settle insurance claims and manage excess costs. To be reviewed by service, but reserve cannot be given up.
Elections General	640	(508)	132	To provide funds for Election costs every 4 years.
Brexit Funding	13	0	13	To be reviewed.
Human Resources				
HR (CARE4CE Review, Culture Change, Pay realignment, Learning Mgt System)	59	0	59	To fund HR expenditure in relation to the Care4CE review, culture change programme, pay realignment and the Learning Management System.
Pay Structure (M Grade Review)	306	(252)	54	This scheme has now come to an end and the balance can be returned to General Fund.
Policy and Change				
Brighter Future Transformation Programme	1,789	(1,299)	490	To fund the Council's four year transformation programme and its five outcomes of Culture; Estates and ICT systems; Customer Experience, Commercial Approach and Governance.
<u>ICT</u>				
Digital Solutions Architect	0	150	150	To fund a role for the Digital Customer Enablement programme and will be key to realising the cost savings and efficiencies across the Council from the deployment of a number of digital initiatives.
CORPORATE POLICY TOTAL	45,549	(24,776)	20,773	

## **Appendix 4**: Economy and Growth Committee

## **Contents**

- 1.2023/24 Final Outturn and Commentary
- 2. Corporate Grants Register
  - **Table 1: Economy and Growth Committee Grants**
  - Table 2: Delegated Decision Additional Grant Funding (Specific Purpose) £500,000 or less
  - Table 3: Delegated Decision Additional Grant Funding (General Use) previously named in the MTFS
- 3. Debt Management
- 4. Capital Strategy
  - **Table 1: Capital Programme**
  - Table 2: Delegated Decision Supplementary Capital Estimates (SCEs) and Capital Budget Virements
- 5. Reserves Strategy

## Appendix 4

## **Economy and Growth Committee**

## 1.2023/24 Final Outturn and Commentary

2023/24	Revised Budget (NET)		Variance	Forecast Variance FR3	Movement from FR3 to Outturn
	£000 F	£000 F	£000 F	£000 F	£000
Directorate	637	432	(205)	(205)	-
Growth & Enterprise	24,214	19,955	(4,259)	(2,614)	(1,645)

#### **Outturn Commentary**

#### Place Outturn 2023/24

Overall the Place Directorate is reporting an underspend of £3.6m at outturn against a £94.1m budget. Pressures from planning income, waste, car park income and energy have been managed through vacancy management and reducing expenditure. This is an improvement of £3.7m since the third financial review mainly as a result of use of reserves and additional income.

#### **Economy & Growth Committee**

Growth and Enterprise Directorate and Place Directorate have an underspend of £4.5m against a net budget of £24.8m. This is an improvement of £1.6m from the third finance review.

The key reasons for the underspend are:

#### Assets Service: -£0.3m underspend

- Underlying issues relating to historic MTFS items that cannot be delivered £59k, reduced income levels on tenancy £17k and additional consultant costs £62k that cannot be recharged.
- Temporary mitigations include a one-off business rate rebate of -£108k plus stopping all non-essential spending saving -£57k, holding vacancies -£230k and an overachievement by property projects on their income budget -£82k.

\_

This is an improvement of £0.2m from the third finance review with key differences relating to:

- The end of year alignment of recharges of costs to other services -£0.1m, the projects income, better performance of portfolio income than been forecast, lower water costs than forecast and further staff underspends due to interim arrangements and vacancies.

#### Facilities Management -£1.7m underspend

- Underlying issues relating to: additional spend on responsive maintenance +£962k (offset by a reduction in planned maintenance -£545k); savings from the 2023/24 "Review of Buildings and Estates Transformation" item not being fully implemented +£174k; under-recovery on cleaning recharges +£65k; and supplies and services pressures +£98k.
- Temporary mitigations include lower spend on electricity and gas -£767k; vacancy management and interim arrangements -£296k, water savings of -£106k due to lower usage and a reduced level of business rates due to prior year appeals £1,190k. There has also been a reduction in non-essential spend of £29k and unbudgeted income received of £68k.

This is an improvement of £0.6m from the third finance review with key differences relating to:

- The service prioritised reactive maintenance over planned -£545k.

#### Economic Development: -£1.1m underspend

- Mainly temporary issues relating to: vacancy management and travel -£259k; additional recharges to capital -£209k; transfer of budget to the Place restructuring saving -£36k; recharges to Shared Prosperity Fund -£181k; saving on supplies & services -£246k; and release of reserves £249k.

This is an improvement of £0.4m from the third finance review with key differences relating to:

- A higher level of recharge to Shared Prosperity of -£350k by including all valid costs.

#### Housing: -£0.6m underspend

- Mainly temporary issues relating to: vacancy management -£219k; fully utilising grants within Homelessness & Housing Options -£216k; Private Sector Housing increased income
  - -£33k; higher than budgeted recharges to capital -£84k; and reduced supplies and services spend -£29k.

This is an improvement of £0.1m from the third finance review.

Note: There will be a review focussing on the specific areas where there were major variances to see whether they are a one-off variance, or if there is an underlying budget variance that needs to be addressed in 2024/25. Findings will be reported at the next Economy and Growth Committee meeting.

# **Economy and Growth Committee 2. Corporate Grants Register**

- 3.14 Cheshire East Council receives two main types of Government grants; specific use grants and general purpose grants. Specific use grants are held within the relevant service with a corresponding expenditure budget. Whereas general purpose grants are held in central budgets with a corresponding expenditure budget within the allocated service area.
- 3.15 Spending in relation to specific use grants must be in line with the purpose for which it is provided.

- 3.16 **Table 1** provides a detailed listing of all Economy & Growth related grants, their movements between the reporting period and the treatment of the grant.
- 3.17 **Table 2** shows additional specific purpose grant allocations that have been received which are £500,000 or less and are for noting only.
- 3.18 **Table 3** shows delegated decisions for additional specific purpose grants previously named within the MTFS.

Table 1 - CORPORATE GRANTS REGISTER

Grants 2023/24	Original Budget	Revised Forecast FR3	Final Outturn	Change from Revised Forecast FR3	Treatment of Grant
	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	Notes 2 - 5
ECONOMY & GROWTH					
Specific Purpose (Held within Services)					
Rough Sleeping Initiative - brought-forward	0	0	113	113	
Rough Sleeping Initiative	0	319	237	-82	
Rough Sleeping Initiative - carried-forward	0	0	10	10	
Rough Sleeper Initiative: Target Group Priority Funding	0	15	15	0	
Rough Sleeper Initiative: Move on Prevention	0	0	62	62 SF	RE
Homelessness Prevention Grant - brought-forward	0	0	1,032	1,032	
Homelessness Prevention Grant	0	608	608	0	
Homelessness Prevention Grant - carried-forward	0	0	1,029	1,029	
Homelessness Prevention Grant: Homes for Ukraine top-up 2023/24	0	422	422	0	
Shared Prosperity Fund - brought-forward	0	1,119	1,166	47	
Shared Prosperity Fund	0	2,412	2,262	-150	
Shared Prosperity Fund - carried-forward	0	0	-1,065	-1,065	
LRSG/RESTART Grants - brought-forward	0	0	112	112	
Local Enterprise Partnership (LEP): Core Funding	375	250	250	0	
Local Enterprise Partnership (LEP): Growth Hub Funding	231	261	261	0	
Local Enterprise Partnership (LEP): NP (Northern Powerhouse) 11	500	500	589	89 SF	RE
Local Enterprise Partnership (LEP): Skills Bootcamp	1,500	1,355	606	-749	
Towns Fund - Ice Cream Van	0	15	15	0	
Towns Fund - Ice Cream Van - carried-forward	0	0	-15	-15	
Natural England - Stewardship scheme	0	0	64	64 SF	RE
Natural England - Stewardship scheme - carried forward	0	0	-32	-32	
COVID-19 Final SFC 2020-21 Claim Post Assurance Compensation	0	0	49	49 SF	RE
Total Economy & Growth - Specific Purpose	2,606	7,275	7,790	515	
General Use (Held Corporately)					
TOTAL ECONOMY & GROWTH	2,606	7,275	7,790	515	

#### Notes

<sup>1</sup> The Dedicated Schools Grant, Pupil Premium Grant, Sixth Form Grant and Other School Specific Grant from the Education Funding Agency (EFA) figures are based on actual anticipated allocations. Changes are for in-year increases/decreases to allocations by the DfE and conversions to academy status.

<sup>2</sup> SRE - Supplementary Revenue Estimate requested by relevant service.

<sup>3</sup> ODR - Officer Decision Record to approve immediate budget change to relevant service.

<sup>4</sup> Reserves - transfer to reserves at year end.

<sup>5</sup> Balances - amount will be included as a variance to budget.

### Table 2 - DECISION DELEGATED TO OFFICERS

Supplementary Revenue Estimate Requests for Allocation of Additional Grant Funding (Specific Purpose) £500,000 or less

Committee	Year	Type of Grant	£000	Details
Economy & Growth	2023/24	Rough Sleeper Initiative: Move on Prevention (Specific Purpose)	62	This is a new grant from the Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities (DLUHC). The purpose is to immediately intervene in, prevent and reduce rough sleeping in 2023/24.
Economy & Growth	2023/24	Natural England - Stewardship scheme (Specific Purpose)	64	This is a new grant from Natural England / Rural Payments Agency. The Countryside Stewardship Grant has been a part of both Tatton Park and Countryside Management for over 10 years. A new agreement came into force from the 1st October 2023 immediately on the ending of the previous 10 year agreement. This new agreement is for 5 years. The Countryside Stewardship (CS) schemes provide funding to farmers and land managers to improve their local environment. CS supports a range of enhanced environmental outcomes from restoring wildlife habitats and creating woodlands, to managing flood risk.
Economy & Growth	2023/24	COVID-19 Final SFC 2020-21 Claim Post Assurance Compensation (Specific Purpose)	49	This is a new grant from the Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities (DLUHC). There is additional grant income of £49,174 to be received from DLUHC that is due to Tatton Park, this relates to the final Covid Sales, Fees & Charges compensation reconciliation.
Total Specific Purpose Allocations less than £500,000				

### Table 3 - DECISION DELEGATED TO OFFICERS

Supplementary Revenue Estimate Requests for Allocation of Additional Grant Funding (Specific Purpose) previously named in the MTFS.

Committee	Year	Type of Grant	£000	Details
Economy & Growth	2023/24	Local Enterprise Partnership (LEP): NP (Northern Powerhouse) 11 (Specific Purpose)	89	On 22 <sup>nd</sup> February 2023 Council delegated authority to the Chief Finance Officer, to approve supplementary estimates if the value of any named grant changes from the figures contained within Appendix C, Annex 7 of the MTFS.  Increase on MTFS 2023-27 estimate. This grant is from the Business Energy and Industrial Strategy Department. To enable the 11 Northern LEPs (the NP11) to develop a more unified Northern Powerhouse economic development programme and voice. The NP11 will work together on issues where a pan-Northern approach to economic development can add value.
				·
Total Delegated Decision Specific Purpose Allocations previously named in the MTFS				

## 3. Debt Management

	Outstanding Debt £000	Over 6 months old £000
<b>Economy and Growth Committee</b>		
Growth and Enterprise	581	328

Total outstanding debt has reduced from £1,777k at Third Financial Review to £581k at 31st March 2024. Debt over 6 months old has increased from £222k to £328k.

## 4. Capital Strategy

## **Table 1 Capital Programme**

Economy & Growth CAPITAL

CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2023/24 - 2026/27														
		Forecast Expenditure									Forecast Funding			
Scheme Description	Total Approved Budget £000	Prior Years £000	Forecast Budget 2023/24 £000	Forecast Budget 2024/25 £000	Forecast Budget 2025/26 £000	Forecast Budget 2026/27 £000	Forecast Budget 2023-27 £000	Grants £000	External Contributions £000	Revenue Contributions £000	Capital Receipts £000	Prudential Borrowing £000	Total Funding £000	
Committed Schemes in progress														
Facilities Management														
Public Sector Decarbonisation Fund - FM1	1,909	1,759	151	0	0	0	151	128	0	0	0	22	151	
Public Sector Decarbonisation Fund - FM 2	646	452	194	0	0	0	194	128	0	0	0	67	194	
Public Sector Decarbonisation Fund - FM3	5,214	3,931	1,092	191	0	0	1,283	285	0	0	0	998	1,283	
PSDS - 3B - Lot 1	3,278	0	77	2,201	1,000	0	3,278	2,015	0	0	0	1,263	3,278	
PSDS - 3B - Lot 3 (schools)	5,300	0	3,267	2,033	0	0	5,300	5,191	0	109	0	0	5,300	
Septic Tanks	636	280	5	351	0	0	356	0	0	0	0	356	356	
Schools Capital Maintenance	8,315	4,639	936	2,740	0	0	3,676	3,395	0	281	0	0	3,676	
Corporate Landlord - Operational	1,027	962	33	31	0	0	65	0	0	0	0	65	65	
Premises Capital (FM)	38,774	30,705	1,825	3,775	2,469	0	8,069	0	0	0	0	8,069	8,069	
Poynton Pool Spillway	1,380	296	173	885	27	0	1,084	0	0	200	0	884	1,084	
Housing														
Home Upgrade Grant Phase 2	6,210	0	740	5,470	0	0	6,210	6,210	0	0	0	0	6,210	
Crewe Towns Fund - Warm and Healthy Homes	2,126	10	21	706	1,389	0	2,116	2,116	0	0	0	0	2,116	
Social Housing Decarbonisation Fund	1,565	86	1,471	8	0	0	1,479	1,479	0	0	0	0	1,479	
Future High Street Funding - Chester Street	8	3	0	5	0	0	5	5	0	0	0	0	5	
Future High Street Funding - Delamere Street	10	5	1	4	0	0	5	5	0	0	0	0	5	
Green Homes Grant	3,105	2,249	128	728	0	0	856	854	2	0	0	0	856	
Sustainable Warmth - Home Upgrade Grant	855	631	184	40	0	0	224	175	50	0	0	0	224	
Home Repairs Vulnerable People	1,306	659	210	178	258	0	647	0	21	0	0	626	647	
Disabled Facilities	16,103	6,989	3,192	3,580	2,342	0	9,114	7,902	285	0	0	928	9,114	
Warm Homes Fund	239	198	15	26	0	0	41	41	0	0	0	0	41	
Temporary Accommodation	1,479	878	192	410	0	0	601	0	355	246	0	0	601	
Gypsy and Traveller Sites	4,136	1,289	1,649	1,198	0	0	2,847	700	438	0	0	1,709	2,847	

Economy & Growth CAPITAL

CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2023/24 - 2026/27														
	Forecast Expenditure								Forecast Funding					
Scheme Description	Total Approved Budget £000	Prior Years £000	Forecast Budget 2023/24 £000	Forecast Budget 2024/25 £000	Forecast Budget 2025/26 £000	Forecast Budget 2026/27 £000	Forecast Budget 2023-27 £000	Grants £000	External Contributions £000	Revenue Contributions £000	Capital Receipts £000	Prudential Borrowing £000	Total Funding £000	
Estates														
Corporate Landlord - Non-Operational	1,336	0	0	1,336	0	0	1,336	0	0	0	0	1,336	1,336	
Malkins Bank Landfill Site	1,360	565	97	699	0	0	795	0	0	0	7	788	795	
Farms Strategy	2,910	1,671	19	191	310	720	1,240	0	0	0	1,240	0	1,240	
Economic Development														
Crewe Towns Fund - Repurposing Our High	1,450	38	125	644	644	0	1,412	1,412	0	0	0	0	1,412	
Crewe Towns Fund - Flag Lane Baths	3,935	306	277	3,352	0	0	3,629	3,629	0	0	0	0	3,629	
Crewe Towns Fund - Mill Street Corridor	3,620	190	494	2,138	798	0	3,430	3,430	0	0	0	0	3,430	
Crewe Towns Fund - Mirion St	732	30	135	568	0	0	703	703	0	0	0	0	703	
Crewe Towns Fund - Crewe Youth Zone non-	351	49	76	226	0	0	302	302	0	0	0	0	302	
Crewe Towns Fund - History Centre Public Realm	380	14	-4	0	370	0	366	366	0	0	0	0	366	
Handforth Heat Network	13,219	0	17	663	50	12,489	13,219	2,604	7,428	0	0	3,187	13,219	
Demolition of Crewe Library & Concourse (Future High Street Funding - History Centre Preparatory)	3,396	181	677	2,538	0	0	3,215	1,692	0	0	0	1,523	3,215	
Future High Street Funding - CEC Innovation	3,973	59	471	3,443	0	0	3,915	3,915	0	0	0	0	3,915	
Crewe Town Centre Regeneration	32,293	15,058	15,935	1,300	0	0	17,235	341	64	0	0	16,829	17,235	
Macclesfield Indoor Market Toilet Refurbishment	186	12	174	0	0	0	174	50	98	0	0	26	174	
Macclesfield Town Centre	358	0	-3	361	0	0	358	0	0	0	0	358	358	
Macc on Foot (MOF)	415	0	5	410	0	0	415	415	0	0	0	0	415	
Macclesfield Indoor Market Refurbishment (MIMR)	1,269	0	40	1,230	0	0	1,269	1,269	0	0	0	0	1,269	
South Macclesfield Development Area	34,630	3,237	22	11,371	20,000	0	31,393	10,000	10,000	0	11,371	22	31,393	
North Cheshire Garden Village	57,866	6,002	1,024	20,365	30,475	0	51,864	21,189	0	0	21,700	8,975	51,864	
Leighton Green	2,096	1,464	5	628	0	0	632	0	0	0	0	632	632	
Connecting Cheshire Phase 3	8,000	0	128	1,972	2,000	3,900	8,000	0	8,000	0	0	0	8,000	
Connecting Cheshire 2020	9,250	3,709	1,971	2,570	1,000	0	5,542	4,858	683	0	0	0	5,542	

Economy & Growth CAPITAL

CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2023/24 - 2026/27													
	Forecast Expenditure							Forecast Funding					
Scheme Description	Total Approved Budget £000	Prior Years £000	Forecast Budget 2023/24 £000	Forecast Budget 2024/25 £000	Forecast Budget 2025/26 £000	Forecast Budget 2026/27 £000	Forecast Budget 2023-27 £000	Grants £000	External Contributions £000	Revenue Contributions £000	Capital Receipts £000	Prudential Borrowing £000	Tota Funding £000
Culture & Tourism													
Countryside Vehicles	1,579	580	120	226	219	434	999	0	0	935	64	0	999
Culture & Tourism S106 Schemes	633	65	26	312	225	5	568	8	560	0	0	0	568
New Archives Premises	10,256	0	442	9,047	667	100	10,256	0	0	0	0	10,256	10,256
PROW Capital Works	1,051	957	85	9	0	0	94	94	0	0	0	0	94
PROW CMM A6 MARR	100	9	60	31	0	0	91	91	0	0	0	0	91
PROW Flood Damage Investment	72	63	7	1	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	8	8
Tatton Park Investment Phase 2	3,280	1,407	28	672	350	823	1,873	0	0	0	0	1,873	1,873
Total Committed Schemes	303,620	91,686	38,008	90,862	64,594	18,470	211,934	86,997	27,984	1,770	34,381	60,802	211,934
New Schemes													
Housing													
Local Authority Housing Fund	978	0	293	684	0	0	978	978	0	0	0	0	978
Economic Development													
UK Shared Prosperity Fund - Core	950	0	202	748	0	0	950	950	0	0	0	0	950
Handforth Garden Village s106 Obligations	6,841	0	0	0	3,000	3,841	6,841	0	0	0	0	6,841	6,841
Culture & Tourism													
Cattle Handling Facility - Oakwood Farm	367	0	367	0	0	0	367	0	0	367	0	0	367
Rural Shared Prosperity Fund	415	0	113	302	0	0	415	415	0	0	0	0	415
Total New Schemes	782	0	975	1,734	3,000	3,841	9,551	2,342	0	367	0	6,841	9,551
Total Growth & Enterprise	304,402	91,686	38,983	92,596	67,594	22,312	221,484	89,339	27,984	2,137	34,381	67,643	221,484

Table 2 Delegated Decision - Supplementary Capital Estimates (SCEs) and Capital Budget Virements

Committee / Capital Scheme	Amount Requested	Reason and Funding Source
	£	
Facilities Management		
Public Sector Decarbonisation Fund - FM 3	449	To increase budget to take in to consideration the grant
PSDS - 3B - Lot 3 (schools)	108,532	received is higher than approved.  Match funding for the Public Sector Decarbonisation  Programme, contributions from Schools
Housing		
Disabled Facilities	284,829	]
Home Repairs Vulnerable People Green Homes Grant Sustainable Warmth - Home Upgrade Grant	21,112 2,320 49,549	To increase the budget to incorporate the contributions made towards the in-year costs.
Green Infrastructure		
Cattle Handling Facility - Oakwood Farm	177,084	Revenue contributions to cover the in-year cost of works.
Total Supplementary Capital Estimates Requested	643,875	

Service / Capital Scheme	Amount Requested £	Reason and Funding Source
Capital Budget Virements that have been made	e up to £500,000	
Facilities Management		
Schools Capital Maintenance	191,515	Virement from School Condition Grant to cover expenditure in relation to Rode Heath Primary School.
PSDS - 3B - Lot 3 (schools)	167,777	Virements from Children & Families as match funding for the Public Sector Decarbonisation Programme: Funded by School Condition Grant
	33,513	Funded by Devolved Formula Capital grant
	16,876	Funded by Energy Efficiency Capital grant
Public Sector Decarbonisation Fund - FM 1	31,986	To re-align the Public Sector Decarbonisation Fund budgets, to match where the expenditure was incurred.
Public Sector Decarbonisation Fund - FM 1 Public Sector Decarbonisation Fund - FM 2	22,247 66,569	Virement from Premises Capital budget to fund costs coded here but not funded by the claims from PSDS.
Total Capital Budget Virements Approved	530,483	
Total Supplementary Capital Estimates and Virements	1,174,358	

## **5.Reserves Strategy**

**Economy and Growth Committee** 

Loonomy and Crowth Co			_	
Name of Reserve	Opening Balance 1 April 2023	Forecast Movement in Reserves 2023/24	Forecast Closing Balance 31 March 2024	Notes
	£000	£000	£000	
<u>Directorate</u>				
Place Directorate	1,722	(558)	1,164	To support a number of widespread projects within the Place Directorate.
Investment (Sustainability)	648	(39)	609	To support investment that can increase longer term financial independence and stability of the Council.
Growth and Enterprise				·
Legal Proceedings	228	(16)	212	To enable legal proceedings on land and property matters.
Investment Portfolio	361	173	534	Reserve being built up to be used in the future if the site is vacated. Current lease extends beyond 2026.
Homelessness & Housing Options - Revenue Grants	130	0	130	To cover costs of purchase and refurbishment of properties to be used as temporary accommodation to house vulnerable families.  Remaining portion of historic grants - not been used due to high levels of ringfenced Homeless Prevention & Rough Sleepers Grants being utilised.
Tatton Park Trading Reserve	0	128	128	Ringfenced Trading Reserve used to support projects and overall position at Tatton.
Royal Arcade Crewe	20	(20)	0	Original purpose was to fund vacant possession related costs for the Royal Arcade until demolition. The balance will now be used to pay for ongoing rates and maintenance costs for Crewe Bus station.
ECONOMY AND GROWTH TOTAL	3,109	(332)	2,777	

# **Appendix 5**: Environment and Communities Committee

### **Contents**

- 1.2023/24 Final Outturn and Commentary
- 2. Corporate Grants Register
  - **Table 1: Environment and Communities Committee Grants**
  - Table 2: Delegated Decision Additional Grant Funding (Specific Purpose) £500,000 or less
- 3. Debt Management
- 4. Capital Strategy
  - **Table 1: Capital Programme**
  - Table 2: Delegated Decision Supplementary Capital Estimates (SCEs) and Capital Budget Virements
  - Table 3: For information Capital Budget Reductions to be noted by Finance Sub Committee
- 5. Reserves Strategy

## Appendix 5

### **Environment and Communities Committee**

## 1.2023/24 Final Outturn and Commentary

2023/24		Revised Budget (NET)	Outturn	Variance	Forecast Variance FR3	Movement from FR3 to Outturn
		£000 F	£000 F	£000 F	£000	£000
Environment & Neighbourhood Services	•	48,198	50,506	2,308	3,095	(787)

#### **Outturn Commentary**

#### Place Outturn 2023/24

Overall, the Place Directorate is reporting an underspend of £3.6m at outturn against a £94.1m budget. Pressures from planning income, waste, car park income and energy have been managed through vacancy management and reducing expenditure. This is an improvement of £3.7m since the third financial review mainly as a result of use of reserves and additional income.

#### **Environment & Communities Committee**

Environment and Neighbourhood Services has an overspend of £2.3m against a net budget of £48.2m. This is an improvement of £0.8m from the third finance review.

The key reasons for the overspend are:

Planning Services: £0.4m overspend

- Underlying issues relating to income:
  - Planning applications under budget +£1m.
  - Building Control historic unachievable income target £0.4m
  - Local Land Charges due to fall in demand £41k
- Temporary mitigations include: vacancy management -£0.9m, underspending on supplies and services and travel -£45k; and application of grant -£107k.

This is an improvement of £0.6m from the third finance review with key differences relating to:

- Planning applications – additional pressure of £95k.

- Vacancy management -£467k.
- Underspending on supplies and services -£136k (mainly planning appeals reduced spend and Local Plan costs pushed back a year due to delays).

Environmental - Commissioning ANSA: £2.4m overspend

- Underlying issues relating to: pay award increased provision £506k; materials recycling processing net costs £1,036k; waste disposal contract inflation and kerbside tonnages £667k; in year shortfall against the Place Pay savings target £199k; green waste costs £104k (offset against income).
- Temporary mitigations: fuel reduction £130k.

This is an improvement of £0.1m from the third finance review with key differences relating to:

- Waste disposal contract inflation and kerbside tonnages £0.3m improvement offset by shortfalls in meeting savings targets.

Environmental - Management Services: £0.3m underspend

- Underlying issues relate: to pressure in Markets from reduced income and business rates as a result of empty stalls £67K; and Green Waste and HWRC project costs £186k.
- Temporary mitigations include: capitalisation of staff costs -£198k; underspend on HWRC business rates -£17k; Environment Hub £57k; staff costs -£27k; and other expenses -£139k.
- There is additional saving -£56k on closed cemeteries as only one has been transferred to ANSA this year. Carbon Neutral -£70k underspent (includes £39k offered from reserves as a one-off cost saving to revenue for this year).

This is a worsening of £0.1m from the third finance review.

**Note:** There will be a review focussing on the specific areas where there were major variances to see whether they are a one-off variance, or if there is an underlying budget variance that needs to be addressed in 2024/25. Findings will be reported at the next Environment and Communities Committee meeting.

# **Environment and Communities Committee**

### 2. Corporate Grants Register

3.19 Cheshire East Council receives two main types of Government grants; specific use grants and general purpose grants. Specific use grants are held within the relevant service with a corresponding expenditure budget. Whereas general purpose grants are held in central budgets with a corresponding expenditure budget within the allocated service area.

- 3.20 Spending in relation to specific use grants must be in line with the purpose for which it is provided.
- 3.21 **Table 1** provides a detailed listing of all Environment & Communities related grants, their movements between the reporting period and the treatment of the grant.
- 3.22 **Table 2** shows additional specific purpose grant allocations that have been received which are £500,000 or less and are for noting only.

Table 1 - CORPORATE GRANTS REGISTER

Grants 2023/24	Original Budget	Revised Forecast FR3	Final Outturn	Change from Revised Forecast FR3	Treatment of Grant	
	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	Notes 2 - 5	
ENVIRONMENT & COMMUNITIES						
Specific Purpose (Held within Services)						
Bikeability Grant	240	240	156	-84		
Swimming Pool Support Fund	0	500	500	0		
Enforcement Grant (Planning) - brought-forward	0	30	30	0		
Enforcement Grant (Planning) - carried-forward	0	0	-30	-30		
High Speed 2 (HS2) Ltd - brought-forward	0	850	850	0		
High Speed 2 (HS2) Ltd - carried-forward	0	0	-850	-850		
Planning Skills Delivery Fund	0	0	100	100 SR	E	
Planning Skills Delivery Fund - carried-forward	0	0	-100	-100		
Air Quality Grant (Awareness) - brought-forward	0	25	25	0		
Air Quality Grant (Cycling) - brought-forward	0	10	10	-0		
Air Quality Grant (Cycling) - carried-forward	0	0	-6	-6		
Smoke control areas new burdens funding	0	0	12	12 SR	E	
Smoke control areas new burdens funding - carried-forward	0	0	-12	-12		
Offensive weapons - brought-forward	0	4	4	0		
Cosmetic fillers - brought-forward	0	7	7	0		
Cosmetic fillers - carried-forward	0	0	-7	-7		
Food Information Grant - Natasha's Law - brought-forward	0	11	11	0		
Offensive Weapons funding	0	0	10	10 SR	E	
Food Standards Agency 22-23	0	1	1	0		
Section 31 grant - Biodiversity net gain - brought-forward	0	20	20	0		
Section 31 grant - Biodiversity net gain	0	0	43	43 SR	E	
Taxi and PHV Database Payment Notification	0	0	1	1 SR	E	
Natural England - Stewardship scheme	0	2	2	0		
Natural England - Stewardship scheme	0	7	6	-1		
Apprentice Incentive Scheme	0	2	2	0		
Total Environment & Communities - Specific Purpose	240	1,709	784	-925		
General Use (Held Corporately)						
TOTAL ENVIRONMENT & COMMUNITIES	240	1,709	784	-925		

#### Notes

- 1 The Dedicated Schools Grant, Pupil Premium Grant, Sixth Form Grant and Other School Specific Grant from the Education Funding Agency (EFA) figures are based on actual anticipated allocations. Changes are for in-year increases/decreases to allocations by the DfE and conversions to academy status.
- 2 SRE Supplementary Revenue Estimate requested by relevant service.
- 3 ODR Officer Decision Record to approve immediate budget change to relevant service.
- 4 Reserves transfer to reserves at year end.
- 5 Balances amount will be included as a variance to budget.

### **Table 2 – DECISION DELEGATED TO OFFICERS**

Supplementary Revenue Estimate Requests for Allocation of Additional Grant Funding (Specific Purpose) £500,000 or less

Committee	Year	Type of Grant	£000	Details	
Environment and Communities	2023/24	Planning Skills Delivery Fund (Specific Purpose)	100	This is a new grant from the Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities (DLUHC). Funding from DLUHC to provide support to Local Planning Authorities which will assist in clearing the backlogs of planning applications in preparation for future planning reforms.	
Environment and Communities	2023/24	Smoke control areas new burdens funding (Specific Purpose)	12	This is a new grant from the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA). Funding has been provided for focused work on domestic fuel burning through the smoke control area regime. This is linked to national air quality priorities around the reduction of particulate matter.	
Environment and Communities	2023/24	Offensive Weapons (Specific Purpose)	10	This is a new grant from the Home Office. Funding is provided to support education and awareness raising, investigation and enforcement activities around the legal and illegal sale of offensive weapons.	
Environment and Communities	2023/24	Section 31 grant - Biodiversity net gain (Specific Purpose)	43	Increase on Financial Review 3 forecast. This grant is from the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA). This funding will allow the Planning service to adopt the mandatory	

Committee	Year	Type of Grant	£000	Details
				Biodiversity Net Gain approach to Development coming into force in 2023, to ensure that natural habitats are extended or improved as part of a project or development.
Environment and Communities	2023/24	Taxi and PHV Database Payment Notification (Specific Purpose)	1	This grant is a new grant from the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA). It provides a small amount of funding for local licensing authorities for the submission of data on licensed vehicles. This is to support the Secretary of State in creating a national database for the purposes of enforcing air quality measures notably those within Clean Air Zones.
Total Specific Purpose Alle	ocations l	ess than £500,000	166	

## 3. Debt Management

	Outstanding Debt £000	Over 6 months old £000
Environment and Communities Committee		
Environment and Neighbourhood Services	384	189

Total outstanding debt has increased from £325k at Third Financial Review to £384k at 31st March 2024. Debt over 6 months old has reduced from £214k to £189k.

## 4. Capital Strategy

### **Table 1 Capital Programme**

Environment & Communities	Environment & Communities  CAPITAL  CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2023/24 - 2026/27											C	APITAL
				Forecast Exp	enditure				Fo	recast Funding			
Scheme Description	Total Approved Budget £000	Prior Years £000	Outturn 2023/24 £000	Forecast Budget 2024/25 £000	Forecast Budget 2025/26 £000	Forecast Budget 2026/27 £000	Total Forecast Budget 2023-27 £000	Grants £000	External Contributions £000	Revenue Contributions £000	Capital Receipts £000	Prudential Borrowing £000	Total Funding £000
Committed Schemes in progress													
Environment Services													
Arnold Rhodes Public Open Space Improvements Phase 2	90	89	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	4
Bereavement Service Data System	35	6	1	28	0	0	29	0	0	29	0	0	29
Carbon Offset Investment	568	78	59	131	300	0	490	0	0	0	0	490	490
Chelford Village Hall Open Space and Sport Improvements	164	115	5	45	0	0	50	0	50	0	0	0	50
Church Lane Community Park Development	95	93	2	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	2
Congleton Household Waste Recycling Centre Development	20	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Energy Improvements at Cledford Lane	985	890	18	77	0	0	95	0	0	0	0	95	95
Future High Street Funding - Sustainable Energy Network	1,780	289	859	633	0	0	1,491	1,491	0	0	0	0	1,491
Green Investment Scheme (Solar Farm)	3,950	339	1,940	1,665	6	0	3,611	0	0	0	0	3,611	3,611
Hassall Road Play Area Improvements	77	77	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
Household Bins Schemes	328	0	328	0	0	0	328	0	0	328	0	0	328
Household Waste Recycling Centres	860	39	9	797	15	0	821	0	0	0	0	821	821
Litter and Recycling Bins	208	111	8	42	25	22	97	0	0	0	0	97	97
Little Lindow Open Space Improvements	69	63	6	0	0	0	6	0	6	0	0	0	(
Nantwich Cemetery Roadway Extension	75	72	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	;
Newtown Sports Facilities Improvements	99	81	0	18	0	0	18	0	18	0	0	0	18
Park Development Fund	871	577	93	78	36	87	295	0	0	0	0	295	295
Pastures Wood De-carbonisation	51	31	4	16	0	0	20	0	0	20	0	0	20
Pitch Improvements - Alderley Edge Park and Chorley Hall Lane	29	13	16	0	0	0	16	0	12	0	0	4	16
Queens Park Lake Planting	18	17	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	
Queens Park Play Area Improvements	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Rotherhead Drive Open Space and Play Area	141	113	4	3	7	14	28	0	28	0	0	0	28
Solar Energy Generation	14,180	48	43	1,987	10,800	1,302	14,132	0	0	0	0	14,132	14,13
Victoria Park Pitch Improvements	29	5	23	1	0	0	24	0	24	0	0	0	24
Woodland South of Coppice Way, Handforth	22	0	1	21	0	0	22	0	22	0	0	0	22
Wynbunbury Parish Open Space	4	0	0	4	0	0	4	0	4	0	0	0	4

### Environment & Communities CAPITAL

			(	CAPITAL PRO	OGRAMME 20	23/24 - 2026/2	?7						
	Forecast Expenditure								Forecast Funding				
Scheme Description	Total Approved Budget £000	Prior Years £000	Outturn 2023/24 £000	Forecast Budget 2024/25 £000	Forecast Budget 2025/26 £000	Forecast Budget 2026/27 £000	Total Forecast Budget 2023-27 £000	Grants £000	External Contributions £000	Revenue Contributions £000	Capital Receipts £000	Prudential Borrowing £000	Total Funding £000
Committed Schemes in progress													
Neighbourhood Services													
Congleton Leisure Centre	13,000	12,676	287	38	0	0	324	0	20	0	0	304	324
Crewe Towns Fund - Valley Brook Green Corridor	3,339	167	160	2,372	640	0	3,172	3,172	0	0	0	0	3,172
Crewe Towns Fund - Cumberland Arena	2,392	120	9	1,439	825	0	2,272	2,272	0	0	0	0	2,272
Crewe Towns Fund - Pocket Parks	1,272	74	578	227	393	0	1,198	1,198	0	0	0	0	1,198
Macclesfield Leisure Centre Improvements	3,865	3,398	467	0	0	0	467	0	0	0	0	467	467
Middlewich Leisure Centre	60	51	0	9	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	9	-07
Libraries - Next Generation - Self Service	374	329	6	38	0	0	44	0	0	0	0	44	44
Poynton Leisure Centre	014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Planning Services													
Regulatory Systems & Environmental Health ICT System	313	267	12	34	0	0	46	0	0	30	0	17	46
Replacement CCTV Cameras	301	135	167	0	0	0	167	0	0	68	0	99	167
Total Committed Schemes	49,764	20,481	5,105	9,706	13,047	1,425	29,284	8,133	188	477	0	20,485	29,284
New Schemes													
Environment Services													
Barony Skate Park Refurbishment	100	0	100	0	0	0	100	98	0	0	0	2	100
Booth Bed Lane, Goostrey	140	0	0	140	0	0	140	100	40	0	0	0	140
Bosley Village Play Area	20	0	0	20	0	0	20	0	20	0	0	0	20
Browns Lane Play Area (2024/25)	12	0	0	12	0	0	12	0	12	0	0	0	12
Carnival Fields	42	0	0	42	0	0	42	0	42	0	0	0	42
Chelford Village Hall Phase 2	61	0	0	61	0	0	61	0	61	0	0	0	61
Cremator Flue Gas Modifications	30	0	0	30	0	0	30	0	0	0	0	30	30
Crewe Crematorium and Macclesfield Crematorium Major	30	0	14	16	0	0	30	0	0	30	0	0	30
Elworth Park	52	0	0	52	0	0	52	0	52	0	0	0	52
Fleet EV Transition	6,897	0	39	2,557	4,301	0	6,897	0	0	0	0	6,897	6,897
Fleet Vehicle Electric Charging	585	0	155	334	96	0	585	0	0	0	0	585	585
Fountain Fields Inclusive Improvements	29	0	29	0	0	0	29	0	29	0	0	0	29
Grounds Maintenance Management ICT System	121	0	101	20	0	0	121	0	0	0	0	121	121
Jim Evison Playing Fields	161	0	0	161	0	0	161	0	161	0	0	0	161

### Environment & Communities CAPITAL

CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2023/24 - 2026/27													
				Forecast Exp	enditure			Forecast Funding					
Scheme Description	Total Approved Budget £000	Prior Years £000	Outturn 2023/24 £000	Forecast Budget 2024/25 £000	Forecast Budget 2025/26 £000	Forecast Budget 2026/27 £000	Total Forecast Budget 2023-27 £000	Grants £000	External Contributions £000	Revenue Contributions £000	Capital Receipts £000	Prudential Borrowing £000	Total Funding £000
New Schemes													
Longridge Open Space Improvement Project	66	0	0	66	0	0	66	0	66	0	0	0	66
Macclesfield Chapel Refurbishment	429	0	22	407	0	0	429	0	0	22	0	407	429
Main Road, Langley	259	0	0	259	0	0	259	0	259	0	0	0	259
Park Lane, Poynton	39	0	0	39	0	0	39	0	39	0	0	0	39
Park Play, Meriton Road & Stanley Hall	10	0	0	10	0	0	10	0	10	0	0	0	10
Pear Tree Play Area, Stapeley Improvements	7	0	1	6	0	0	7	0	7	0	0	0	7
Queens Park Bowling Green	17	0	0	17	0	0	17	0	17	0	0	0	17
Shaw Heath Recreation Ground	22	0	3	19	0	0	22	0	22	0	0	0	22
Stanley Hall Improvements	55	0	0	55	0	0	55	20	35	0	0	0	55
The Carrs Improvement Project	61	0	0	61	0	0	61	0	61	0	0	0	61
The Moor, Knutsford	36	0	0	36	0	0	36	0	17	0	0	19	36
Tytherington Public Art	10	0	0	10	0	0	10	0	10	0	0	0	10
Unsafe Cemetery Memorials	35	0	9	26	0	0	35	0	0	0	0	35	35
Victoria Park Amenity Improvements	20	0	9	11	0	0	20	0	20	0	0	0	20
West Park Open Space & Sports Improvements	120	0	23	98	0	0	120	0	120	0	0	0	120
Wilmslow Town Council - Villas	81	0	0	81	0	0	81	34	14	0	0	34	81
Wybunbury St Chad's Closed Cemetery	219	0	0	219	0	0	219	0	0	0	0	219	219
Total New Schemes	1,798	0	506	4,865	4,397	0	9,768	251	1,115	52	0	8,349	9,768
Total Environment and Communities Schemes	51,563	20,481	5,611	14,571	17,444	1,425	39,051	8,384	1,303	529	0	28,835	39,051

Table 2 Delegated Decision - Supplementary Capital Estimates (SCEs) and Capital Budget Virements

Committee / Capital Scheme	Amount Requested	Reason and Funding Source			
	£				
Supplementary Capital Estimates that have been ma	de up to £500,0	00			
Environment Services					
Arnold Rhodes Public Open Space Improvements Phase 2	1,320	To increase the approved budgets to fund in-year expenditure - fully			
Little Lindow Open Space Improvements	181	funded by S106 contributions.			
West Park Open Space & Sports Improvements	82,406	To increase the approved budget to a total amount of £120.452, the increase is fully funded by a S106 contribution			
Leisure Services					
Congleton Leisure Centre	20,000	Additional S106 contribution to part fund the Skate Park Facility at Congleton Leisure Centre			
Environmental Health					
Replacement CCTV Cameras	293	Increase in budget required to cover in -year overspend. Project is now complete			
Total Supplementary Capital Estimates Requested	104,200				

Service / Capital Scheme	Amount Requested £	Reason and Funding Source
Capital Budget Virements that have been made up to	£500,000	
Environment Services		
Pitch Improvements - Alderley Edge Park and Chorley Hall Lane Playing Fields	4,201	To increase the approved budget to fund in-year expenditure - contribution vired from the park Development Fund
Future High Street Funding - Sustainable Energy Network	63,333	To re-align the Public Sector Decarbonisation Fund budgets, to match where the expenditure was incurred.
Leisure Services		
Congleton Leisure Centre	120,211	Virement from the Premises Capital budget as agreed to cover remedial works.
Total Capital Budget Virements Approved	187,745	
Total Supplementary Capital Estimates and Virements	291,944	

Table 3 For information - Capital Budget Reductions to be noted by Finance Sub Committee

Committee / Capital Scheme	Approved Budget	Revised Approval	Reduction	Reason and Funding Source							
	£	£	£								
Finance Sub Committee are asked to note the reductions in Approved Budgets											
Environment & Communities											
Environment Services											
Future high Street Funding - Centralised Budget	32,302,627	32,292,627	10,000	Allocation from UK Shared Prosperity Fund not as high as added to the budget.							
Park Development Fund	873,664	871,264	2,400	Budget reduction - need to fund the shortfall in funding on Barony Skate Part from FCC							
Longridge Contaminated Land	22,000	0	22,000	Duplicate scheme approved in the MTFS, budget is already approved in the Shaw Heath Recreation Ground project							
West Park, Macclesfield	102,102	0	102,102	Duplicate scheme approved in the MTFS, budget is already approved in the West Park Open Space & Sports Improvements project							
	33,300,393	33,163,891	136,502								

## **5. Reserves Strategy**

### **Environment and Communities Committee**

Name of Reserve	Opening Balance 1 April 2023	Forecast Movement in Reserves 2023/24	Forecast Closing Balance 31 March 2024	Notes
	£000	£000	£000	
<b>Environment and Neighbourhood Serv</b>	<u>ices</u>			
Strategic Planning	568	0	568	To meet costs associated with the Local Plan - site allocations, minerals and waste DPD.
Trees / Structures Risk Management	166	(27)	139	New reserve to respond to increases in risks relating to the environment, in particular the management of trees, structures and dealing with adverse weather events.
Spatial Planning - revenue grant	89	(76)	13	Funding IT costs over 4 years.
Neighbourhood Planning	82	0	82	To match income and expenditure.
Air Quality	36	0	36	Air Quality Management - DEFRA Action Plan. Relocating electric vehicle charge point in Congleton.
Street Cleansing	26	(4)	22	Committed expenditure on voluntary litter picking equipment and electric blowers.
Community Protection	17	(17)	0	£4k illicit tobacco grant; £13k Natasha's Law grant.
Licensing Enforcement	8	0	8	Three year reserve to fund a third party review and update of the Cheshire East Council Taxi Licensing Enforcement Policies.
Flood Water Management	2	0	2	Relating to Public Information Works.
(Emergency Planning)				-
ENVIRONMENT AND COMMUNITIES TOTAL	994	(124)	870	

# **Appendix 6: Highways and Transport Committee**

### **Contents**

- 1. 2023/24 Final Outturn and Commentary
- 2. Corporate Grants Register
  - **Table 1: Highways and Transport Committee Grants**
  - Table 2: Delegated Decision Additional Grant Funding (Specific Purpose) £500,000 or less
- 3. Debt Management
- 4. Capital Strategy
  - **Table 1: Capital Programme**
  - **Table 2: Delegated Decision Supplementary Capital Estimates (SCEs)**
  - Table 3: Requests for Supplementary Capital Estimates (SCEs) and Virements for Committee Approval
  - Table 4: Requests for Supplementary Capital Estimates (SCEs) and Virements for Finance Sub Committee Approval
  - **Table 5: Capital Budget Reductions**
- 5. Reserves Strategy

## Appendix 6

## **Highways and Transport Committee**

### 1. 2023/24 Final Outturn and Commentary

2023/24	Revised Budget (NET)	Outturn	Variance	Forecast Variance FR3	Movement from FR3 to Outturn
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Highways & Infrastructure	21,100	19,620	(1,480)	(186)	(1,294)

### **Outturn Commentary:**

#### Place Outturn 2023/24

Overall the Place Directorate is reporting an underspend of £3.6m at outturn against a £94.1m budget. Pressures from planning income, waste, car park income and energy have been managed through vacancy management and reducing expenditure. This is an improvement of £3.7m since the third financial review mainly as a result of use of reserves and additional income.

### **Highways & Transport Committee**

Highways & Infrastructure are reporting an underspend of £1.5m against a net budget of £21.1m. This is a £1.3m improvement over the forecast reported at the third finance review.

The key reasons for the underspend are:

#### Car Parking: £0.4m overspend

- Mainly temporary issues relating to: delayed MTFS savings +£1.6m; additional income from existing parking charges exceeding budgets -£653k; vacancy management -£448k (whilst there is a saving due to vacancies being not filled these role are net revenue generating over time); lower fines income +£130k; stopping expenditure -£126k; and other income increases -£46k.

This is an improvement of £0.4m from the third finance review with key differences relating to:

- Car parking income -£247k improvement
- Vacancy management -£29k
- Enforcement income -£41k
- Stopping expenditure -£127k

#### **Strategic Transport**: -£0.3m underspend.

- Mainly temporary issues relating to: vacancy management -£294k.

This is an improvement of £0.3m from the third finance review.

#### Highways: £0.6m underspend

- Mainly temporary issues relating to: operational pressures relating to Street Lighting +£451k and Adverse Weather +£115k; vacancy management -£125k; and increased income -£1,056k.

This is an improvement of £0.2m from the third finance review with key differences relating to vacancy management and over-achievement of income.

#### HS2: £0.6m underspend

Mainly temporary issues relating to: release of the HS2 earmarked reserve -£400k; vacancy management -£122k; reduced consultancy spend -£73k; additional income -£21k (contributions and recharges to capital).

This is an improvement of £33k from the third finance review.

**Note:** There will be a review focussing on the specific areas where there were major variances to see whether they are a one-off variance, or if there is an underlying budget variance that needs to be addressed in 2024/25. Findings will be reported at the next Highways and Transport Committee meeting.

## **Highways and Transport Committee**

## 2. Corporate Grants Register

- 4.1 Cheshire East Council receives two main types of Government grants; specific purpose grants and general use grants. Specific purpose grants are held within the relevant service with a corresponding expenditure budget. Whereas general use grants are held in central budgets with a corresponding expenditure budget within the allocated service area.
- 4.2 Spending in relation to specific purpose grants must be in line with the purpose for which it is provided.

- 4.3 **Table 1** provides a detailed listing of all Highways and Transport Committee related grants, their movements between the reporting period and the treatment of the grant.
- 4.4 **Table 2** shows additional specific purpose grant allocations that have been received which are £500,000 or less and are for noting only.

### Table 1 – CORPORATE GRANTS REGISTER

Grants 2023/24	Original Budget	Revised Forecast FR3	Final Outturn	Change from Revised Forecast FR3	Treatment of Grant Notes 2 - 5	
	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000		
HIGHWAYS & TRANSPORT	2000	2000	2000	2000	7,0,00 2	
Specific Purpose (Held within Services)						
Bus Service Operators Grant	0	348	0	-348		
Bus Capacity Grant - brought-forward	0	179	179	0		
Bus Capacity Grant - carried-forward	0	0	-159	-159		
Bus Recovery - brought-forward	0	219	0	-219		
Bus Recovery - carried-forward	0	0	-150	-150		
Local Transport Fund - brought-forward	0	0	410	410		
Local Transport Fund	0	390	546	157 S	RE	
Local Transport Fund - carried-forward	0	0	-219	-219		
Better Deal for Buses - Supported Bus Services - brought-forward	0	320	320	0		
Better Deal for Buses - Rural Mobility Grant - brought-forward	0	5	5	0		
Bus Support Grant - brought-forward	0	147	147	0		
Bus Support Grant - carried-forward	0	0	-147	-147		
Local Authority Capability Fund - brought-forward	0	154	154	0		
Local Authority Capability Fund	0	0	215	215 S	RE	
Local Authority Capability Fund - carried-forward	0	0	-125	-125		
LTA Enhanced Partnership Grant - brought-forward	0	171	171	0		
LTA Enhanced Partnership Grant - carried-forward	0	0	-171	-171		
Local Electric Vehicle Infrastructure (LEVI) - brought-forward	0	0	70	70		
Local Electric Vehicle Infrastructure (LEVI)	0	230	159	-70		
Local Electric Vehicle Infrastructure (LEVI) - carried-forward	0	0	-230	-230		
Bus Service Improvement Plan+ (BSIP+)	0	1,188	1,188	0		
Bus Service Improvement Plan+ (BSIP+) - carried-forward	0	0	-1,007	-1,007		
Bus Fare Cap Grant	0	1	2	1 S	RE	
Active Travel Capability Fund	0	72	72	0		
Active Travel Capability Fund - carried-forward	0	0	-72	-72		
PLACE DIRECTORATE - Duty to Consult before felling street trees	0	0	3	3 S	RE	
PLACE DIRECTORATE - Duty to Consult before felling street trees	0	0	-3	-3		
Total Highways & Transport - Specific Purpose	0	3,422	1,358	-2,063		

Grants 2023/24	Original Budget	Revised Forecast FR3	Final Outturn	Change from Revised Forecast FR3	Treatment of Grant
	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	Notes 2 - 5
HIGHWAYS & TRANSPORT					
Specific Purpose (Held within Services)					
General Use (Held Corporately)					
Pavement Licensing - New Burdens	0	13	13	0	
Total Highways & Transport - General Use	0	13	13	0	
TOTAL HIGHWAYS & TRANSPORT	0	3,434	1,371	-2,063	

#### Notes

<sup>1</sup> The Dedicated Schools Grant, Pupil Premium Grant, Sixth Form Grant and Other School Specific Grant from the Education Funding Agency (EFA) figures are based on actual anticipated allocations. Changes are for in-year increases/decreases to allocations by the DfE and conversions to academy status.

<sup>2</sup> SRE - Supplementary Revenue Estimate requested by relevant service.

<sup>3</sup> ODR - Officer Decision Record to approve immediate budget change to relevant service.

<sup>4</sup> Reserves - transfer to reserves at year end.

<sup>5</sup> Balances - amount will be included as a variance to budget.

#### Table 2 - DECISION DELEGATED TO OFFICERS

Supplementary Revenue Estimate Requests for Allocation of Additional Grant Funding (Specific Purpose) £500,000 or less

Committee	Year	Type of Grant	£000	Details
Highways and Transport	2023/24	Local Transport Fund (Specific Purpose)	157	Increase on Financial Review 3 forecast. This is a grant from the Department for Transport (DfT). The Local Transport Fund (LTF) has been extended from 1 April 2023 to 30 June 2023. The LTF is a successor grant scheme to the Bus Recovery Grant paid to local authorities (hereafter LTA BRG). This funding is provided to Local Transport Authorities (LTAs) for the provision of bus services which require local authority support, including tendered bus services.
Highways and Transport	2023/24	Local Authority Capability Fund (Specific Purpose)	215	This is a new grant from the Department for Transport (DfT). To develop walking, cycling and wheeling schemes with a clear focus on building capability and technical skills within the Council, including good quality local community engagement.
Highways and Transport	2023/24	Bus Fare Cap Grant (Specific Purpose)	1	Increase on Financial Review 3 forecast. This is a grant from the Department for Transport DfT). This specifically provides financial support, in the same way as the Bus Service Operators Grant (BSOG), to one local bus operator which is not BSOG registered.

Committee	Year	Type of Grant	£000	Details
Highways and Transport	2023/24	Duty to Consult before felling street trees (Specific Purpose)	3	This is a new grant from the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA). For production of data on or an estimate of the number of street trees in Cheshire East Council.
Total Specific Purpose Allo	ocations l	ess than £500,000	376	

## **Highways and Transport Committee**

## 3. Debt Management

	Outstanding Debt £000	Over 6 months old £000
Highways and Transport Committee Highways and Infrastructure	1,598	678

As at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024, Total Outstanding Debt was £1,598k. This is an increase of £522k from Third Financial Review. This increase is largely due to a small number of invoices in February 2024 to other Local Authorities, some of which have since been paid. Debt over 6 months old has increased from £642k to £678k.

## **Highways and Transport Committee**

## 4. Capital Strategy

### **Table 1 Capital Programme**

Highways & Transport CAPITAL

	CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2023/24 - 2026/27												
	Forecast Expenditure								Fo	recast Funding			
Scheme Description	Total Approved Budget £000	Prior Years £000	Outturn 2023/24 £000	Forecast Budget 2024/25 £000	Forecast Budget 2025/26 £000	Forecast Budget 2026/27 £000	Total Forecast Budget 2023-27 £000	Grants £000	External Contributions £000	Revenue Contributions £000	Capital Receipts £000	Prudential Borrowing £000	Total Funding £000
Committed Schemes in progress													
Highways A532 Safer Road Fund Scheme A536 Safer Road Fund Scheme A537 Safer Road Fund Scheme Air Quality Action Plan Alderley Edge Bypass Scheme Implementation Bridge Maintenance Minor Wks Client Contract and Asset Mgmt Highway Maintenance Minor Works Highway Pothole/Challenge Fund Jack Mills Way Part 1 Claims Local Highway Measures Programme Management Road Safety Schemes Minor Wks Traffic Signal Maintenance Traffic Signs and Bollards - LED Replacement	1,223 2,404 2,733 473 60,611 10,037 729 53,864 8,353 300 7,468 1,229 6,073 518	346 1,817 2,001 339 60,358 7,641 393 36,919 8,074 285 6,531 967 5,528 518 913	331 108 154 81 2 2,395 93 16,697 24 14 342 262 416 -1 98	546 479 578 52 252 0 244 248 255 1 594 0 128 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	876 587 732 134 253 2,395 336 16,945 279 15 937 262 544 0	777 493 489 108 0 1,637 176 12,764 0 561 262 374 0	0 0 0 10 0 0 0 0 0 15 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	99 94 243 15 253 758 160 4,181 279 0 376 0 170 0	876 587 732 134 253 2,395 336 16,945 279 15 937 262 544 0
Winter Service Facility	957	577	97	153	130	0	381	-42	0	0	0	423	381
Infrastructure A500 Dualling scheme A50 / A54 Holmes Chapel A54 / A533 Leadsmithy Street, Middlewich A6 MARR CMM Handforth	89,456 603 563 1,266	10,415 92 152 505	616 8 24 527	1,000 503 387 70	1,000 0 0 164	76,425 0 0	79,041 511 411 761	74,125 0 0 214	4,300 511 411 59	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	616 0 0 488	79041 511 411 761
A6 MARR Technical Design A556 Knutsford to Bowdon Peacock Roundabout Junction Congleton Link Road Crewe Green Link Road	473 504 750 88,443 26,636	277 361 0 71,453 26,607	3 6 2 810 29	194 137 748 3,387 0	0 0 0 4,229 0	0 0 0 8,565 0	196 143 750 16,990 29	70 0 0 316 0	127 143 750 14,130 29	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 2,545 0	196 143 750 16,990 29
Crewe Green Roundabout Flowerpot Phs 1 & Pinchpoint	7,500 10,037	7,056 1,437	1 73	245 6,263	197 2,265	0 0	444 8,601	0 2,139	444 726	0	0	0 5,736	444 8,601

			(	CAPITAL PRO	GRAMME 20	23/24 - 2026/2	27						
	Forecast Expenditure								Forecast Funding				
Scheme Description	Total Approved Budget £000	Prior Years £000	Outturn 2023/24 £000	Forecast Budget 2024/25 £000	Forecast Budget 2025/26 £000	Forecast Budget 2026/27 £000	Total Forecast Budget 2023-27 £000	Grants £000	External Contributions £000	Revenue Contributions £000	Capital Receipts £000	Prudential Borrowing £000	Total Funding £000
Committed Schemes in progress													
Future High Street Funding - Adaptive Signals Future High Street Funding - Earle Street Link Future High Street Funding - Flag Lane Link Future High Street Funding - Southern Gateway Highways & Infrastructure S106 Funded Schemes Infrastructure Scheme Development Middlewich Eastern Bypass Mill Street Corridor - Station Link Project North-West Crewe Package Old Mill Road / The Hill Junction	509 37 1,558 5,118 2,838 325 94,357 1,534 51,366 1,325	276 36 358 443 1,236 0 20,247 0 22,374	179 1 891 875 255 10 5,990 92 20,734 15	54 0 13 3,800 1,257 215 500 1,442 5,721 1,137	0 0 296 0 89 100 18,785 0 435	0 0 0 0 0 0 48,834 0 2,102	233 1 1,200 4,674 1,601 325 74,110 1,534 28,992 1,152	29 0 1,200 4,674 286 325 46,779 950 0	203 1 0 0 1,315 0 12,816 284 23,345 1,152	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 14,515 300 5,647	233 1 1,200 4,674 1,601 325 74,110 1,534 28,992 1,152
Poynton Relief Road Sydney Road Bridge	52,617 10,501	43,682 10,105	2,602 7	2,351 133	396 198	3,587 59	8,935 396	2,236 0	4,647 396	0	1,000 0	1,052 0	8,935 396
Strategic Transport and Parking Active Travel Fund Active Travel (Cycling / Walking Route) Investment Available Walking Routes On-street Residential Charging Route 55 Middlewood Way on Black Lane Sustainable Travel Access Prog Sustainable Modes of Travel to Schools Strategy (SMOTSS) Public Transport Infrastructure Local Access - Crewe Transport Access Studies Local Access - Macclesfield Transport Access Studies Middlewich Rail Study Local LTP Strategy Studies Digital Car Parking Solutions Pay and Display Parking Meters Car Parking Improvements (including residents parking)	2,187 2,985 1 451 700 2,949 756 1,265 400 300 20 750 140 620 322	575 2,570 0 41 116 1,626 625 1,006 88 61 0 430 93 607 266	153 195 0 217 578 412 131 128 -0 0 0	1,458 220 1 193 6 911 0 131 312 239 20 321 19 13	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1,612 415 1 410 584 1,324 131 259 312 239 20 320 47 13 56	1,612 350 1 310 584 1,324 131 259 312 239 20 320 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 65 0 100 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1,612 415 1 410 584 1,324 131 259 312 239 20 320 47 13
Total Committed Schemes	620,382	358,595	56,676	37,184	28,355	139,571	261,787	156,403	65,815	10	1,000	38,559	261,787

CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2023/24 - 2026/27													
				Forecast Exp	enditure			Forecast Funding					
Scheme Description	Total Approved Budget £000	Prior Years £000	Outturn 2023/24 £000	Forecast Budget 2024/25 £000	Forecast Budget 2025/26 £000	Forecast Budget 2026/27 £000	Total Forecast Budget 2023-27 £000	Grants £000	External Contributions £000	Revenue Contributions £000	Capital Receipts £000	Prudential Borrowing £000	Tota Funding £000
New Schemes													
Highways													
Footpath Maintenance - Slurry Sealing & Reconstruction Works	619	0	514	105	0	0	619	619	0	0	0	0	619
Managing and Maintaining Highways	9,331	0	0	4,619	4,712	0	9,331	0	0	0	0	9,331	9,331
Network North	3,316	0	0	3,316	0	0	3,316	3,316	0	0	0	0	3,316
Pothole Funding	17,397	0	0	5,799	5,799	5,799	17,397	17,397	0	0	0	0	17,397
Integrated Block - LTP	6,009	0	0	2,003	2,003	2,003	6,009	6,009	0	0	0	0	6,009
Maintenance Block - LTP, plus CE funding for inflationary rise	21,287	0	0	7,609	7,878	5,799	21,287	17,397	0	0	0	3,890	21,287
Incentive Fund - LTP	4,350	0	0	1,450	1,450	1,450	4,350	4,350	0	0	0	0	4,350
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Strategic Transport and Parking		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	O
A538 Waters Roundabout Pedestrian and Cyclist Crossing	140	0	87	53	0	0	140	140	0	0	0	0	140
Active Travel Fund Tranche 4E	674	0	0	674	0	0	674	674	0	0	0	0	674
Bollin Valley / Greater Bollin Trail	100	0	89	11	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	0	100
Park Lane – Ayreshire Way, Congleton Walking and Cycling	250	0	14	236	0	0	250	250	0	0	0	0	250
LEVI Capital Fund 23/24	2,172	0	0	2,172	0	0	2,172	2,172	0	0	0	0	2,172
'	,	0	0	0	0	0	Ó	0	0	0	0	0	· (
Infrastructure		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
A500 Corridor OBC Update	2,435	0	0	1,217	1,218	0	2,435	2,435	0	0	0	0	2435
Total New Schemes	68,079	0	704	29,264	23,060	15,051	68,079	54,859	0	0	0	13,221	68,079
Total Highways & Transport	688,462	358,595	57,380	66,448	51,415	154,622	329,866	211,262	65,815	10	1,000	51,780	329,866

**Table 2 Delegated Decision - Supplementary Capital Estimates (SCEs)** 

Committee / Capital Scheme	Amount Requested	Reason and Funding Source
	£	
Supplementary Capital Estimates that have b	een made up to £500,	,000
Infrastructure		
Future High Street Funding - Earle Street Link	2,715	The Future High Street Funding element on this project has been exhausted, budget increase to incorporate S106 funds available to fund the additional expenditure to date.
Highways		
West Street, Crewe	501	Project funded by Developer Deposit, additional budget relates to the interest earned and applied to the deposit
Tytherington Lane, Macclesfield S106 - Traffic Calming Measures	5,844	To add additional S106 funding to cover the costs to the project.
Bollin Valley / Greater Bollin Trail A538 Waters Roundabout Pedestrian and Cyclist Crossing Park Lane – Ayrshire Way, Congleton	100,000 140,000 250,000	Schemes with allocations from the UK Shared Prosperity Fund.
Walking and Cycling  Total Supplementary Capital Estimates Requested	499,060	

Service / Capital Scheme	Amount Requested £	Reason and Funding Source			
Capital Budget Virements that have been made up to £500,000					
Highways					
West Street, Crewe	4,077	Project funding shortfall to be funded by Department for Transport grant originally allocated to Public Transport Infrastructure.			
Sustainable Modes of Travel to Schools Strategy (SMOTSS)	10,751	Project funding shortfall to be funded by Department for Transport grant originally allocated to Active Travel (Cycling / Walking Route) Investment.			
Programme Management	17,986				
Bridge Maintenance Minor Wks	167,617	Virements at Outturn to cover overspends.			
Crewe Green Link Road	10,323	Virement from "Client Contract and Asset Management" project to cover overspend.			
Total Capital Budget Virements Approved	210,754				
Total Supplementary Capital Estimates and Virements	709,814				

### Table 3 Requests for Supplementary Capital Estimates (SCEs) and Virements for Committee Approval

Committee / Capital Scheme	Amount Requested	Reason and Funding Source
Supplementary Capital Estimates above £500,000 up to	o and including £1,000,000	
Highways & Transport		
Transport		
Active Travel Fund Tranche 4E	673,786	Active Travel Fund payment for the middle section of the Manchester Road scheme between Wilmslow and Handforth.
Total Supplementary Capital Estimates Requested	673,786	
Total Supplementary Capital Estimates and Virements	673,786	

Table 4 Requests for Supplementary Capital Estimates (SCEs) and Virements for Finance Sub Committee Approval

Committee	Amount Requested	Reason and Funding Source	
	£		
Finance Sub Committee are to approve the Capital Virements and SCEs			
Supplementary Capital SCEs over £1,000,000			
Highways & Transport			
Highways			
Network North	3,316,000	Additional allocation of funding via the Network North initiative.	
Transport			
LEVI Capital Fund 23/24	2,172,000	Grant funding received in respect of the Local Electric Vehicle Infrastructure (LEVI) fund.	
Total Supplementary Capital Estimates Requested	5,488,000		
Total Supplementary Virements Estimates	5,488,000		

**Table 5 Capital Budget Reductions** 

Committee / Capital Scheme	Approved Budget	Revised Approval	Reduction	Reason and Funding Source
Finance Sub Committee are asked to note the reductions in Approved Budgets  Highways & Transport	£	£	£	
Transport				
Sustainable Travel Access Programme	3,495,944	2,948,811	(547,133)	Due to the reduced scope of this project, the Cheshire East and S106 funding is no longer required, the remaining forecast cost of the scheme will be covered by grant.
	3,495,944	2,948,811	(547,133)	

## **Highways and Transport Committee**

## 5. Reserves Strategy

### **Highways and Transport Committee**

Name of Reserve	Opening <sub>N</sub> Balance 1 April 2023	Forecast lovement in Reserves 2023/24	Forecast Closing Balance 31 March 2024	Notes
	£000	£000	£000	
Highways and Infrastructure				
HS2	785	(400)	385	To support the Council's ongoing programme in relation to Government's HS2 investment across the borough and Transport for the North's Northern Powerhouse Rail Business Case.
Flood Recovery Works	400	0	400	To be utilised for repairs due to any adverse weather events.
Parking Pay and Display Machines / Parking Studies	178	(178)	0	Reserve to be used to implement the parking savings agreed in the February 2023 MTFS.
Highways Procurement Proj	104	0	104	To finance the development of the next Highway Service Contract. Depot mobilisation costs, split over 7 years from start of contract in 2018.
LEP-Local Transport Body	19	0	19	To fund the business case work for re-opening the Middlewich rail line. The remaining reserve will be fully required in 2023/24.
HIGHWAYS AND TRANSPORT TOTAL	1,486	(578)	908	

# **Appendix 7:** Finance Sub-Committee

### **Contents**

- 1. Final Outturn and Commentary
- 2. Council Tax and NNDR
- 3. Corporate Grants Register
  - **Table 1: Summary of Grants**
  - **Table 2: Finance Sub-Committee Grants**
  - Table 3: Delegated Decision Additional Grant Funding (General Purpose) £500,000 or less
- 4. Debt Management
- 5. Capital Strategy
  - **Table 1: Financial Parameters**
  - **Table 2: Capital Programme Summary**
  - **Table 3: Capital Programme Update**
  - **Table 4: Delegated Decisions for Committee to Note**
  - Table 5: Capital Supplementary Estimates and Virements for Approval
  - **Table 6: Capital Budget Reductions for Committee to Note**
- 6. Reserves Strategy

## Appendix 7

## **Finance Sub-Committee**

## 1. Final Outturn and Commentary

2023/24	Revised Budget	Outturn	Variance	Forecast Variance FR3	Movement from FR3 to Outturn
	(NET)			FRS	Outlum
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
CENTRAL BUDGETS					
Capital Financing	26,877	26,879	2	-	2
Transfer to/(from) Earmarked Reserves	(25,669)	(25,668)	1	-	1
Other Income/Expenditure	687	(17)	(704)	-	(704)
Past Service Pensions	-	-	-	-	-
Credit Losses	(650)	(584)	66	500	(434)
Income from Use of Capital Receipts	(1,000)	(3,138)	(2,138)	(1,600)	(538)
Apprenticeship Levy	-	-	-	-	-
Central Budgets	245	(2,529)	(2,774)	(1,100)	(1,674)
TOTAL NET EXPENDITURE	356,172	365,256	9,084	13,003	(3,919)
Business Rates Retention Scheme	(57,899)	(58,256)	(357)	-	(357)
Specific Grants	(27,307)	(27,510)	(203)	-	(203)
Council Tax	(270,966)	(270,966)	-	-	-
Sourced from Collection Fund		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	
Net Funding	(356,172)	(356,732)	(560)	-	(560)
NET DEFICIT/(SURPLUS)			8,524	13,003	(4,479)

### **Outturn Commentary**

There was an increased use of Capital Receipts during the year of £2.1m.

### **Finance Sub-Committee**

### 2. Council Tax and NNDR

### **Collecting Local Taxes for Local Expenditure**

2.1 Cheshire East Council collects Council Tax and Non Domestic Rates for use locally and nationally.

#### **Council Tax**

- 2.2 Council Tax is set locally and retained for spending locally. Council Tax was set for 2023/24 at £1,707.39 for a Band D property. This is applied to the taxbase.
- 2.3 The taxbase for Cheshire East reflects the equivalent number of domestic properties in Band D that the Council is able to collect Council Tax from after adjustments for relevant discounts, exemptions and an element of non-collection. The taxbase for 2023/24 was agreed at 158,778.54 which, when multiplied by the Band D charge, means that the expected income for the year is £271.1m.
- 2.4 In addition to this, Cheshire East Council collects Council Tax on behalf of the Cheshire Police and Crime Commissioner, the Cheshire Fire Authority and Parish Councils. **Table 1** shows these amounts separately, giving a total budgeted collectable amount of £334.9m.

Table 1 – Cheshire East Council collects Council Tax on behalf of other precepting authorities

	£m
Cheshire East Council	271.1
Cheshire Police and Crime Commissioner	39.8
Cheshire Fire Authority	13.9
Town and Parish Councils	10.1
Total	334.9

- 2.5 The budgeted collectable amount may vary during the year to take account of changes to Council Tax Support payments, the granting of discounts and exemptions, and changes in the number and value of properties. The net amount billed to 31st March 2024 is £331.5m.
- 2.6 Council Tax Support payments were budgeted at £18.9m for 2023/24 and at 31st March 2024, the total Council Tax Support awarded was £20.0m. This includes £0.5m additional Council Tax Support Fund.
- 2.7 Council Tax discounts awarded up to 31st March 2024 are £31.3m, which is an increase of £1.9m in comparison to the same period in 2022/23. This increase is attributable to work related to raising awareness of the discounts available to residents.
- 2.8 Council Tax exemptions awarded to up to 31st March 2024 are £9.0m, which is an increase of £1.0m in comparison to the same period in 2022/23.
- 2.9 The Council Tax Collection Fund in-year deficit for 2023/24 is £3.4m. The total carried forward deficit at 31st March 2024

totalled £6.3m, to be shared proportionately among preceptors during 2024/25.

#### **Council Tax Collection Rates**

- 2.10 The budgeted collectable amount is based on the assumption that the Council will collect at least 99% of the amount billed. The Council will always pursue 100% collection, however, to allow for non-collection the total amount billed will therefore exceed the budget.
- 2.11 **Table 2** shows collection rates within three years and demonstrates that 99% collection rate is on target to be achieved within this period for 2023/24.

Table 2 – 99% Council Tax collection target in three vears

		CEC Cumulative				
Financial Year	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24		
	%	%	%	%		
After 1 year	97.4	97.8	98.2	97.9		
After 2 years	98.6	98.5	98.7	**		
After 3 years	98.9	99.0	**	**		

<sup>\*\*</sup>data not yet available

2.12 The Council Tax in-year collection rate for the period up to 31st March 2024 is 97.9%. This is slightly below the collection rate for the previous year, but it is still expected to achieve the 99% collection target rate after three years.

#### **Non-Domestic Rates (NDR)**

2.13 NDR is collected from businesses in Cheshire East based on the commercial rateable value of the property and a nationally set multiplier rate. The multiplier rate changes annually in line with inflation and takes account of the costs of small business rate relief.

- 2.14 The small business multiplier applied to businesses which qualify for the small business relief was frozen at 49.9p for 2023/24. The non-domestic multiplier was also frozen at 51.2p in the pound for 2023/24.
- 2.15 Cheshire East Council collects Non-Domestic Rates on behalf of Central Government and the Cheshire Fire Authority. **Table**3 shows these amounts separately, giving a total budgeted collectable amount of £147.7m.

Table 3 – Cheshire East Council collects Non-Domestic Rates on behalf of other precepting authorities

	£m
Cheshire East Council	72.4
Central Government	73.8
Cheshire Fire Authority	1.5
Total	147.7

2.16 The NDR Collection Fund in-year deficit for 2023/24 is £0.5m. The total carried forward deficit at 31st March 2024 totalled £8.2m, to be shared proportionately among preceptors during 2024/25.

#### **NDR Collection Rates**

2.17 Table 4 demonstrates how collection continues to improve even after year end. The table shows how 99% of Non-Domestic Rates are collected within three years.

Table 4 – 99% of Business Rates are collected within three years

	CEC Cumulative						
Financial Year	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24			
	%	%	%	%			
After 1 year	92.4	95.6	98.2	97.7			
After 2 years	97.4	98.3	98.7	**			
After 3 years	99.0	99.2	**	**			

\*\*data not yet available

2.18 The Non-Domestic Rates in-year collection rate for the period up to 31st March 2024 is 97.7%. This is a small decrease on last year, contributed to the rise in inflation and energy costs, however, it is still expected to achieve the 99% collection rate target after three years.

### **Finance Sub-Committee**

### 3. Corporate Grants Register

# **Government Grant Funding of Local Expenditure**

- 1. Cheshire East Council receives two main types of Government grants; specific purpose grants and general use grants. The overall total of Government grant budgeted for in 2023/24 was £301.2m.
- 2. In 2023/24, Cheshire East Council's specific purpose grants held within the services was budgeted to be £274.4m, based on Government announcements to February 2023.
- 3. Since Financial Review 3 there has been a decrease in specific purpose grants of £1.4m to £293.7m.
- 4. £11.1m of Business Rates Reliefs Compensation 2023/24 grant was used to support the NNDR funding in 2023/24 and the remaining £9.9m was taken to the Collection Fund reserve.
- Spending in relation to specific purpose grants must be in line with the purpose for which it is provided.
- 6. General use grants were budgeted to be £49.0m at Financial Review 3. This forecast position has decreased to £27.5m at Outturn and is mainly due to a transfer of £21.0m transfer of Business Rates Relief Compensation Grant to reserves.
- 7. **Table 1** provides a summary of the updated forecast position for grants in 2023/24 by type and service.
- 8. Further details of general use grants are shown in **Table 2**, the Corporate Grants Register.

9. **Table 3** shows additional general use grant allocations that have been received which are £500,000 or less and are for noting only.

Table 1 – CORPORATE GRANTS REGISTER

Grants 2023/24	Original Budget	Revised Forecast FR3	Final Outturn	Change from Revised Forecast FR3
	2023/24	2023/24	2023/24	2023/24
SPECIFIC PURPOSE	£m	£m	£m	£m
Children and Families	187.7	184.0	184.8	0.8
Adults and Health	36.6	44.4	43.9	(0.4)
Economy and Growth	2.6	7.3	7.8	0.5
Environment and Communities	0.2	1.7	0.8	(0.9)
Highways and Transport	0.0	3.4	1.4	(2.1)
Corporate Policy	47.3	54.3	55.1	0.8
TOTAL SPECIFIC PURPOSE	274.4	295.1	293.7	(1.4)
GENERAL USE				
Children and Families	6.9	7.4	7.4	(0.0)
Adults and Health	12.8	12.8	12.8	(0.0)
Economy and Growth	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Environment and Communities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Highways and Transport	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Corporate Policy	7.1	28.8	18.4	(10.4)
TOTAL GENERAL USE	26.8	49.0	38.7	(10.4)
TOTAL GRANT FUNDING	301.2	344.1	332.4	(11.7)
Source: Cheshire East Finance				

Table 2 – CORPORATE GRANTS REGISTER – GENERAL USE GRANTS

General Use Grants 2023/24 (Held Corporately)	Original Budget	Revised Forecast FR3	Final Outturn	Change from Revised Forecast	Treatment of Grant
	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	2023/24 £000	
CHILDREN & FAMILIES					
Social Care Support Grant (Children)	6,939	6,939	6,939	-0	
Staying Put Implementation Grant	0,555	130	130	0	
Extended Rights to Free Transport (Home to School Transport)	0	256	256	ő	
Extended Personal Adviser Duty Implementation	0	57	57	ő	
Extension of the role of Virtual School Heads	0	61	61	ő	
Total Children & Families Committee	6,939	7,443	7,443	-0	
ADULTS & HEALTH					
Social Care Support Grant (Adults)	12,426	12,426	12,426	-0	
Local Reform & Community Voices	207	207	208	1	
Social Care in Prisons	73	73	63	-10	
War Pension Scheme Disregard	60	60	58	-2	
Total Adults & Health Committee	12,766	12,766	12,754	-12	
LIICUMANO 9 TRANSPORT	,	,	,		
HIGHWAYS & TRANSPORT	0	40	40		
Pavement Licensing - New Burdens	0	13	13	0	
Total Highways & Transport Committee	0	13	13	0	
CORPORATE POLICY					
Revenue Support Grant	388	388	388	0	
Housing Benefit Administration Subsidy	626	741	741	0	
NNDR Administration Allowance	587	578	578	0	
New Homes Bonus	3,794	3,794	3,794	0	
Services Grant	1,720	1,720	1,720	0	
Council Tax Support Fund	0	521	0	-521	
Council Tax Support New Burdens	0	25	25	0	
Local Government Transparency Code	0	0	13	13	SRE
Debt Charges (Ministry of Justice)	0	0	40	40	
Business Rates Reliefs Compensation Grant 2023/24	0	21,039	11,149	-9,890	
Total Corporate Policy Committee	7,115	28,807	18,449	-10,358	
TOTAL	26,820	49,029	38,659	-10,370	

### Table 3 – DECISION DELEGATED TO OFFICERS

Supplementary Revenue Estimate Requests for Allocation of Additional Grant Funding (General Use) £500,000 or less

Committee	Year	Type of Grant	£000	Details
Children and Families – Children's Services	2024/25	Extended Rights to Free Transport (Home to School Transport) (General Use)	324	This funding is from the Department for Education. The Department for Education provides additional transport funding to local authorities to support children from low-income families to be able to attend schools further from home than the statutory walking distances. The funding is paid as a non-ring-fenced grant paid via the Department for Communities and Local Government under the Local Services Support Grant (section 31 of the Local Government Act 2003).
Corporate Policy	2023/24	Local Government Transparency Code (General Use)	13	This grant is from the Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities. New burdens in relation to the Council's obligation to publish information in line with the Government's Transparency Code 2014. This grant has been received since the requirements came into effect but has not been allocated to Compliance and Customer Relations.
Corporate Policy	2024/25	Electoral Integrity New Burdens (General Use)	26	Grant relates to financial year 2024/25. This grant is from the Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities (DLUHC). The purpose of the grant is to provide support to local authorities towards expenditure lawfully incurred or to be incurred by them in the implementation of the Elections Act 2022. The changes are being implemented by the Electoral Services Team and this funding needs to be allocated to the relevant

Committee	Year	Type of Grant	£000	Details
				cost code within that service to ensure the changes can be implemented and the requirements of the legislation met.
<b>Total Specific Purpose All</b>	ocations I	ess than £500,000		

### **Finance Sub-Committee**

### 4. Debt Management

- 4.1 Sundry debt includes all invoiced income due to the Council except for statutory taxes (Council Tax and Non-Domestic Rates). The balance of outstanding debt has increased by £1.3m since Third Financial Review (end of October 2023).
- 4.2 Annually, the Council raises invoices with a total value of over £80m. Around a quarter of the Council's overall sundry debt portfolio relates to charges for Adult Social Care, the remainder being spread across a range of functions including Highways, Property Services, Licensing and Building Control.
- 4.3 The Council's standard collection terms require payment within 28 days of the invoice date, however, services receive immediate credit in their accounts for income due. The Council uses a combination of methods to ensure prompt payment of invoices. Recovery action against unpaid invoices may result in the use of debt collectors, court action or the securing of debts against property.
- 4.4 The Revenue Recovery team (using their experience gained in collecting Council Tax and Non-Domestic Rates) engage with services to offer advice and assistance in all aspects of debt management, including facilitating access to debt collection/enforcement agent services (currently provided by Bristow & Sutor).
- 4.5 After allowing for debt still within the payment terms, the amount of outstanding service debt at the end of March 2024 was £17.0m.

4.6 The total amount of service debt over six months old is £9.8m; provision of £6.8m has been made to cover doubtful debt in the event that it needs to be written off.

#### DEBT SUMMARY as at 31st March 2024

	Outstanding Debt £000	Over 6 months old £000
Adults and Health Committee		
Adults, Public Health and Communities	13,691	8,556
Children and Families Committee		
Children's Social Care (Incl. Directorate)	219	0
Prevention and Early Help	141	(5)
Schools	24	(1)
Highways and Transport Committee		
Highways and Infrastructure	1,598	678
Economy and Growth Committee		
Growth and Enterprise	581	328
Environment and Communities		
Committee Environment and Neighbourhood Services	384	189
Corporate Policy Committee		
Finance and Customer Services	111	73
Governance and Compliance	20	1
Human Resources	3	-
ICT	184	1
	16,956	9,822

### **Finance Sub-Committee**

### 5. Capital Strategy

Table 1: Financial Parameters for 2023/24 to 2026/27

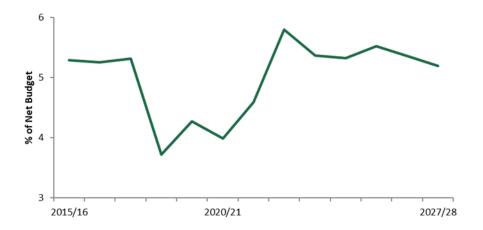
Parameter	Value (£m)						
	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27			
Repayment of Borrowing							
Minimum Revenue Provision*	17.5	18.7	23.4	25.3			
External Loan Interest	14.3	16.1	15.7	14.6			
Investment Income	(3.8)	(2.4)	(1.9)	(1.5)			
Contributions from Services Revenue Budgets	(1.2)	(1.3)	(1.9)	(2.8)			
Total Capital Financing Costs	26.8	31.1	35.3	35.6			
Use of Financing EMR	(7.9)	(2.5)	(0)	(0)			
Actual CFB in MTFS	19.0	28.5	21.0	22.0			
Budget Deficit	(0)	(0)	14.3	13.6			
Capital Receipts targets*	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			
Flexible use of Capital Receipts	0	0	0	0			

### **Repayment of Borrowing**

- 5.1 The use of prudential borrowing allows the Council to spread the cost of funding the asset over its useful economic life.

  Using prudential borrowing as a funding source increases the Council's capital financing requirement (CFR) and will create revenue costs through interest costs and minimum revenue provision.
- 5.2 Regulation 27 of the Local Authorities (Capital Finance and Accounting) (England) Regulations 2003, requires local authorities to charge to their revenue account for each financial year a minimum amount to finance the cost of capital expenditure. Commonly referred to as MRP (Minimum Revenue Provision). This ensures that the revenue cost of repaying debt is spread over the life of the asset, similar to depreciation.

**Chart 3: Capital Financing as a percentage of Net Budget** 



<sup>\*</sup>Anticipated MRP based on achieving capital receipts targets

- 5.3 The projection of the Council's Capital Financing Requirement (CFR) and external debt, based on the proposed capital budget and treasury management strategy is reported as part of the MTFS report and Outturn report. This highlights the level to which the Council is internally borrowed (being the difference between the CFR and external debt), and the expected repayment profile of the external debt.
- 5.4 The nature and scale of the Council's capital programme means that it is a key factor in the Council's treasury management, including the need to borrow to fund capital works.
- 5.5 The Council's current strategy is to use available cash balances, known as 'internal borrowing' and to borrow short term loans. However, to avoid some disproportionately high short-term rates, which peaked around 7%in late March 2024, a number of PWLB loans were taken during March 2024

#### **Contributions from Services**

- 5.6 All business cases supporting capital expenditure will include full analysis of the financial implications of the scheme alongside a clear indication of how the financial implications will be managed within the Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS).
- 5.7 When including any scheme in the Council's Capital Programme the Section 151 Officer will determine the appropriate impact on the Revenue Budget. This impact will require service budgets within the MTFS to fund either all, part or none of the net capital costs of the scheme.
- 5.8 In making a determination about funding capital schemes from revenue budgets the level of potential revenue savings or additional revenue income will be considered. If a capital scheme will increase revenue costs within the MTFS, either

- from the future costs of maintaining the asset or from the costs of financing the capital expenditure, then the approach to funding such costs must be approved as part of the business planning process before the scheme can commence.
- 5.9 The Council's strategy is to use revenue contributions where possible to the Capital Programme to reduce the overall Capital Financing Budget.

### **Use of Financing Earmarked Reserve**

- 5.10 To allow a longer term approach to setting the Financial Parameters of the Capital Strategy the Council will maintain an earmarked reserve to minimise the financial impact of annual variations to the Capital Financing Budget.
- 5.11 The Council's Reserves Strategy determines the appropriate use of reserves and how they are set up and governed. In the first instance any variance to the Capital Finance Budget (CFB) within any financial year will provide a top-up or drawdown from the Financing Earmarked Reserve. As part of the 2024-28 MTFS there is a proposal to utilise £3.1m in 2024/25 from the reserve to cover future capital financing commitments.
- 5.12 As the Financing Earmarked Reserve will be fully drawn in 2024/25, the Capital Financing Budget will either have to be increased from the General Fund Balance or the capital programme and future borrowing will need to be drastically reduced to enable the Council to remain within budget.

#### **Capital Programme – Review Position**

5.13 Since the Financial review was reported to the Finance Sub Committee for third review, the capital programme has increased by £27.2m. This is mainly due to the receipt of additional High Needs capital grants totalling £22.4m from the

- DFE (including £16.6m HNPFC Safety Valve) together with £2m for Local Electric Vehicle Infrastructure and £3m In respect of Network North.
- 5.14 Further work is ongoing to see if schemes can be deferred further into the future or even removed from the programme altogether, as the Capital Financing budget for 2023/24 is still showing a pressure of over the period of the MTFS which includes the interest paid on borrowing cash to fund capital expenditure. Any reduction in capital expenditure would improve that overspend position and reduce the need to borrow when rates are still high.

**Table 2: Summary Capital Programme** 

CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2023/24 - 2026/27								
	Actuals 2023/24	Forecast 2024/25	Forecast 2025/26	Forecast 2026/27	Total Forecast 2024-27			
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000			
Adults, Health and Integration	83	800	0	0	883			
Children and Families	28,967	56,258	32,102	12,269	129,596			
Highways & Transport	57,380	66,448	51,415	154,623	329,866			
Economy & Growth	38,983	92,596	67,594	22,312	221,485			
Environment & Communities	5,611	14,571	17,444	1,425	39,052			
Corporate	5,913	14,797	6,498	2,524	29,732			
Total	136,937	245,470	175,053	193,153	750,613			

- 5.15 The revised programme is funded from both direct income (grants, external contributions) and the Council's own resources (prudential borrowing, revenue contributions, capital reserve). A funding summary is shown in **Table 3**.
- 5.16 **Table 4** details the delegated decision of Supplementary Capital estimates and Capital Budget Virements that have been made up to £500,000.
- 5.17 **Table 5** lists details of Capital Supplementary Estimates over £500,000 and up to £1,000,000 and Capital Virements over £500,000 and up to and including £5,000,000 that requires Committee to approve.
- 5.18 **Table 6** lists details of Capital Supplementary Estimates over £1,000,000 and Capital Virements over £5,000,000 that requires Finance Sub Committee to make a recommendation to Council to approve.
- 5.19 **Table 7** lists details of reductions in Approved Budgets where schemes are complete and surpluses can now be removed. These are for noting purposes only.
- 5.20 Prudential Indicators are shown at the end of this section.

**Table 3: Capital Programme Update** 

### CHESHIRE EAST COUNCIL CAPITAL PROGRAMME SUMMARY

	Actuals 2023/24	Forecast 2024/25	Forecast 2025/26	Forecast 2026/27	Total Forecast 2024-27
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Committed Schemes - In					
Adults and Health	83	800	0	0	883
Children and Families	28,967	46,135	25,602	10,769	111,473
Highways & Transport	56,676	37,184	28,355	139,572	261,787
Economy & Growth	38,008	90,862	64,594	18,471	211,935
Environment & Communities	5,105	9,706	13,047	1,425	29,284
Corporate	5,468	13,689	6,498	2,524	28,179

### **CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2023/24 - 2026/27**

	Actuals 2023/24	Forecast 2024/25	Forecast 2025/26	Forecast 2026/27	Total Forecast 2024-27
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
New Schemes					
Adults and Health	0	0	0	0	0
Children and Families	0	10,123	6,500	1,500	18,123
Highways & Transport	704	29,264	23,060	15,051	68,079
Economy & Growth	975	1,734	3,000	3,841	9,550
Environment & Communities	506	4,865	4,397	0	9,768
Corporate	445	1,108	0	0	1,553
Total New Schemes	2,630	47,094	36,957	20,392	107,073
Total	136,937	245,470	175,053	193,153	750,613

### CHESHIRE EAST COUNCIL CAPITAL PROGRAMME SUMMARY

CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2023/24 - 2026/27								
	Actuals 2023/24 £000	Forecast 2024/25 £000	Forecast 2025/26 £000	Forecast 2026/27 £000	Total Forecast 2024-27 £000			
Funding Requirement								
Indicative Funding Analysis: (See note 1)								
Government Grants	61,193	152,904	63,251	124,139	401,487			
External Contributions	8,837	36,821	31,155	43,791	120,604			
Revenue Contributions	1,337	1,541	218	434	3,530			
Capital Receipts	90	2,061	31,810	1,720	35,681			
Prudential Borrowing (See note 2)	65,480	52,143	48,619	23,069	189,311			
Total	136,937	245,470	175,053	193,153	750,613			

#### Note 1:

The funding requirement identified in the above table does not currently represent a balanced and affordable position, in the medium term. The Council will need to transform the capital programme to reduce the number of schemes requiring Cheshire East Resources and the need to borrow whilst interest rates are at the current levels of 5.0%+. The level of capital receipts are based on a prudent approach based on the work of the Asset Management team and their most recently updated Disposals Programme.

#### Note 2:

Appropriate charges to the revenue budget will only commence in the year following the completion of the associated capital asset. This allows the Council to constantly review the most cost effective way of funding capital expenditure.

Table 4: Delegated Decision - Requests for Supplementary Capital Estimates (SCEs) and Virements

Committee / Capital Scheme	Amount Requested £	Reason and Funding Source
Supplementary Capital Estimates that have been	made up to £500,	000
Children and Families		
School Condition Grant	402,082	MTFS Capital included £2,000,000 estimate for 24-25 School Condition Grant. This has confirmed to be £2,402,082, an additional £402,802.
Economy & Growth		
Facilities Management		
Public Sector Decarbonisation Fund - FM 3	449	To increase budget to take in to consideration the grant received is higher
PSDS - 3B - Lot 3 (schools)	108,532	Match funding for the Public Sector Decarbonistation Programme,
Housing		
Disabled Facilities	284,829	To increase the budget to incorporate the contributions made towards the in-
Home Repairs Vulnerable People	21,112	year costs.
Green Homes Grant	2,320	· ·
Sustainable Warmth - Home Upgrade Grant  Green Infrastructure	49,549	J
Cattle Handling Facility - Oakwood Farm	177,084	Revenue contributions to cover the in-year cost of works.
Environment & Communities	177,004	Nevertue contributions to cover the in-year cost of works.
Environment Services		
Arnold Rhodes Public Open Space Improvements	1,320	To increase the approved budgets to fund in-year expenditure - fully funded
Phase 2		by S106 contributions.
Little Lindow Open Space Improvements	181	-, - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
West Park Open Space & Sports Improvements	82,406	To increase the approved budget to a total amount of £120.452, the increase is fully funded by a S106 contribution
Leisure Services		
Congleton Leisure Centre	20,000	Additional S106 contribution to part fund the Skate Park Facility at Congleton Leisure Centre
Environmental Health		
Replacement CCTV Cameras	293	Increase in budget required to cover in -year overspend. Project is now complete

Highways & Transport Infrastructure		
Future High Street Funding - Earle Street Link	2,715	The Future High Street Funding element on this project has been exhausted, budget increase to incorporate S106 funds available to fund the additional expenditure to date.
Highways		
West Street, Crewe	501	Project funded by Developer Deposit, additional budget relates to the interest earned and applied to the deposit
Tytherington Lane, Macclesfield S106 - Traffic Calming Measures	5,844	To add additional S106 funding to cover the costs to the project.
Bollin Valley / Greater Bollin Trail	100,000	
A538 Waters Roundabout Pedestrian and Cyclist Crossing	140,000	Schemes with allocations from the UK Shared Prosperity Fund.
Park Lane – Ayrshire Way, Congleton Walking and Cycling	250,000	
Total Supplementary Capital Estimates Requested	1,649,217	

	£	
Capital Budget Virements that have been made սր	o to £500,000	
Children & Families		
Education and 14-19 Skills	E0 000	Virginiant form High Needs Funding 24 25 to increase surrent scheme to
Adelaide Academy	50,000	Virement form High Needs Funding 24-25 to increase current scheme to allow for additional SEN places
SEN New Free School	498,895	Virement from SEN Free School 1 to SEN New Free School project
SEN New Free School	499,200	Virement from SEN Free School 2 to SEN New Free School project
PSDS Schemes	167,777	Additional virement from School Condition Grant to Facilities Management to match fund PSDS schemes
Mobberley Primary School	250,000	Virement form High Needs Funding 24-25 to named project
School Condition projects	12,821	Virements to three school condition projects at outturn to cover additional costs to completion
High Needs projects	19,377	Funds to be returned to High Needs on closure of project
Congleton planning area	50,620	Virement from Basic Needs to support balance of costs on completion of project
Park Lane Expansion	18,000	Virement of surplus Special Provision Grant and s106 on completion of two projects to Park Lane expansion project to cover balance of costs on completion
Basic Need projects	31,880	Virements on completion of 3 projects to match in year spend with balance being returned to Basic Need
Economy & Growth		
Facilities Management		
Schools Capital Maintenance	191,515	Virement from School Condition Grant to cover expenditure in relation to Rode Heath Primary School.
Macclesfield Indoor Market Toilet Refurbishment	6,087	Virement from Premises Capital as agreed to cover final account.
PSDS - 3B - Lot 3 (schools)	167,777	Virements from Children & Families as match funding for the Public Sector Decarbonistation Programme: Funded by School Condition Grant
	33,513	Funded by Devolved Formula Capital grant
	16,876	Funded by Energy Efficiency Capital grant
Dublic Costor Decarbonization Fund 5M 4		
Public Sector Decarbonisation Fund - FM 1	31,986	To re-align the Public Sector Decarbonisation Fund budgets, to match where the expenditure was incurred.
Public Sector Decarbonisation Fund - FM 1	22,247	Virement from Premises Capital budget to fund costs coded here but not
Public Sector Decarbonisation Fund - FM 2	66,569	funded by the claims from PSDS.

Environment Services		
Pitch Improvements - Alderley Edge Park and Chorley Hall Lane Playing Fields	4,201	To increase the approved budget to fund in-year expenditure - contribution vired from the park Development Fund
Future High Street Funding - Sustainable Energy Netv	63,333	To re-align the Public Sector Decarbonisation Fund budgets, to match where the expenditure was incurred.
Leisure Services		
Congleton Leisure Centre	120,211	Virement from the Premises Capital budget as agreed to cover remedial works.
Highways		
West Street, Crewe	4,077	Project funding shortfall to be funded by Department for Transport grant originally allocated to Public Transport Infrastructure.
Sustainable Modes of Travel to Schools Strategy (SM	10,751	Project funding shortfall to be funded by Department for Transport grant originally allocated to Active Travel (Cycling / Walking Route) Investment.
Programme Management	17,986	Virements at Outturn to cover overspends.
Bridge Maintenance Minor Wks	167,617	virements at Outturn to cover overspends.
Crewe Green Link Road	10,323	Virement from "Client Contract and Asset Management" project to cover overspend.
Corporate Services		·
Digital Customer - Delivery Programme Phase 1	2,000	Virement from the Digital Customer Enablement project to cover in-year expenditure as there was insufficient budget to cover all the costs. The scheme is now complete.
Unified Communications Project	44,955	Virement from the Infrastructure Investment Programme (IIP) to cover in-year expenditure as there was insufficient budget to cover all the costs. The scheme is now complete.
Total Capital Budget Virements Approved	2,580,594	
Total Supplementary Capital Estimates and Virements	2,580,594	

**Table 5: Requests for Supplementary Capital Estimates (SCEs) and Virements** 

Committee / Capital Scheme	Amount Requested £	Reason and Funding Source					
Service Committee are asked to approve the Supplementary Capital Estimates and Virements							
Supplementary Capital Estimates above £500,000 up to a	and including £1,00	0,000					
Highways & Transport							
Transport							
Active Travel Fund Tranche 4E	673,786	Active Travel Fund payment for the middle section of the Manchester Road scheme between Wilmslow and Handforth.					
Total Supplementary Capital Estimates Requested	673,786						
Capital Budget Virements above £500,000 up to and inclu  Education and 14-19 Skills  Springfield Satellite Site (Dean Row)	594,989	Public Sector Decarbonisation works in connection to Dean Row part of a large scheme, necessitating the transfer of the relevant budget and grant.					
HNPCF - 2024 allocation	1,125,000	Virement from High Needs Funding 24-25 to new capital projects					
Nantwich Planning area	1,200,000	Virement from Basic Needs Funding 24-25 to increase budget for new Nantwich primary school					
School condition projects	1,167,201	Virement from Childrens to Facilities Management for 24-25 school condition projects to be undertaken by Facilities Management					
Total Capital Virements requested	4,087,190						
Total Supplementary Capital Estimates and Virements	4,760,976						

Table 6: Recommendations for Approval for Supplementary Capital Estimates (SCEs) and Virements

Committee	Amount Requested £	Reason and Funding Source
Finance Sub Committee are to approve the Capital Viren	nents and SCEs	
Supplementary Capital SCEs over £1,000,000		
Education and 14-19 Skills		
Safety Valve High Needs Funding allocation 24-25	16,574,250	Additional funding awarded to support SEN capital schemes as part of Safety Value support from DFE
Additional High Needs allocation for 23-24	4,125,537	Additional High Needs Capital funding awarded by DFE for 23-24 in March 24 not included within the MTFS
High Needs allocation for 24-25	1,677,718	New High Needs Capital funding awarded by DFE for 24-25 in March 24 not included in the MTFS
Highways & Transport		
Transport		
LEVI Capital Fund 23/24	2,172,000	Grant funding received in respect of the Local Electric Vehicle Infrastructure (LEVI) fund.
Network North	3,316,000	Additional allocation of funding via the Network North initiative.
Total Supplementary Capital Estimates Requested	27,865,505	
Supplementary Capital Virements over £5,000,000		
Education and 14-19 Skills		
HNPCF - Safety Valve Capital Schemes	16,000,000	Virement from Safety Valve High Needs Funding to the specified capital projects approved within the funding allocation.
Total Supplementary Capital Virements Requested	16,000,000	
Total Supplementary Capital Estimates and Virements	43,865,505	

**Table 7: Capital Budget Reductions** 

Committee / Capital Scheme	Approved R Budget	evised Approval	Reduction	Reason and Funding Source
	£	£	£	
Finance Sub Committee are asked to note the reduced	ctions in Approved Bud	gets		
Environment & Communities				
Environment Services				
Future high Street Funding - Centralised Budget	32,302,627	32,292,627	(10,000)	Allocation from UK Shared Prosperity Fund not as high as added to the budget.
Park Development Fund	873,664	871,264	(2,400)	Budget reduction - need to fund the shortfall in funding on Barony Skate Part from FCC
Longridge Contaminated Land	22,000	0	(22,000)	Duplicate scheme approved in the MTFS, budget is already approved in the Shaw Heath Recreation Ground project
West Park, Macclesfield	102,102	0	(102,102)	Duplicate scheme approved in the MTFS, budget is already approved in the West Park Open Space & Sports Improvements project
Highways & Transport Transport				
Sustainable Travel Access Programme	3,495,944	2,948,811	(547,133)	Due to the reduced scope of this project, the Cheshire East and S106 funding is no longer required, the remaining forecast cost of the scheme will be covered by grant.
	36,796,337	36,112,702	(683,635)	

### Prudential Indicators revisions to: 2022/23 and 2023/24 - 2025/26, and future years

### **Background**

5.23 There is a requirement under the Local Government Act 2003 for local authorities to have regard to CIPFA's Prudential Code for Capital Finance in Local Authorities (the "CIPFA Prudential Code") when setting and reviewing their Prudential Indicators.

#### **Estimates of Capital Expenditure**

5.24 In 2023/24, the Council spent £136.9m on capital expenditure as summarised below.

Capital Expenditure	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	Future
	Actual	Actual	<b>Estimate</b>	Estimate	years
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Total	116.4	136.9	242.5	175.1	193.2

Source: Cheshire East Finance

### **Capital Financing**

5.25 All capital expenditure must be financed either from external sources (government grants and other contributions). The Council's own resources (revenue reserves and capital receipts) or debt (borrowing, leasing and Private Finance Initiative). The planned financing of capital expenditure is as follows.

Capital Financing	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	Future
	Actual	Actual	<b>Estimate</b>	Estimate	years
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Capital receipts	1.0	0.1	2.1	31.8	1.7
Government Grants	47.1	61.2	152.9	63.3	124.1
External Contributions	6.7	8.8	36.8	31.2	43.8
Revenue Contributions	1.2	1.3	1.5	0.2	0.4
Total Financing	56.0	71.5	193.3	126.4	170.1
Prudential Borrowing	60.4	65.5	52.1	48.6	23.1
<b>Total Funding</b>	60.4	65.5	52.1	48.6	23.1
Total Financing and Funding	116.4	136.9	245.5	175.1	193.2

Source: Cheshire East Finance

### Replacement of debt finance

5.26 Debt is only a temporary source of finance, since loans and leases must be repaid, and this is therefore replaced over time by other financing, usually from revenue which is known as minimum revenue provision (MRP). Alternatively, proceeds from selling capital assets may be used to replace debt finance. Planned MRP repayments are as follows.

Replacement of debt	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
finance	Actual	Actual	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Total	15.0	17.5	18.7	23.5	25.3

Source: Cheshire East Finance

#### **Estimates of Capital Financing Requirement**

5.27 The Council's cumulative outstanding amount of debt finance is measured by the capital financing requirement (CFR). This

increases with new debt-financed capital expenditure and reduces with MRP repayments and capital receipts used to replace debt. Based on the above figures for expenditure and financing, the Council's estimated CFR is as follows.

Capital Financing	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27
Requirement	Actual	Actual	<b>Estimate</b>	<b>Estimate</b>	<b>Estimate</b>
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Total	467	514	528	556	539

Source: Cheshire East Finance

### **Asset disposals**

5.28 When a capital asset is no longer needed, it may be sold so that the proceeds, known as capital receipts, can be spent on new assets or to repay debt. Repayments of capital grants, loans and investments also generate capital receipts. The Council received £3.5m of capital receipts from asset sales in 2023/24 and plans to receive a further £3.6m in future years.

Capital Receipts	2022/23 Actual	2023/24 Actual	2024/25 Estimate		2026/27 Estimate
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Asset Sales	4.3	3.4	1.0	1.0	1.0
Loans Repaid	0.6	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Total	4.9	3.5	1.2	1.2	1.2

Source: Cheshire East Finance

#### **Gross Debt and the Capital Financing Requirement**

5.29 The Council's main objectives when borrowing are to achieve a low but certain cost of finance while retaining flexibility should plans change in the future. These objectives are often conflicting and the Council therefore seeks to strike a balance between cheap short term loans (currently available at around 5.25% but expected to reduce in the medium term) and long

- term fixed rate loans where the future cost is known but fixed for a longer period (currently 4.9%– 5.4%).
- 5.30 Projected levels of the Council's total outstanding debt (which comprises borrowing, PFI liabilities, leases are shown below, compared with the capital financing requirement.

Gross Debt and the Capital Financing Requirement	2022/23 Actual	2023/24 Actuals	2024/25 Estimate	2025/26 Estimate	2026/27 Estimate
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Borrowing	261	337	402	467	532
PFI Liabilities	19	18	17	17	15
Total Debt	280	355	419	484	547
Capital Financing Req.	467	514	528	556	539

Source: Cheshire East Finance

5.31 Statutory guidance is that debt should remain below the capital financing requirement, except in the short term. As can be seen from the above table, the Council expects to comply with this in the medium term.

#### **Liability Benchmark**

5.32 To compare the Council's actual borrowing against an alternative strategy, a liability benchmark has been calculated showing the lowest risk level of borrowing. This assumes that cash and investment balances are kept to a minimum level of £20m at each year end. This benchmark is currently £239m and is forecast to rise to £355m over the next four years.

Borrowing and the Liability Benchmark	2022/23 Actual	2023/24 Actual	2024/25 Estimate		
Liability Delicililark	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Outstanding Debt	261	337	402	467	532
Liability Benchmark	239	302	328	362	355

Source: Cheshire East Finance

5.33 The table shows that the Council expects to remain borrowed below its liability benchmark.

### Affordable borrowing limit

5.34 The Council is legally obliged to set an affordable borrowing limit (also termed the authorised limit for external debt) each year. In line with statutory guidance, a lower "operational boundary" is also set as a warning level should debt approach the limit.

	<b>2023/24</b> <b>limit</b> £m	<b>2024/25</b> <b>limit</b> £m	<b>2025/26</b> <b>limit</b> £m	<b>2026/27</b> <b>limit</b> £m
Authorised Limit for				
Borrowing	480	540	570	590
Authorised Limit for				
Other Long-Term				
Liabilities	19	18	17	17
Authorised Limit for				
External Debt	499	558	587	607
Operational Boundary				
for Borrowing	470	530	560	580
Operational Boundary				***************************************
for Other Long-Term				
Liabilities	19	18	17	17
Operational				
Boundary for				
External Debt	489	548	577	597

Source: Cheshire Fast Finance

#### **Investment Strategy**

- 5.35 Treasury investments arise from receiving cash before it is paid out again. Investments made for service reasons or for pure financial gain are not generally considered to be part of treasury management.
- 5.36 The Council's policy on treasury investments is to prioritise security and liquidity over yield, that is to focus on minimising risk rather than maximising returns. Cash that is likely to be spent in the near term is invested securely, for example with money market funds, other local authorities or selected high quality banks, to minimise the risk of loss. Money that will be held for longer terms is invested more widely, including in shares and property, to balance the risk of loss against the risk of returns below inflation.

Treasury Management	31/03/23 Actual		31/03/25 Estimate		
Investments	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Short term	32	22	20	20	20
Long term	20	20	20	20	20
Total Investments	52	42	40	40	40

Source: Cheshire East Finance

- 5.37 Further details on treasury investments are in pages of the Treasury Management Strategy, **Appendix 8**.
- 5.38 Decisions on treasury management investment and borrowing are made daily and are therefore delegated to the Section 151 Officer and staff, who must act in line with the treasury management strategy approved by Council. Quarterly reports on treasury activity are reported to Cabinet as part of the Finance Update reports. The Audit and Governance

- Committee is responsible for scrutinising treasury management decisions.
- 5.39 Further details on investments for service purposes and commercial activities are in the Investment Strategy, **Appendix 9.**
- 5.40 Although capital expenditure is not charged directly to the revenue budget, interest payable on loans and MRP are charged to revenue, offset by an investment income receivable. The net annual charge is known as financing costs; this is compared to the net revenue stream i.e., the amount funded from Council Tax, business rates and general government grants.

Ratio of Financing Costs to Net Revenue Stream	31/03/23 Actual			31/03/26 Estimate	31/03/27 Estimate
Financing Costs (£m)	19.0	19.0	28.5	21.0	22.0
Proportion of net revenue stream %	5.80	5.38	7.60	5.59	5.85

Source: Cheshire East Finance

5.41 Due to the very long term nature of capital expenditure and financing, the revenue budget implications of expenditure incurred in the next few years will extend for up to 50 years into the future. The Section 151 Officer is reviewing the proposed capital programme to ensure it remains prudent, affordable and sustainable. The longer term revenue implications have been considered and built into the revenue budget forecasts post the period of the current Medium Term Financial Strategy.

### **Finance Sub-Committee**

### 6. Reserves Strategy

### **Management of Council Reserves**

- 6.1 The Council's Reserves Strategy states that the Council will maintain reserves to protect against risk and support investment.
- 6.2 The opening balance at 1st April 2023 in the Council's General Fund Reserves was £14.1m, as published in the Council's Statement of Accounts for 2022/23.
- 6.3 During the MTFS budget setting process, it was forecast that £13m would be required to be drawn down from the General Fund Reserve to support the 2023/24 in-year deficit.
- 6.4 The final outturn position for 2023/24 required an £8.5m contribution from the Council's General Fund Reserve to support the in-year deficit, resulting in a closing balance at 31st March 2024 of £5.6m.
- 6.5 The current balance on reserves is insufficient in order to provide adequate protection against established and newly emerging risks, such as inflation and particularly the DSG deficit, which currently stands at £78.6m, and was highlighted in the MTFS as having no alternative funding.
- 6.6 The Council also maintains Earmarked Revenue Reserves for specific purposes. During 2023/24, a net total of £29.3m was drawn down from Earmarked Reserves and applied to fund the service expenditure specifically provided for. Service outturn forecasts take account of this expenditure and funding. The closing balance at 31st March 2024 was £32.3m, excluding balances held by schools.

- 6.7 Unspent schools' budgets that have been delegated, as laid down in the Schools Standards Framework Act 1998, remain at the disposal of the school and are not available to the Council to use.
- 6.8 At the end of 2018/19, a central contingency referred to as the MTFS (Medium Term Financial Strategy) Reserve was created to support in-year pressures against the revenue budget. Use of this Earmarked Reserve has been subject to approval of robust business cases.
- 6.9 At 1st April 2023, the opening balance on the MTFS reserve stood at £5.1m. During 2023/24, net drawdowns of £2.2m from this reserve have been utilised to support the revenue budget, resulting in a closing balance at 31st March 2024 of £2.9m.

### **Table 1 - Reserves Position**

	£m
General Reserves	5.6
Earmarked Reserves (Excluding Schools)	32.3
Total Reserves Balance at 31st March	37.9

### Table 2 – Earmarked Reserves Summary

### **Earmarked Reserves Summary**

Committee Reserves	Opening Balance 1 April 2023	Forecast Movement in Reserves 2023/24	Forecast Closing Balance 31 March 2024
	£000	£000	£000
Adults and Health Committee	7,082	(1,856)	5,226
Children and Families Committee	3,374	(1,650)	1,724
Corporate Policy Committee	45,549	(24,776)	20,773
Economy and Growth Committee	3,109	(332)	2,777
Environment and Communities Committee	994	(124)	870
Highways and Transport Committee	1,486	(578)	908
TOTAL EARMARKED RESERVES MOVEMENT	61,594	(29,316)	32,278

<sup>\*</sup>Excluding schools' balances

#### 6.10 Dedicated Schools Grant

The Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG) is ring-fenced funding received for: schools; high needs / special educational needs; and early years provision. In recent years there has been a pressure on the DSG high needs block where funding has not kept pace with the increasing numbers and cost of children with an education, health and care plan (EHCP). This has created a deficit DSG reserve balance which is held in an unusable reserve. The on-going pressure is regularly reviewed; the in-year deficit of £31.7m has increased the overall position to a deficit of £78.6m at the end of 2023/24.

This was an improvement on the forecast due to a lower EHCP growth rate. The in-year deficit in 2024/25 is currently forecast at £51.3m, increasing the total deficit balance to £129.9m.

Table 3 - DSG Deficit

Dedicated Schools Grant Deficit	£m
Deficit Balance B/F	46.9
Additional In-year Pressures	31.7
Deficit Balance at 31st March 2024	78.6

# **Appendix 7a:** Treasury Management Strategy

### 1. Background

- 1. Treasury management is the management of the Authority's cash flows, borrowing and investments, and the associated risks. The Authority has borrowed and invested substantial sums of money and is therefore exposed to financial risks including the loss of invested funds and the revenue effect of changing interest rates. The successful identification, monitoring and control of financial risk are therefore central to the Authority's prudent financial management. The Treasury Management Strategy for 2023/24 was approved at Council on 22<sup>nd</sup> February 2023.
- 2. Treasury risk management at the Authority is conducted within the framework of the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy's *Treasury Management in the Public Services: Code of Practice 2021 Edition* (the CIPFA Code) which requires the Authority to approve a treasury management strategy before the start of each financial year. This report fulfils the Authority's legal obligation under the *Local Government Act 2003* to have regard to the CIPFA Code.
- 3. Investments held for service purposes or for commercial profit are considered in the Investment Appendix (see **Appendix 7b**).

4.

### 2. External Context

- 5. **Economic background:** UK inflation continued to decline from the 8.7% rate seen at the start of 2023/24. By the last quarter of the financial year headline consumer price inflation (CPI) had fallen to 3.4% in February, but was still above the Bank of England's 2% target at the end of the period. The core measure of CPI, i.e. excluding food and energy, also slowed in February to 4.5% from 5.1% in January, a rate that had stubbornly persisted for three consecutive months.
- 6. The UK economy entered a technical recession in the second half of 2023, as growth rates of -0.1% and -0.3% respectively were recorded for Q3 and Q4. Over the 2023 calendar year GDP growth only expanded by 0.1% compared to 2022. Of the recent monthly data, the Office for National Statistics reported a rebound in activity with economy expanding 0.2% in January 2024. While the economy may somewhat recover in Q1 2024, the data suggests that prior increases in interest rates and higher price levels are depressing growth, which will continue to bear down on inflation throughout 2024.
- 7. Labour market data provided a mixed message for policymakers. Employment and vacancies declined, and unemployment rose to 4.3% in July 2023. The same month saw the highest annual growth rate of 8.5% for total pay (i.e. including bonuses) and 7.8% for regular pay growth (i.e. excluding bonuses). Thereafter, unemployment began to decline, falling to 3.9% in January and pay growth also edged lower to 5.6% for total pay and 6.1% for regular pay, but remained above the Bank of England's forecast.

- 8. Having begun the financial year at 4.25%, the Bank of England's Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) increased Bank Rate to 5.25% in August 2023 with a 3-way split in the Committee's voting as the UK economy appeared resilient in the face of the dual headwinds of higher inflation and interest rates. Bank Rate was maintained at 5.25% through to March 2024. The vote at the March was 8-1 in favour of maintaining rates at this level, with the single dissenter preferring to cut rates immediately by 0.25%. Although financial markets shifted their interest rate expectations downwards with expectations of a cut in June, the MPC's focus remained on assessing how long interest rates would need to be restrictive in order to control inflation over the medium term.
- 9. In the Bank's quarterly Monetary Policy Report (MPR) released in August 2023 the near-term projection for services price inflation was revised upwards, goods price inflation widespread across products, indicating stronger domestic inflationary pressure with second-round effects in domestic prices and wages likely taking longer to unwind than they did to emerge. In the February 2024 MPR the Bank's expectations for the UK economy were positive for the first half of 2024, with a recovery from the mild recession in calendar H2 2023 being gradual. Headline CPI was forecast to dip below the 2% target quicker than previously thought due to declining energy prices, these effects would hold inflation slightly above target for much of the forecast horizon.
- 10. Following the MPC meeting, Arlingclose, the authority's treasury adviser, maintained its central view that 5.25% remains the peak in Bank Rate and that interest rates will most likely start to be cut later in second half of 2024. The risks in the short-term are deemed to be to the downside as

- a rate cut may come sooner than expected, but then more broadly balanced over the medium term.
- 11. The US Federal Reserve also pushed up rates over the period, reaching a peak range of between 5.25-5.50% in August 2023, where it has stayed since. US policymakers have maintained the relatively dovish stance from the December Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) meeting and at the meeting in March, economic projections pointed to interest rates being cut by a total of 0.75% in 2024.
- 12. Following a similarly sharp upward trajectory, the European Central Bank hiked rates to historically high levels over period, pushing its main refinancing rate to 4.5% in September 2023, where it has remained. Economic growth in the region remains weak, with a potential recession on the cards, but inflation remains sticky and above the ECB's target, putting pressure on policymakers on how to balance these factors.
- 13. **Financial Markets**: Sentiment in financial markets remained uncertain and bond yields continued to be volatile over the year. During the first half of the year, yields rose as interest rates continued to be pushed up in response to rising inflation. From October they started declining again before falling sharply in December as falling inflation and dovish central bank attitudes caused financial markets to expect cuts in interest rates in 2024. When it emerged in January that inflation was stickier than expected and the BoE and the Federal Reserve were data dependent and not inclined to cut rates soon, yields rose once again, ending the period some 50+ bps higher than when it started.
- 14. Over the financial year, the 10-year UK benchmark gilt yield rose from 3.44% to peak at 4.75% in August, before then

OFFICIAL 136 | Page

dropping to 3.44% in late December 2023 and rising again to 3.92% (28<sup>th</sup> March 2024). The Sterling Overnight Rate (SONIA) averaged 4.96% over the period to 31<sup>st</sup> March.

- 15. **Credit Review:** In response to an improving outlook for credit markets, in January 2024 Arlingclose moved away from its previous temporary stance of a 35-day maximum duration and increased its advised recommended maximum unsecured duration limit on all banks on its counterparty list to 100 days.
- 16. Earlier in the period, S&P revised the UK sovereign outlook to stable and upgraded Barclays Bank to A+. Moody's also revised the UK outlook to stable, Handelsbanken's outlook to negative, downgraded five local authorities, and affirmed HSBC's outlook at stable while upgrading its Baseline Credit Assessment.
- 17. In the final quarter of the financial year, Fitch revised the outlook on the UK sovereign rating to stable from negative based on their assessment that the risks to the UK's public finances had decreased since its previous review in October 2022, the time of the mini- budget.
- 18. Heightened market volatility is expected to remain a feature, at least in the near term and, credit default swap levels will be monitored for signs of ongoing credit stress. As ever, the institutions and durations on the Authority's counterparty list recommended by Arlingclose remain under constant review.

### 3. Local Context

19. As at 31 March 2024 the Authority has borrowings of £355m and investments of £42m. This is set out in further detail at

**Annex A.** Forecast changes in these sums are shown in the balance sheet analysis in **Table 1** below.

**Table 1: Balance Sheet Summary and Forecast** 

	31/03/23 Actual £m	31/03/24 Actual £m	31/03/25 Estimate £m	31/03/26 Estimate £m	31/03/27 Estimate £m
General Fund CFR	467	514	528	556	539
Less: Other long-term liabilities *	(19)	(18)	(17)	(17)	(15)
Loans CFR	448	496	511	539	524
Less: External borrowing **	(261)	(337)	(402)	(467)	(532)
Internal (over) borrowing	187	159	109	72	(8)
Less: Usable reserves	(165)	(134)	(128)	(123)	(117)
Less: Working capital	(64)	(80)	(75)	(73)	(71)
New borrowing (or Investments)	(42)	(55)	(94)	(124)	(196)

<sup>\*</sup> finance leases and PFI liabilities that form part of the Authority's debt

OFFICIAL 137 | Page

<sup>\*\*</sup> shows only loans to which the Authority is committed and excludes optional refinancing.

- 20. The underlying need to borrow for capital purposes is measured by the Capital Financing Requirement (CFR), while usable reserves and working capital are the underlying resources available for investment. The Authority's current strategy is to maintain borrowing and investments below their underlying levels, sometimes known as internal borrowing.
- 21. CIPFA's *Prudential Code for Capital Finance in Local Authorities* recommends that the Authority's total debt should be lower than its highest forecast CFR over the next three years. **Table 1** shows that the Authority expects to comply with this recommendation.
- 22. **Liability Benchmark:** To compare the Council's actual borrowing against an alternative strategy, a liability benchmark has been calculated showing the lowest risk level of borrowing. This assumes the same forecasts as table 1 above, but that cash and investment balances are

kept to a minimum level of £20m at each year-end to maintain a core strategic investment.

**Table 2: Liability Benchmark** 

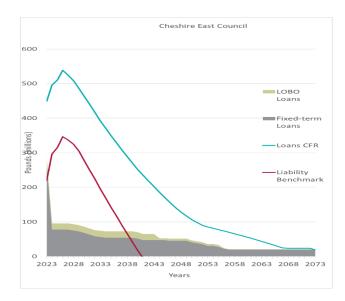
	31/03/23 Actual £m	31/03/24 Actual £m	31/03/25 Estimate £m	31/03/26 Estimate £m	31/03/27 Estimate £m
Loans CFR	448	496	511	539	524
Less: Usable reserves	(165)	(134)	(128)	(123)	(117)
Less: Working capital	(64)	(80)	(75)	(73)	(71)
Plus: Minimum investments	20	20	20	20	20
Liability Benchmark	239	302	328	362	356

minimum revenue provision on new capital expenditure based on a 25 year asset life and income, expenditure and reserves all increasing by inflation of 2.5% a year. This is shown in **Chart 1**.

**23.** Following on from the medium-term forecasts in table 2 above the long-term liability benchmark assumes

**Chart 1: Liability Benchmark Chart** 

OFFICIAL 138 | Page



### 4. Borrowing Strategy

24. CIPFA's 2021 Prudential Code is clear that local authorities must not borrow to invest primarily for financial return and that it is not prudent for local authorities to make any investment or spending decision that will increase the capital financing requirement, and so may lead to new borrowing, unless directly and primarily related to the functions of the Authority. PWLB loans are no longer available to local authorities planning to buy investment assets primarily for yield unless these loans are for refinancing purposes.

- 25. The Authority has not, and is not planning to borrow to invest primarily for commercial return and so is unaffected by the changes to the Prudential Code.
- 26. The Authority currently holds loans of £337m, an increase of £76m since 31 March 2023. The increase is primarily due to continued capital expenditure including use of grants received in advance and increasing Dedicated Schools Grant deficit.
- 27. The Authority's chief objective when borrowing has been to strike an appropriately low risk balance between securing low interest costs and achieving cost certainty over the period for which funds are required, with flexibility to renegotiate loans should the Authority's long term plans change being a secondary objective. The Authority's borrowing strategy continues to address the key issue of affordability without compromising the longer-term stability of the debt portfolio.
- 28. Interest rates have seen substantial risews over the last 2 years which has significantly increased the cost of borrowing. The expectation is that borrowing costs will start to fall later in 2024/25 and beyond.
- 29. The cost of short term borrowing from other local authorities has generally risen with Base Rate over the year. Interest rates peaked at around 7% towards the later part of March 2024 as many authorities required cash at the same time. These rates fell back to more normal market levels in April 2024. To avoid these

OFFICIAL 139 | Page

disproportionately high rates, a number of PWLB loans were taken in March 2024 totalling £100m. Of this £60m was borrowed for periods between 10 and 15 years at an average of 4.68%. This provides some surety of cost at lower than current short term rates. The remaining £40m was taken for 1.5 years at 5.33% with the expectation that it could then be refinanced at lower rates.

- 30. The application to Government for exceptional financial support, even though not used, has lead to the Authority being removed from some potential lenders counterparty lists which did restrict availability of funds in March and may restrict future borrowing opportunities.
- 31. The cost of short term borrowing in 2023/24 was 4.82% (up from 1.66% in 2022/23). The average rate paid on all borrowing was 4.74%
- Option Borrower's Option) loans where the lender has the option to propose an increase in the interest rate at set dates, following which the Authority has the option to either accept the new rate or to repay the loan at no additional cost. All of these LOBOS had options during 2023/24. In an increasing interest rate environment, some LOBO providers have exercised their options but this has not been the case with our loans. Discussions with the provider indicates that they are unlikely to change their position.

### 5. Investment Strategy

- 33. The Authority holds invested funds, representing income received in advance of expenditure plus balances and reserves held. Due to the overriding need for short term borrowing, other than £20m invested strategically in managed funds, the investments are generally short term for liquidity purposes.
- 34. The CIPFA Code requires the Authority to invest its funds prudently, and to have regard to the security and liquidity of its investments before seeking the highest rate of return, or yield. The Authority's objective when investing money is to strike an appropriate balance between risk and return, minimising the risk of incurring losses from defaults and the risk of receiving unsuitably low investment income.
- 35. The maximum amount that can be invested with any one organisation is set in the Treasury Management Strategy Report. The maximum amount and duration of investments with any institution depends on the organisations credit rating, the type of investment and for banks and building societies, the security of the investment. Generally credit rated banks and building societies have been set at a maximum value of £6m for unsecured investments and £12m for secured investments. Any limits also apply to the banking group that each bank belongs to. Limits for each Money Market fund have been set at a maximum value of £12m per fund. All potential counterparties are kept

OFFICIAL 140 | Page

- under continual review by our treasury advisors and and advisory lower limits than those contained in the strategy are applied.
- 36. Treasury Management income for 2023/24 is £3,080,000 which is higher than the budgeted £860,000. Due to rising interest rates borrowing costs are also higher than budgeted at £13,870,000 compared to budget of £4,520,000.
  - The average daily investment balance including managed funds during 2023/24 is £59.2m
  - The average annualized interest rate received on in-house investments during 2023/24 is 5.06%
  - The average annualized interest rate received on the externally managed funds during 2023/24 is 5.51%
- 37. The Authority's total average interest rate on all investments in 2023/24 is 5.21%. This return is below our own performance target of 5.53% (average Base Rate during 2023/24 + 0.50%) which is due to keeping investments short term to avoid unnecessary borrowing and returns on strategic funds not being as significantly above cash rates as they had been in previous years. However we do compare favourably to the Sterling Over Night Interest Average (SONIA) rate.

#### **Table 3 – Interest Rate Comparison**

Comparator	Average Rate 2023/24	
Cheshire East	5.21%	
SONIA	4.96%	
Base Rate	5.03%	
Target Rate	5.53%	

- 38. As the Authority holds a large amount of reserves and working capital, £20m of this has been placed in strategic investments in order to benefit from higher income returns whilst spreading risk across different asset classes.
- 39. The investments are in five different funds which are all designed to give an annual income return between 4% and 5% but which have different underlying levels of volatility. By spreading investments across different types of fund, the intention is to dampen any large fluctuations in the underlying value of the investments.

Table 4 –Strategic Investments

Fund Manager	Asset Class	Invested	31/03/24 Value
		£m	£m
CCLA	Property	7.5	7.2
Aegon	Multi Asset	5.0	4.6
Fidelity	Equity - Global	4.0	4.3
Schroders	Equity - UK	2.5	2.3

OFFICIAL 141 | Page

Fund Manager	Asset Class	Invested £m	31/03/24 Value £m
M & G	Bonds	1.0	0.9
TOTAL		20.0	19.3

40. The value of these investments does vary and has risen by £0.3m from last year. During 2023/24 the valuation of all funds has continued to be affected by higher inflation, and global economic uncertainties. All funds continue to deliver good levels of income return which although were not significantly higher than cash investments in 2023/24 are expected to remain at this level as interest rates on cash deposits fall in 2024/25 and beyond.

Chart 2 - Current Investments by Counterparty Type

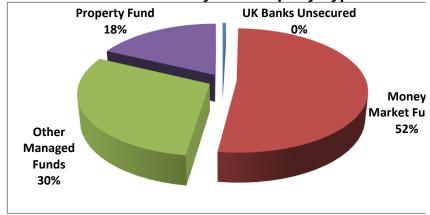


Table 5 – Types of Investments and Interest Rates at 31 March 2024

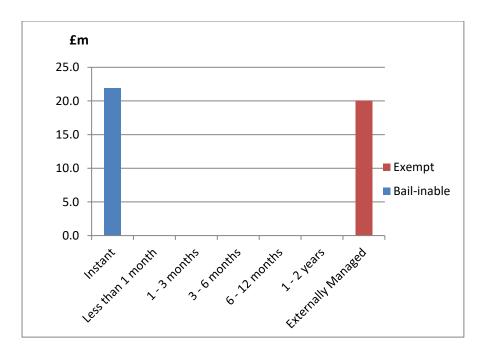
Instant Access Accounts	Average Rate %	£m
Money Market Funds	5.28	21.7
Bank Call Accounts	5.14	0.2

Externally Managed Funds		£m
Total – see table 4	5.51	20.0

Summary of Current Investments	£m
TOTAL	41.9

**Chart 3 – Maturity Profile of Investments** 

OFFICIAL 142 | Page



Note: Bail-inable means that in the event of default the counterparty may be required to use part of the investments as their own capital in which case the Council would not get back as much as they invested. This would apply with most bank and Building Society investments.

## **6. Treasury Management Indicators**

41. The Authority measures and manages its exposures to treasury management risks using the following indicators.

- 42. **Interest Rate Exposures**: This indicator is set to control the Authority's exposure to interest rate risk. The upper limit on the one-year revenue impact of a 1% rise in interest rates is:
- 43. The impact of a change in interest rates is calculated on the assumption that maturing loans and investments will be replaced at current rates. Rates have increased during 2023/24 but some of this was anticipated when setting the budget and Treasury Management Strategy for 2023/24. Borrowing rates were 0.82% higher than budgeted. The impact shown below is higher than the upper limit due to increased levels of borrowing.

Interest Rate Risk Indicator	Limit
Upper limit on one-year revenue impact of a 1% <u>rise</u> in interest rates	£740,000
Actual impact in 2023/24 of changes in interest rates compared to budget	£1,290,000

44. **Maturity Structure of Borrowing:** This indicator is set to control the Authority's exposure to refinancing risk. Lower limits have been set at 0%. The upper limits on the maturity structure of borrowing and the actual maturity profiles as at 31 March 2024 are:

OFFICIAL 143 | Page

Refinancing rate risk indicator	Upper Limit	Actual
Under 12 months	70%	47%
12 months and within 24 months	75%	15%
24 months and within 5 years	75%	6%
5 years and within 10 years	75%	15%
10 years and within 20 years	100%	8%
20 years and above	100%	9%

- 45. Time periods start on the first day of each financial year. The maturity date of borrowing is the earliest date on which the lender can demand repayment.
- 46. **Principal Sums Invested for Periods Longer than 364 days:** The purpose of this indicator is to control the Authority's exposure to the risk of incurring losses by seeking early repayment of its investments. The limits on the total principal sum invested to final maturities beyond the period end will be:

Limit on principal invested beyond year end	£25m	£15m	£10m
Actual amounts committed beyond year end	£0m	£0m	£0m

Price Risk Indicator	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
----------------------	---------	---------	---------

OFFICIAL 144 | Page

# **Annex A: Existing Investment & Debt Portfolio Position**

	31/03/24	31/03/24
	Actual Portfolio	Average Rate for the year
	£m	%
External Borrowing:		
PWLB – Fixed Rate	160	4.55%
Local Authorities	157	4.81%
LOBO Loans	17	4.63%
Other	3	5.03%
Total External Borrowing	337	4.74%
Other Long Term Liabilities:		
PFI	18	-
Total Gross External Debt	355	-
Investments:		
Managed in-house		
Short-term investments:		
Instant Access	22	5.06%
Managed externally		

OFFICIAL 145 | Page

Property Fund	7.5	5.05%
Multi Asset Fund	5	5.84%
Equity - Global	4	5.62%
Equity - UK	2.5	6.68%
Bonds	1	3.92%
Total Investments	42	5.21%
Net Debt	313	-

OFFICIAL 146 | Page

# **Appendix 7b:** Investment Strategy

## 1. Purpose

- 1.1 The purpose of the Investment Strategy is to:
  - set out the Council's approach to managing investments
  - establish financial limits for various classifications of investment
  - recognise the role and responsibilities of the Finance Sub-Committee and its position as the main conduit through which investment opportunities should be considered
- 1.2 The definition of an **investment** covers all the financial assets of a local authority as well as other non-financial assets that the organisation holds primarily or partially to generate a profit; for example, investment property portfolios. This may therefore include investments that are not managed as part of normal treasury management processes or under treasury management delegations.
- 1.3 The Council has a Capital Strategy (prepared in line with the requirements of the Prudential Code); and a Treasury Management Strategy (prepared in line with the requirements of the Treasury Management Code) relevant disclosures are made within each document.
- 1.4 Consequently, this Investment Strategy is part of a suite of related documents and focuses predominantly on matters

not covered by the Capital Strategy and Treasury Management Strategy.

#### **Statutory Background**

- 1.5 On 2 February 2018 the Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities (DLUHC) (formerly MHCLG) published updated statutory guidance on capital finance, in respect of Local Government investments and the minimum revenue provision. The guidance may be found at:
  - https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/
- 1.6 The guidance was issued to reflect concerns raised by government over patterns of local authority behaviour particularly with respect to the exponential increase in borrowing to invest in commercial properties and other investments where a return was a primary aim. There was concern that local authorities were being exposed to high levels of financial risk through borrowing and investment decisions and that could have a detrimental impact on services if investments did not perform as expected. The requirement to produce this annual Investment Strategy, to be approved by Full Council, was an attempt to recognise this and ensure that Members have sufficient expertise to understand the complex transactions that they have ultimate responsibility for approving.
- 1.7 Further changes came with government effectively prohibiting the future purchase of commercial assets primarily for generating yield. Where there are any plans to acquire assets primarily for yield, irrespective of the source of financing for that particular asset, then the Public Works Loan Board (PWLB) will not advance any lending to the Authority. It is clear therefore that yield should be an

- incidental, rather than the principal factor, in any future decision to acquire an investment asset.
- 1.8 In December 2021 CIPFA issued a revised Prudential Code which placed further limitations on the ability of Local Authorities to borrow and invest.
- 1.9 The new Code incorporated updated and revised content in respect of Authorities not borrowing more than or in advance of their needs purely to profit from the investment of the extra sums borrowed. It strengthened previous guidance that authorities "must not borrow to invest primarily for financial return". This included any form of borrowing whether it be public or private sector. In addition, it included proportionality as an objective in the Prudential Code; and further provisions were included so that an Authority considered an assessment of risk to levels of resources.
- 1.10 The code is clear to make the distinction between the normal activities that a Council should undertake and those which will expose it to greater risk and uncertainty. Three investment categories have been recognised and they are reflected in this Authority's definition and presentation of investment information.
- 1.11 It has been the need to diversify and grow revenue income sources to meet growing service pressures and the availability of cheap borrowings that has fuelled the growth in local authority investments. The significant challenges of the last three years has seen the investment decisions of several local authorities come under scrutiny along with

- some high-profile failures and indebtedness and risky investment strategies have been contributory factors. These have vindicated the regulators cautionary approach and reinforced to stakeholders that investments come with risk and real consequences when they go wrong.
- 1.12 More than ever Members need to ensure that they are fully informed and capable of making decisions on investments particularly in areas that are far removed from normal Council activities and area of expertise.

#### Introduction

- 1.13 The Authority invests its money for three broad purposes, and these are reflected in the revised Prudential Code:
  - because it has surplus cash as a result of its day-to-day activities, for example when income is received in advance of expenditure (known as treasury management investments),
  - to support local public services by lending to or buying shares in other organisations (service investments), and
  - to earn investment income (known as **commercial investments** where this is the main purpose).
- 1.14 Often there may be a crossover of purposes for investments within the Authority. Whilst a return may be a by-product of an investment this is rarely the overriding reason for making or retaining an investment. It will normally be linked to other long term strategic or regeneration factors.

1.15 This Investment Strategy meets the requirements of the statutory guidance issued by DLUHC in February 2018 and focuses on the second and third of the above categories.

#### 2. Investment Indicators

- 1.16 The Authority has set the following quantitative indicators to allow elected Members and the public to assess the Authority's total risk exposure arising from its investment decisions.
- 1.17 **Total risk exposure:** The first indicator shows the Authority's total exposure to potential investment losses. This includes amounts the Authority is contractually committed to lend but have yet to be drawn down and guarantees the Authority has issued over third party loans.

Table 1: Total investment exposure in £'000

Total investment exposure	31/03/23 Actual	31/03/24 Actual	31/03/25 Forecast
Treasury management investments	52,300	41,900	40,000
Service investments: Loans	16,728	26,742	26,668
Service investments: Shares	4,460	4,460	4,460
Commercial investments: Property	24,537	22,295	22,295
Commercial Investments: Loans	3,776	3,491	3,147
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	101,801	98,888	96,570
Commitments to lend	6,097	6,013	6,013
TOTAL EXPOSURE	107,898	104,901	102,583

- 1.18 The Council has total investments exposure estimated at £105m by March 2024 (£63m excluding treasury management), of which £22.3m relates to property investment backed by physical assets with an income stream and alternative use. Other investments are loans for economic development purposes; whilst in the past we could have said that they were not a material element of our budgeting for interest income within the MTFS, the current position the Authority finds itself in means that they are becoming more material. No new investments have been brought forward in recent years
- 1.19 **How investments are funded:** Currently the Authority's investments are largely funded by usable reserves and income received in advance of expenditure. Prudential borrowing is being used in limited circumstances and performance is closely monitored.

Table 2: Investments funded by borrowing in £'000

Investments funded by borrowing	31/03/24 Actual	31/03/25 Forecast	31/03/26 Forecast
Treasury management investments	0	0	0
Service investments: Loans	0	0	0
Service investments: Shares	0	0	0
Commercial investments: Property	20,089	19,353	18,602
Commercial Investments: Loans	3,776	3,491	3,491
TOTAL FUNDED BY BORROWING	23,865	22,844	22,093

1.20 Rate of return received: In part this indicator shows, for Treasury Management and Commercial Property investments, the investment income received less the associated costs, including the cost of borrowing where appropriate, as a proportion of the sum initially invested. Note that due to the nature of the local government accounting framework, not all recorded gains and losses affect the revenue account in the year they are incurred.

Table 3: Investment rate of return (net of all costs)

Investments net rate of return	2022/23 Actual	2023/24 Actual	2024/25 Forecast
Treasury management investments	2.96%	5.21%	5.30%
Service investments: Loans	-6.52%	-0.03%	0.09%
Service investments: Shares	NIL*	NIL*	NIL*
Commercial investments: Property	3.16%	3.20%	3.20%
Commercial Investments: Loans	3.16%	3.13%	3.13%

- 1.21 The return for Service Investments: Loans is not a true return but is instead based largely on the % fluctuation in the underlying value of the new assets within the Life Science Fund. As such they do not reflect actual cashflows. In addition, there are a number of non-interest bearing loans.
- 1.22 Historically we have shown the % movement in the carrying value of our shareholding in Alderley Park Holdings Limited as a return within the category Service Investments: Shares. However, this is not a real return or cashflow. Typically, a return on a share would be based upon the dividend yield and there have been no dividends paid. Therefore, this is now being shown as Nil. There has been an downward revaluation of property assets at Alderley Park which has impacted the underlying asset value that we show in Table 5 below. We will continue to monitor, but the underlying asset value remains more than the Authority paid for the shares.

- 1.23 The major assets included within Commercial Investments: Properties, representing over 90% of the value in that classification, are two commercial retail sites. Whilst we are seeing downward fluctuations year-on-year given the pressures on 'bricks and mortar retail', the Council will only experience an impact on its Revenue Account if a site becomes vacant for a prolonged period or is subject to a (lower) rent review.
- 1.24 From the perspective of the Council one of the tenants affected is a home improvements retailer and the second is a national supermarket retailer. Both tenants have thus far weathered the local economic effects of the past four years though we have experienced further reductions in asset value in the last two financial years, particularly on one of the sites. As the lease term reduces this may continue until the lease is renewed.
- 1.25 Much of the investment returns for Commercial Investments relates to rent on these two assets. Rental income on both has held up during the year. Overall returns are affected by the need to offset prudential borrowing costs against the income. This has the effect of reducing the rate of return. If we were to calculate the return before allowing for these costs the rate would be 7.7%. The impact of the cancellation of HS2 is difficult to gauge but we continue to monitor for signs that valuations are impacted by that decision rather than the reducing years left on the lease. However, as this is the major income bearing category of investment more attention needs to be diverted to ensure that

- occupancy and income are maximised and secured for the long term.
- 1.26 The Commercial investments: Loans are at the expected level of return given the rates in place when they were established.

## 3. Treasury Management Investments

- 1.27 The Authority typically receives its income, such as taxes and grants, before it pays for expenditure such as through payroll and invoices. It also holds reserves for future expenditure and collects local taxes on behalf of Central Government. These activities, plus the timing of borrowing decisions, can lead to a cash surplus which is invested in accordance with guidance from the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy.
- 1.28 The Constitution of the Authority delegates the power to manage and make Treasury Management Investments to the Section 151 Officer via the Treasury Management Strategy.
- 1.29 **Contribution:** The contribution that these investments make to the objectives of the Authority is to support effective treasury management activities.
- 1.30 **Further details:** Full details of the Authority's policies and plans for 2023/24 for treasury management investments are covered in the separate Treasury Management Strategy (**Appendix 7a**).

### 4. Service Investments: Loans

1.31 **Contribution:** The Council lends money to other organisations to support local public services and stimulate economic growth. These are shown below in

- Table 4. No new loans were issued in the year though there were movements on existing loans.
- 1.32 The Council has participated in a European Regional Development Fund project and has received £20m in grant funding which has been provided to Cheshire and Warrington Development Partnership in the form of a loan to allow development lending across the sub region. This was led by Cheshire & Warrington Local Enterprise Partnership, and its successor organisation. It is non-interest bearing for the Council.
- 1.33 Interest bearing loans have been provided to Everybody Health & Leisure Trust (Everybody) for the purpose of investing in new equipment, with the aim of increasing the usage of leisure facilities and improving the health of residents. These are included within the Local Charities category.
- 1.34 In March 2013, Astra Zeneca announced it was relocating its R&D function from Alderley Park to Cambridge. To retain the expertise in the region and to stimulate local economic growth the Council has invested in Alderley Park Holdings Ltd by way of equity investment and interest free loan. The loan was an integral component of the 10% equity stake and therefore needs to be viewed in conjunction with the equity investment.
- 1.35 In addition, the Council has invested £5 in the Greater Manchester & Cheshire Life Science Fund, a high risk venture capital fund investing in a range of life science

businesses. Partners in the Fund include the Greater Manchester Combined Authority, Cheshire & Warrington Local Enterprise Partnership (and its successor) and Alderley Park Holdings Ltd. The Fund has a regional focus and seeks to target companies looking to re-locate a material part of their business within the Greater Manchester and Cheshire & Warrington areas, which includes Alderley Park where the Fund is based.

- 1.36 The loan does not attract an interest rate and returns are dependent upon the success of individual investments made by the Fund. The GM Life Science Fund is "revalued" on an annual basis based upon the net asset valuation of the Fund and this can lead to short term fluctuations in the notional returns of this loan category. It should be noted that whilst the investment in the Life Science Fund is high risk it is also long-term in nature, so year-by-year fluctuations are to be expected but gains or losses will only crystallise when funds are extracted. The initial round of investment has completed and whilst not every investment will generate a return there is optimism that overall, the Authority will recover its initial investment.
- 1.37 The Authority has decided against committing new funds to a follow up fund though it is noted that C&W LEP (and its successor) have committed to new investment.
- 1.38 Only the Everybody loans are interest bearing and are reflected in the "Local Charities" category. These are

- accrued at a rate of Bank of England base rate plus 4%.
- 1.39 Further loans are not currently envisaged.
- 1.40 **Security:** The main risk when making service loans is that the borrower will be unable to repay the principal lent and/or the interest due. In order to limit this risk, and ensure that total exposure to service loans remains proportionate to the size of the Authority, upper limits on the outstanding loans to each category of borrower have been set as per Table 4.

Table 4: Loans for service purposes in £'000

Category of borrower	31/03/23 Actual £000	31/03/24 Actual £000	31/03/24 Actual £000	31/03/24 Actual £000	2024/25 £000
		Balance owing	Loss allowance	Net figure in accounts	Approved Limit
Subsidiaries	0	0	0	0	2,000
Suppliers	23	24	1	23	500
Local businesses	16,377	26,531	61	26,470	30,000
Local charities	221	187	29	158	2,500
TOTAL	16,621	26,742	91	26,651	35,000

- 1.41 Accounting standards require the Authority to set aside loss allowances for loans, reflecting the likelihood of non-payment. The figures for loans in the Authority's Statement of Accounts are shown net of this loss allowance. The loss allowance figure does not necessarily reflect our anticipation or expectation that loans will need to be written down. Rather, the allowance represents a prudent accounting treatment required by CIPFA guidance. The Authority makes every reasonable effort to collect the full sum lent and has appropriate credit control arrangements in place to recover overdue repayments.
- 1.42 **Risk assessment:** The Authority assesses the risk of loss before entering into and whilst holding service loans. Each application for a loan requires completion

- of a business case. This is followed by a process of due diligence taking into account creditworthiness and financial standing and the Council's corporate objectives. External advisors are used where appropriate, dependent on materiality and scope of the loan arrangement. Each application is considered on a case by case basis.
- 1.43 As Accountable Body for the Cheshire & Warrington Local Enterprise Partnership and its successor, the Council is also contracting party to loans provided to organisations from the Growing Places Fund. This £12m Fund was established with Government grants and is "owned" by the Local Enterprise Partnership; consequently, these investments are not made using Cheshire East's resources and are not reflected in the table above, as regards investments made, or affecting upper limits of lending.

### 5. Service Investments: Shares

- 1.44 **Contribution:** The Council invests in the shares of its subsidiaries and local businesses to support local public services and stimulate local economic growth.
- 1.45 As noted above, the Authority has invested in Alderley Park Holdings Limited to maintain and stimulate this key strategic site within the borough. Cheshire East is a 10% shareholder in Alderley Park and has invested in the development of the site along with Bruntwood (51% shareholder) and Manchester Science Partnerships (39% shareholder).

- 1.46 This should be seen as a long-term strategic investment. There have been no dividend returns and any changes in % returns have been based upon the change in value of our share of the underlying assets which will fluctuate as the site continues its transition from a single user to a multiuser campus. The internal valuation of our stake has fallen in the year (i.e., a reduction in net asset value), following a rise last year which was preceded by several years of falls. This highlights the fluctuating nature of this valuation. However, the following observations should be noted:
- 1.47 The valuation (see Table 5) remains greater than the purchase price and the underlying assets at Alderley Park remain strong, with a pipeline of future investments in place. We expect valuations to improve in the future. That said, the organisation behind it as a major private sector developer with multiple Science Parks in its portfolio who will direct investment to those sites with the highest potential smoothest path to development.
- 1.48 The movement in value largely arises from accounting transactions/ re-valuations. A gain or loss to the Council's Revenue and Capital Receipts accounts would only crystallise in the event of divesting our equity stake. As it is a long-term strategic asset there is ample time for the sector to grow.
- 1.49 The Council also has shares in its subsidiary, wholly owned companies. However, they are of nominal value,

- and the share values are not considered material in the context of this Investment Strategy.
- 1.50 **Security:** One of the risks of investing in shares is that they fall in value, meaning that the initial outlay may not be recovered. To limit this risk, upper limits on the sum invested in each category of shares have been set.

Table 5: Shares held for service purposes in £'000

Category of company	31/03/23 actual	31/03/24 actual	31/03/24 actual	31/03/24 forecast	2024/25
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
	Value in accounts	Amounts invested	Total Gains/ (Losses)	Value in accounts	Approved Limit (at cost)
Local businesses	4,460	1,070	2,200	3,270	10,000
TOTAL	4,460	1,070	2,200	3,270	10,000

1.51 **Risk assessment:** The Authority assesses the risk of loss before entering into and whilst holding shares by: assessing the proposition, taking into consideration the market (the nature and level of competition, how the market/ customer needs will evolve over time, barriers to entry and exit and any ongoing investment requirements); using external advisors, where specialist knowledge/ intelligence is required in each case; and being part of the entities' governance arrangements, having a seat on the Board, and receiving and analysing information on financial and operational performance against plan, and updated business plans, on a regular basis.

- 1.52 Liquidity: With regard to the existing equity stake in Alderley Park, it was deemed to be a long-term investment, supporting a business and site development plan through to at least 2025. As described above, regular monitoring and receipt of updated business plans will help to inform considerations with regards to the selling of shares; and it is important to note, as a minority shareholder in Alderley Park, that shares must first be offered to other shareholders in those private enterprises and consequently the prospects for disposing of shares should be seen as reasonable, as evidenced by the sale of shares in Manchester Science Partnerships in 2019. As ever, much would be determined by timing in the valuation cycle
- 1.53 In the hypothetical event of considering whether to make further Service Investments via shares, the Council would consider maximum investment periods on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration the prospects for funds being accessible when required (e.g. to repay borrowing; or for other capital financing purposes) by making an assessment of liquidity, given the nature of the proposed investment (e.g. the type of organization and/or the market in which it operates).
- 1.54 Non-specified Investments: Shares are the only investment type that the Authority has identified that meets the definition of a non-specified investment in the Government guidance. The limits above on share investments are therefore also the Authority's upper limits on non-specified investments. The Authority has

not adopted any procedures for determining further categories of non-specified investment since none are likely to meet the definition.

## **6. Commercial Investments: Property**

- 1.55 For the purpose of this Strategy, it should be noted that DLUHC defines property to be an investment if it is held primarily or partially to generate a profit. To comply with accounting classifications, the Authority includes several assets in Table 6 that might otherwise be excluded as they are not being held to primarily generate a yield or return.
- 1.56 Central government continues to express concern over the level of commercial investments held by local authorities and the risk that this presents if an authority becomes over exposed. Real world examples are now emerging where this eventuality has come to pass. Changes to the Prudential Code have reinforced opposition to investment in commercial property.
- 1.57 The government has effectively regulated against the purchase of commercial assets primarily for generating yield. Consequently, there have been no new commercial properties acquired in the year and any future investments will be aligned to normal Council service provision. Whilst this limits the Authority's ability to invest in commercial property for investment purposes, it is recognised that regeneration is a necessary factor which could result in legitimate purchases of such property. Careful attention will need

- to ensure that yield is an incidental factor in any future decision to invest in a commercial property investment.
- 1.58 **Contribution:** The Council invests in local commercial property and land, for a number of reasons. The intention of making a profit that will be spent on local public services is largely a by-product and is not the primary reason.
- 1.59 We have revisited the historic purchase costs of the assets included in the categories below. For those that were inherited by Cheshire East Council we have used the valuation at 2009/10. This is to allow for a simple calculation of yield. There is a comprehensive review of this classification taking place which may see additional properties included. They will be reflected in future versions of this annex.
- 1.60 The value of properties is updated annually. The most recent valuation is from March 2024 and reflect the period post COVID-19 and the impact of inflationary and interest rate rises. We are now seeing significant falls in valuation year on year in our main investment property category. Retail property is now valued at significantly less than purchase cost. Overall, the valuation of Commercial Investments: Property fell by 9% year on year (fall of 15% in 2023). The main driver for the fall is the reduced number of years remaining on an existing lease. This increases the risk of non-renewal thereby lowering the valuation. The downward trend is expected to continue in 2025 until a new tenancy agreement is agreed.

Table 6: Property held for investment purposes in £'000

Property	Actual	31/03/2	31/03/23 actual		24 actual
	Purchase cost	Gains or (losses) in-year	Value in accounts (includes gains/ (losses) to date	Gains or (losses)	Value in accounts
Industrial Units	1,492	(122)	1,618	122	1.740
Enterprise Centres	245	(15)	325	20	345
Retail	23,300	(3,887)	22,088	(2,358)	19,730
Office	240	(27)	506	(26)	480
Total	25,277	(4,051)	24,537	(2,242)	22,295

- 1.61 Security: In accordance with Government guidance, the Authority considers a property investment to be secure if its accounting valuation is at or higher than its purchase cost including taxes and transaction costs. At the present time one class of property is valued at less than the historic cost.
- 1.62 Where value in accounts is at or above purchase cost: The ideal scenario is that a fair value assessment of the Authority's investment property portfolio has been made within the past twelve months, and the underlying asset values provide security for capital investment.
- 1.63 Where value in accounts is below purchase cost: The fair value of the Authority's investment property

- portfolio is no longer sufficient to provide security against loss, and mitigating actions are required to protect the capital invested. These actions include annually reviewing the Commercial Properties portfolio; and where the fair value is below the original purchase price alternative actions are considered (e.g., changing the use of the asset to earn additional investment income; refurbishing the asset to make it more attractive to the market; or re-purposing the asset for use by the Council as an operational property where services to the public will be provided from). If no alternative service uses are considered viable it will be classed as surplus to requirements and steps will be taken to market the asset for sale to realise a capital receipt. However, it should be noted that these are not liquid assets. It would take time to process a disposal.
- 1.64 It is the Authority's view that the asset that has seen a significant reduction in value remains a strong, core asset in a prime location with scope to recover. The rental income received continues to fund borrowing costs and MRP provisions but further mitigations are required to arrest the fall in value. Any sale would necessitate a loss being crystallised as MRP would need to be accounted for and the loss of the income would have a material impact.
- 1.65 Risk assessment: The Authority assesses the risk of loss before acquiring and whilst holding property investments by:

- Before entering into any commercial property investment, the Authority assesses the local market conditions, by establishing the supply and demand of the need for a certain type of commercial property investment, what competition currently exists locally, nationally and globally dependent on the type of activity that will take place in the asset (for example retail units, industrial units or residential properties). These decisions are made alongside the expertise, knowledge and market evidence collected from our Economic Development Service.
- The Authority also ensures that when setting rental income on the assets a cost of use and sensitivity analysis is completed, to future proof the running and maintenance costs of the assets so that rents are set at a level where they are competitive in the local market but will also ensure that the income will provide that additional financial security.
- Whilst holding the commercial properties we continually review market prices, look out for changes in the market, and assess the competition.
- The Authority constantly monitors any changes in the political environments, locally, nationally and globally to assess any potential impact on the local rental markets.
- 1.66 Future investments would be considered in the first instance by the Section 151 Officer supported by other officers. Any final decision would be made by Council under the advice of the Finance Sub-Committee. Should any investments be identified then the Section

- 151 Officer can initiate steps to move funds into the main Capital Programme.
- 1.67 This Investment Strategy acknowledges that with the introduction of the committee system the role of the Finance Sub-Committee is the body that has the role to consider future investments and make recommendations to Council for ultimate approval of individual investments.
- 1.68 No new investments are currently anticipated.
  However, given that significant commercial retail property has been purchased more emphasis will need to be given towards the category of any future investment to ensure that the portfolio is diversified and not overly reliant upon a single sector or geographical location.
- 1.69 Liquidity: Compared with other investment types, property is relatively difficult to sell and convert to cash at short notice and can take a considerable period to sell in certain market conditions. To ensure that the invested funds can be accessed when they are needed, for example to repay capital borrowed, the Authority constantly monitors the use of all assets and where there is a market for a particular asset or asset type will look into realising the capital receipt on those assets if it outweighs the long-term benefits of holding the asset for a potential rental stream.

## 7. Commercial Investments: Loans

- 1.70 **Contribution:** The Authority has worked alongside Cheshire West and Chester Council and Warrington Borough Council to each provide the former Cheshire & Warrington Local Enterprise Partnership (LEP) and its successor with a £10m loan facility to be used to invest in economic development schemes across the Enterprise Zones in the sub-region. The existing Strategic Capital Projects budget has been utilised for this purpose.
- 1.71 The first loans totalling £8m in respect of Alderley Park were made in December 2020. The purpose is to stimulate economic development, and payback of the loans will be achieved from business rates retained by the LEP under Enterprise Zone regulations. One loan was repaid in July 2022. Whilst the facility is still available there are no imminent plans to draw down further amounts.

Table 7: Loans for Commercial Purposes in £'000

Category of borrower	31/03/23 Actual	As at 31/03/24 Actual			2024/25
		Balance owing	Loss allowance	Net figure in accounts	Approved Limit
Partner Organisations	3,776	3,491	140	3,351	20,000
TOTAL	3,776	3,491	140	3,351	20,000

- 1.72 When considering making commercial investment loans, there will always be a Council policy-related objective (e.g., regeneration or economic development) in addition to the objective of financial benefit (yield) to the Council's Revenue Account (i.e., interest received) being greater than the costs to the Revenue Account (e.g. debt financing).
- 1.73 In considering commercial loan investment opportunities, the Council will adopt a prudent approach, with two underlying objectives:
  - Security protecting the capital sum invested from loss
  - Liquidity ensuring the funds invested are available when needed
- 1.74 **Risk assessment:** The Authority assesses the risk of loss before entering into commercial loans with a thorough due diligence process by: assessing the proposition, taking into consideration the market (the nature and level of competition, how the market/ customer needs will evolve over time, barriers to entry and exit and any ongoing investment requirements); using external advisors, where specialist knowledge/ intelligence is required in each case; and receiving and analysing information on financial and operational performance against plan, and updated business plans, on a regular basis.

1.75 Each loan application is considered on a case by case basis and requires a detailed business case. No further loans are currently envisaged.

# 8. Loan Commitments and Financial Guarantees

- 1.76 As Accountable Body for the former Cheshire & Warrington Local Enterprise Partnership and its successor, the Council is acting as Entrusted Entity to a £20m European Regional Development Fund supported 'Evergreen' Development Fund, which has issued loans to third parties. The Council, as contracting party, provides guarantees in respect of the amounts provided through ERDF.
- 1.77 The Fund is designed to provide loan finance to specific projects across Cheshire and will not generate a return for the Authority. The balances are included this year within Service Investments: Loans (see Table 4 above). The workings of the fund are subject to detailed scrutiny and are managed by a firm of experienced fund managers with a strong track record of providing loans that minimise the risk of default. The Council, as contracting party, will provide guarantees in respect of the amounts provided through ERDF though this will be offset by the professional indemnity insurance held by the fund manager.

## 9. Proportionality

- 1.78 A major concern for external governing bodies is the extent to which Authorities are dependent upon investment income to fund services. Proportionality forms a key component of the Prudential Code.
- 1.79 Historically, the Authority has not been materially dependent on return-generating investment activity to achieve a balanced revenue budget, in respect of Place Services. However, in the context of the current financial situation faced by the Authority and the sector, those returns will become an important factor in the ability to set a balanced budget. Whilst the proportion of the net revenue budget was consistently low and deemed immaterial this could change and should it fail to achieve the expected net return, the Authority's contingency plans for continuing to provide these services include effective budget management and tight cost control could become more difficult to achieve. Therefore, more emphasis needs to be placed on managing the portfolio and securing an income stream or reviewing exit strategies.

## 10. Borrowing in Advance of Need

1.80 Government guidance is that local authorities must not borrow more than, or in advance of their needs purely to profit from the investment of the extra sums borrowed. The Authority follows this guidance.

Investments are made to meet the strategic needs of the Authority, its residents and local businesses.

## 11. Capacity, Skills and Culture

- 1.81 Elected Members and Statutory Officers: Adequate steps are taken to ensure that those elected Members and statutory officers involved in the investment decision making process have appropriate capacity, skills and information to enable them to: 1. take informed decisions as to whether to enter into a specific investment; 2. to consider individual assessments in the context of the strategic objectives and risk profile of the local authority; and 3. to enable them to understand how the quantum of these decisions have changed the overall risk exposure of the local authority.
- 1.82 The Finance Sub-Committee comprises Members, supported by officers and where necessary, external advisors, provides oversight of the Investment Strategy and acts on recommendations from officers that consider opportunities to enhance the Revenue and Capital Budgets of the Council through strategic investments, whether that involves using capital/cash resources or borrowing and lending powers.
- 1.83 The Authority continues to identify best practice from across the sector and will incorporate this into the evolving Investment Strategy.
- 1.84 It is recognised that in order to support decision making there will be a need to engage external advisors from time to time. The Authority has appointed Arlingclose Ltd as treasury management advisors and receives specific advice on investment, debt and capital finance

- issues. Other consultants, such as property consultants, are engaged as required.
- 1.85 **Commercial deals:** Steps have been taken to ensure that those negotiating and reporting commercial deals are aware of the core principles of the prudential framework and of the regulatory regime within which local authorities operate. A team of officers from Place, Finance, Legal, and Procurement are responsible for ensuring that the framework is followed. Where appropriate staff are provided with additional training and up to date skills via CIPFA and other providers.
- 1.86 **Corporate governance:** Corporate governance arrangements have been put in place to ensure accountability, responsibility and authority for decision making on investment activities within the context of the Council's corporate values and Constitution.
- 1.87 The DLUHC requirement to produce an Investment Strategy, approved annually by Full Council is a key component of the corporate governance framework.

## 12. Glossary of Terms

**Investment** covers all of the financial assets of a local authority as well as other non-financial assets that the organisation holds primarily or partially to generate a profit; for example, investment property portfolios. This may therefore include investments that are not managed as part of normal treasury management processes or under treasury management delegations.

For the avoidance of doubt, the definition of an investment also covers loans made by a local authority to one of its wholly owned companies or associates, to a joint venture, or to a third party. The term does not include *pension funds* or *trust fund investments*, which are subject to separate regulatory regimes and therefore are not covered by this guidance.

A **credit rating agency** is one of the following three companies: Standard and Poor's, Moody's Investors Service Ltd and Fitch Ratings Ltd.

A **loan** is a written or oral agreement where a local authority temporarily transfers cash to a third party, joint venture, subsidiary or associate who promises to return it according to the terms of the agreement, normally with interest. This definition does not include a loan to another local authority, which is classified as a specified investment.

#### **Specified Investments**

An investment is a specified investment if all of the following apply:

- The investment is denominated in sterling and any payments or repayments in the respect of the investment are payable only in sterling
- The investment is not a long-term investment (the local authority has contractual right to repayment within 12 months, either because that is the expiry term of the investment or through a non-conditional option)
- The making of the investment is not defined as capital expenditure by virtue of Regulation 25(1)(d) of the Local Authorities (Capital Finance and Accounting) (England) Regulations 2003 [as amended]
- The investment is made with a body or in an investment scheme described as high quality; or with one of the following bodies:
  - i. The United Kingdom Government;

- ii. A local authority in England or Wales (as defined in section 23 of the 2003 Act) or a similar body in Scotland or Northern Ireland; or
- iii. A parish council or community council
- should define high credit quality (definition incorporates ratings provided by credit rating agencies)

The **Treasury Management Code** means the statutory code of practice issued by CIPFA: "Treasury Management in the Public Services: Code of Practice and Cross-Sectoral Guidance Notes, 2017 Edition".

The **Prudential Code** means the statutory code of practice, issued by CIPFA: "The Prudential Code for Capital Finance in Local Authorities, 2021 Edition".

The Capital Strategy is the strategy required by the updates to the Prudential Code and Treasury Management Code.

